

WETLAND AND WATER RESOURCE DELINEATION REPORT

Undeveloped 4.87-Acre (Approximate) Property Northwest of SR 7 and Underridge Road Conneaut, Ashtabula County, Ohio (Parcel ID 12-316-00-026-00)

Prepared For:

High Point Charitable Services, Inc. 424 E. Main Street LaGrange, Kentucky 40031 ATTN: Mr. Brian Thomas

October 7, 2022

Prepared by:

Prepared and reviewed by:

Cynthia a. Pasckhe

Alexander Kozak, WPIT Project Scientist

Alexander Kozak

Prepared by:

Melia DeJongh Staff Scientist Cynthia Paschke, M.Ed., Senior PWS Principal



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION1					
2.0	SITE	DESCRIPTION	1			
	2.1	Purpose	1			
3.0	METHODS1					
	3.1	Field Practices and Global Positioning System	2			
4.0	REVI	EW OF EXISTING DOCUMENTATION	3			
	4.1	National Wetlands Inventory Map	3			
	4.2	Topography and Drainage	3			
4.3 Soil Survey for Ashtabula County, Ohio						
4.4 Aerial Imagery						
5.0	5.0 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION					
	5.1	Findings of Field Investigation	4			
	5.2	Wetlands	4			
	5.3	Uplands	5			
	5.4 Streams and Other Waters					
6.0	CON	CLUSIONS	5			
7.0	DISCLAIMER 6					
8.0	LITE	RATURE CITED	7			
		TABLES				
		TABLES				
Table	1 : Da	ta Point Summary	4			
Table	2 : Su	mmary of Wetlands	5			
APPE	NIDIV	A: Figures				
AFFE	NDIX	Figure 1: Project Location Map				
		Figure 2: National Wetland Inventory Map				
		Figure 3: Topographical Map				
		Figure 4: Soil Survey Map				
		Figure 5: Aerial Imagery				
		Figure 6: Field Data Location Map				
APPE						
APPE	NDIX	C: Site Photographs				

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This wetland and water resource delineation report provides documentation regarding the habitat characteristics and the associated locations at a 4.87-acre Property located northwest of Ohio State Route 7 (SR 7) and Underridge Road, Conneaut, Ashtabula County, Ohio (herein referred to as the "Project Area"). The study and report were completed by Land Solutions, LLC (herein referred to as "Consultant") on behalf of High Point Charitable Services, Inc., herein referred to as the "Client". The data collected includes non-wetland areas, as well as wetlands, streams, and open water (pond) habitats. The following information outlines the review of the background and existing resource materials, existing site conditions, and results of the field investigation.

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

The Project Area is undeveloped and zoned for commercial land use in Conneaut City, Ashtabula County, Ohio. The majority of the Project Area consists of very dense herbaceous and shrub habitats as well as mixed-age forest. The Project Area is a corner lot adjacent to Love's Travel Stop to the north and surrounded by undeveloped land to the south and west. SR 7 is located along the eastern boundary of the Project Area, and Interstate 90 (I-90) is located to the north. A site location map is included in **Appendix A** as **Figure 1**.

2.1 Purpose

The purpose of this report is to present the results of a wetland and water resource delineation of areas considered "Waters of the United States (US)" or "Waters of the State of Ohio". Qualified wetland scientists conducted a site visit in order to determine if any wetland areas were present and to mark the boundaries. Additionally, any water resources such as streams or open water areas (ponds) were identified and located.

3.0 METHODS

The on-site routine criteria were utilized as outlined in the *U.S. Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual* (Environmental Laboratory 1987) in conjunction with the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region (Version 2.0) (April 2012). This approach recognizes the three parameters of vegetation, soils, and hydrology to identify and delineate wetlands. Data on soils, vegetation, and hydrology were collected on September 28, 2022, during an on-site investigation conducted by qualified wetland scientists. Additionally, any other water resource features such as streams and open water (pond) areas were identified.

Hydrology was considered present if a minimum of one (1) primary indicator or two (2) secondary indicators were identified. Indicators of wetland hydrology (saturated or inundated soils) along with signs of previous prolonged inundation in the upper 12 inches were measured from the ground surface. Consistent with the 1987 Manual and appropriate Regional Supplement, the primary and secondary indicators of hydrology during the growing season were also noted at each sampling location.

Dominant species were determined by visually estimating the percent cover of each species within a plot of an approximately 30-foot (ft) radius for trees, 15-ft radius for saplings/shrubs, 5-ft radius for herbs, and a 30-ft radius for woody vines. Species nomenclature and wetland indicator status follows that of the USACE *National Wetland Plant List* (November 2021). Hydrophytic species are those wetland plants with an indicator status of OBL (obligate wetland), FACW (facultative wetland), or FAC (facultative). Species listed as FACU (facultative upland) or UPL (upland) are more indicative of upland areas and generally do not occur in wetlands. All wetland and water resource habitats were classified according to definitions provided by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), and *Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States* (Cowardin et al. 1979).

Soils were examined by using a sharp-shooter shovel to excavate to a depth of approximately 12 to 20 inches or to refusal based on methods outlined in the National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils (1991). Soil colors were determined using a 2010 Munsell® Soil Color Chart and hydric soils were determined using the Hydric Soils Technical Manual Version 8.2 (2018) when soils were moist or wetted. Redoximorphic concentrations, the apparent accumulation of iron and manganese oxides within the soil profile were noted if observed. Redox depletions where Fe-Mn oxides have been stripped and consist of a low chroma of two (2) or less and a value of four (4) or higher were also noted if observed. These features are usually an indication of periodically, seasonally, or permanently saturated soil conditions (Vepraskas 2015). Indicators of hydric soils characteristics were based on the USDA textures. Hydric soils were considered present if one or more indicators were identified.

3.1 Field Practices and Global Positioning System

At each data point, data pertaining to vegetation, soils and hydrology were recorded on separate United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) wetland determination data forms. Data points were documented via photographs and marked in the field with flagging. If any data point met all three (3) criteria, the wetland was designated with a letter, and the boundaries were delineated using consecutively numbered flagging.

During the site visit, the upland or non-wetland data points, wetland/upland boundaries, and other features within the Project Area were geolocated using Trimble® Global Positioning System (GPS) Geo 7x receiver. GPS Pathfinder Office software was used to improve the accuracy of the collected positions via differential correction. Corrected files were obtained from a local dedicated base station. The acquired data taken with the GPS receiver and post-processed provides locations within sub-meter accuracy. AutoCAD software was used to prepare the field data mapping.

4.0 REVIEW OF BACKROUND RESOURCES AND EXISTING DOCUMENTATION

4.1 National Wetlands Inventory Map

A review of the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) map of Conneaut, Ohio indicates there are no wetlands or streams identified within the Project Area (**Appendix A, Figure 2**). Note that NWI maps were derived from aerial photo interpretation and are designed for general planning purposes only.

4.2 Topography and Drainage

The Project Area is comprised of a relatively flat topography that gently slopes from the southern portion to the northern portion. Review of the Conneaut, Ohio USGS 7.5-minute Topographic Quadrangle map and USGS Lidar Point Cloud data (2019) indicates that the existing topography on the site ranges between 732 to 752 feet in elevation above the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD). The portion of the USGS Topographic map showing the Project Area is included in **Appendix A** as **Figure 3**.

The majority of the surficial drainage on-site has no apparent surface water connections and is generally conveyed in a north/northwesterly direction via overland flow towards an off-site stream. This stream is an unnamed tributary of the West Branch of Conneaut Creek. Conneaut Creek drains 152 square miles of Crawford and Erie counties in Pennsylvania and Ashtabula County, Ohio. The Chautauqua-Conneaut watershed is designated with the 8-digit Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC-8) 04120101.

4.3 Soil Survey

The Soil Survey of Ashtabula County, Ohio (http://websoilSurvey.aspx) and Ashtabula County GIS indicate two (2) soils mapped within the Project Area: Hornell silt loam, 0 to 2% slopes (HoA) and Udorthents (Ud). The Ashtabula County GIS Map showing the soils is provided as **Appendix A**, **Figure 4**. HoA is considered a somewhat poorly drained soil, and Ud does not have a drainage class. Ashtabula County Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) designates HoA as non-hydric with hydric inclusions, and Ud is not designated. No water resources are indicated on the NRCS mapping.

4.4 Aerial Imagery

A review of aerial imagery from the Ohio Department of Administration (2012) and the Ashtabula County GIS (2020) shows that the Project Area has remained largely undeveloped since at least 1993. Aerial imagery prior to 1993 shows the Project Area was previously used for agriculture. A roadside ditch was created in the eastern and southeastern portion of the Project Area around 1993 and appears to have since become vegetated and have ponded water, indicating a potential wetland. The eastern portion appears to have been graded around 2004. There are no other wetlands or other water features visible from review of the aerial imagery within the Project Area. Aerial imagery from OSIP II is provided in **Appendix A** as **Figure 5**.

5.0 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The Project Area is located within the physiographic region of the Huron-Erie Lake Plains, Erie Lake Plain (Brockman 1998); and the Erie/Ontario Drift and Lake Plain, Erie Lake Plain Level IV Ecoregion (Woods et al. 1998). The field investigation was conducted on September 28, 2022. The weather at the time of the investigation was overcast and rainy with an average temperature of 57.5° Fahrenheit (F). There was a total of 5.82 inches of precipitation in the five days prior to the field visit.

The background resources largely did not show wetlands or water resources. However, there appears to be a vegetated ditch in the eastern portion, and the mapped soil type, HoA, is somewhat poorly drained and designated as non-hydric with hydric inclusions, a potential indicator of wetlands.

5.1 Findings of the Field Investigation

Six (6) data points (designated as "DP 1" to "DP 6") were collected within the Project Area. The Field Data Location Map depicting the surveyed data point location and photograph locations with directions is provided in **Appendix A**, **Figure 6**. The data points collected within the Project Area were recorded on a Wetland Determination Data Form provided in **Appendix B**. Site photographs are located in **Appendix C**. The following descriptions provide a summary of each data point, including the location and characteristics.

Table 1. Data Point Summary							
Data	Hydrology	Hydrophytic	Hydric Soils	Wetland	Photo		
Point		Vegetation		Designation	Numbers		
DP 1			X		1		
DP 2					2		
DP 3	X	X	X	Wetland A (PEM)	3		
DP 4					4		
DP 5			X		5		
DP 6	X	X	X	Wetland B (PEM)	6		

5.2 Wetlands

Two (2) data points met all three (3) criteria of a wetland and the characteristics are discussed below.

Wetland A

Wetland A was designated as Palustrine Emergent which is consistent with the Cowardin (1979) classification of PEM. Wetland A totals 1.98 acres in size on-site and is located at DP3 in the western and northwestern portions of the Project Area. The tree stratum and shrub stratum consist of no plants. The dominant herbaceous stratum consists of *Phragmites australis* (common reed). Positive primary hydrology indicators of high water table (A2) and saturation (A3) were present. The hydric soil indicator was met as a depleted matrix (F3).

Wetland B

Wetland B was designated as Palustrine Emergent which is consistent with the Cowardin (1979) classification of PEM. Wetland B totals 0.53 acres in size on-site and is located at DP6 in the eastern and southeastern portions of the Project Area. The tree stratum consists of no plants. The shrub stratum consists of *Viburnum dentatum* (southern arrowwood) and *Cornus amomum* (silky dogwood). The dominant herbaceous stratum consists of *Phragmites australis* (common reed). Positive primary hydrology indicators of surface water (A1), high water table (A2), saturation (A3), hydrogen sulfide odor (C1), and oxidized rhizospheres along living roots (C3) were all present. The hydric soil indicator was met as a loamy gleved matrix (F2) and depleted matrix (F3).

5.3 Uplands

Several portions of the Project Area exhibited upland characteristics. Two (2) data points lacked two of the criteria, and two (2) data points lacked all three criteria. Four (4) data points were considered non-wetlands. Note that DP 5 was collected in the previously graded area in the eastern portion of the Project Area.

5.4 Streams and Other Waters

No streams or other waters were observed within the Project Area.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

There were a total of two (2) wetlands identified within the Project Area. The data points and delineated boundary are shown on the Field Data Location Map (**Appendix A, Figure 6**). A summary of the wetland features and the preliminary jurisdictional status is provided in **Table 2**.

Table 2. Summary of Wetlands					
Wetland Designation	Туре	Jurisdictional Status	Size (Acres)		
Wetland A	PEM	Jurisdictional	1.98*		
Wetland B	PEM	Jurisdictional	0.53*		
		Total	2.51		

^{*}On-Site

Data on which this report is based are on file with the Consultant. The wetland resources may be regulated under federal or state jurisdiction. No filling or disturbance may occur in jurisdictional areas without verification by the USACE and obtaining a permit prior to activity. The USACE, Buffalo District should be contacted by either the Consultant or the Client before working in any wetlands.

Based on the findings of the field investigation, the Consultant presents the following recommendations for consideration at the Project Area.

- Submit a copy of this report to the USACE, Buffalo District to have the wetland boundaries and water resources verified and to determine jurisdiction of all of the features. It should be noted that wetlands and streams can be regulated by the federal or state agencies.
- 2) If the regulated features such as wetlands or streams cannot be avoided, submit and obtain a federal and/or state permit application prior to conducting any impacts.

7.0 DISCLAIMER

The terms "wetlands" and "waters of the United States" and "waters of the State of Ohio" as used in this report are the Consultant's interpretation of state and federal laws concerning wetlands and water resource identification.

The definition and delineation of wetlands on any specific site are subject to interpretation by various regulatory agencies. The Consultant has, to the best of its ability, accurately delineated any jurisdictional limits based on current regulations and the experience with the regulatory agencies. There is no guarantee that the regulatory agencies involved will agree with those limits. All jurisdictional boundaries are based on the accuracy of the GPS equipment that was used to collect the data.

All mention of regulations and laws are the Consultant's interpretation of state and federal regulations and/or laws and should not be taken as legal advice.

8.0 LITERATURE CITED

- Ashtabula County Geographical Information System. Viewed October 2022. https://parcelmap.ashtabulacounty.us/viewer/
- Brockman, CS. 1998. *Physiographic Regions of Ohio*. Department of Natural Resources. Division of Geologic Survey, Columbus, Ohio.
- Cowardin, L.M., V. Carter, F.C. Golet, and E.T. LaRoe. 1979. *Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States.* United States Department of Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, Biological Services Program FWS/OBS-79/31, 103 pp.
- Environmental Laboratory. 1987. *Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual*, Technical Report Y-87-1, U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, Mississippi 39180-0631.
- Munsell Color. 2010. Munsell Color Charts. Kollmorgen Corporation, Baltimore, MD.
- National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils. 1991. *Hydric Soils of the United States*. United States Department of Agriculture. Soil Conservation Service. Washington, DC
- Ohio Department of Administrative Services. 2012 OSIP II Imagery. Columbus, Ohio: Ohio Office of Information Technology, 2022.
- United States Army Corps of Engineers. 2012. Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region Version 2.0, ed. J.F. Berkowitz, J.S. Wakeley, R. W. Lichvar, C. V. Noble. ERDC/EL TR-12-9. Vicksburg, MS: U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center.
- United States Army Corps of Engineers. 2021. *National Wetland Plant List*, version 3.5 http://wetland-plants.usace.army.mil/ U.S. Army Corps of Engineer, Engineer Research and Development Center, Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Hanover, NH
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2018. Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States, Version 8.2. L.M. Vasilas, G.W. Hurt, and J.F. Berkowitz (eds.). USDA, NRCS, in cooperation with the National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils.
- United States Department of Agriculture: Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS). "List of Hydric Soils of Ashtabula County, Ohio." Viewed October 2022. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov
- United States Department of Agriculture: NRCS. *Web Soil Survey*. Viewed October 2022. http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/WebSoilSurvey.aspx.

- United States Department of Interior. 2022. *National Wetland Inventory Mapper. Conneaut, Ohio.*
- United States Geologic Survey. 2022. 7.5-Minute Topographic Map. Conneaut, Ohio Quadrangle.
- United States Geological Survey, 20220110, USGS Lidar Point Cloud OH_Statewide_Phase1_2019_B19 BN24920823: U.S. Geological Survey.
- United States Geological Survey, 20220110, USGS Lidar Point Cloud OH Statewide Phase1 2019 B19 BN24930823: U.S. Geological Survey.
- Vepraskas, M. J. 2015. *Redoximorphic Features for Identifying Aquic Conditions*. North Carolina Agricultural Research Service. North Carolina State University. Raleigh, North Carolina. Technical Bulletin 301. 12 pp.
- Woods A.J., Omernick JM, Brockman CS, Gerber TD, Hoster WD, and Azevedo SH. 1998. *Ecological Regions of Indiana and Ohio*. United States Geologic Survey, Denver, CO.

APPENDIX A

FIGURES



FIGURE 1 SITE LOCATION MAP HIGH POINT CHARITABLE SERVICES, INC. NW OF SR 7 & UNDERRIDGE RD., CONNEAUT, ASHTABULA COUNTY, OHIO

 Date:
 2022-10-07

 Scale:
 AS SHOWN

 Filename:
 22048

 Drawn by:
 SRB

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory



0 200 Scale 1"=200'

Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

Freshwater Pond

Lake

Other

_

Riverine



Land Solutions, LLC 34600 Chardon Road, Suite C Willoughby Hills, Ohio 44094 FIGURE 2
NATIONAL WETLANDS INVENTORY MAP
HIGH POINT CHARITABLE SERVICES, INC.
NW OF SR 7 & UNDERRIDGE RD., CONNEAUT, ASHTABULA COUNTY, OHIO

 Date:
 2022-10-07

 Scale:
 AS SHOWN

 Filename:
 22048

SRB





FIGURE 3 USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP HIGH POINT CHARITABLE SERVICES, INC. NW OF SR 7 & UNDERRIDGE RD., CONNEAUT, ASHTABULA COUNTY, OHIO

 Date:
 2022-10-07

 Scale:
 AS SHOWN

 Filename:
 22048

 Drawn by:
 SRB





FIGURE 4 NRCS SOIL SURVEY MAP HIGH POINT CHARITABLE SERVICES, INC.

Date: 2022-10-07
Scale: AS SHOWN

Drawn by: SRB

NW OF SR 7 & UNDERRIDGE RD., CONNEAUT, ASHTABULA COUNTY, OHIO



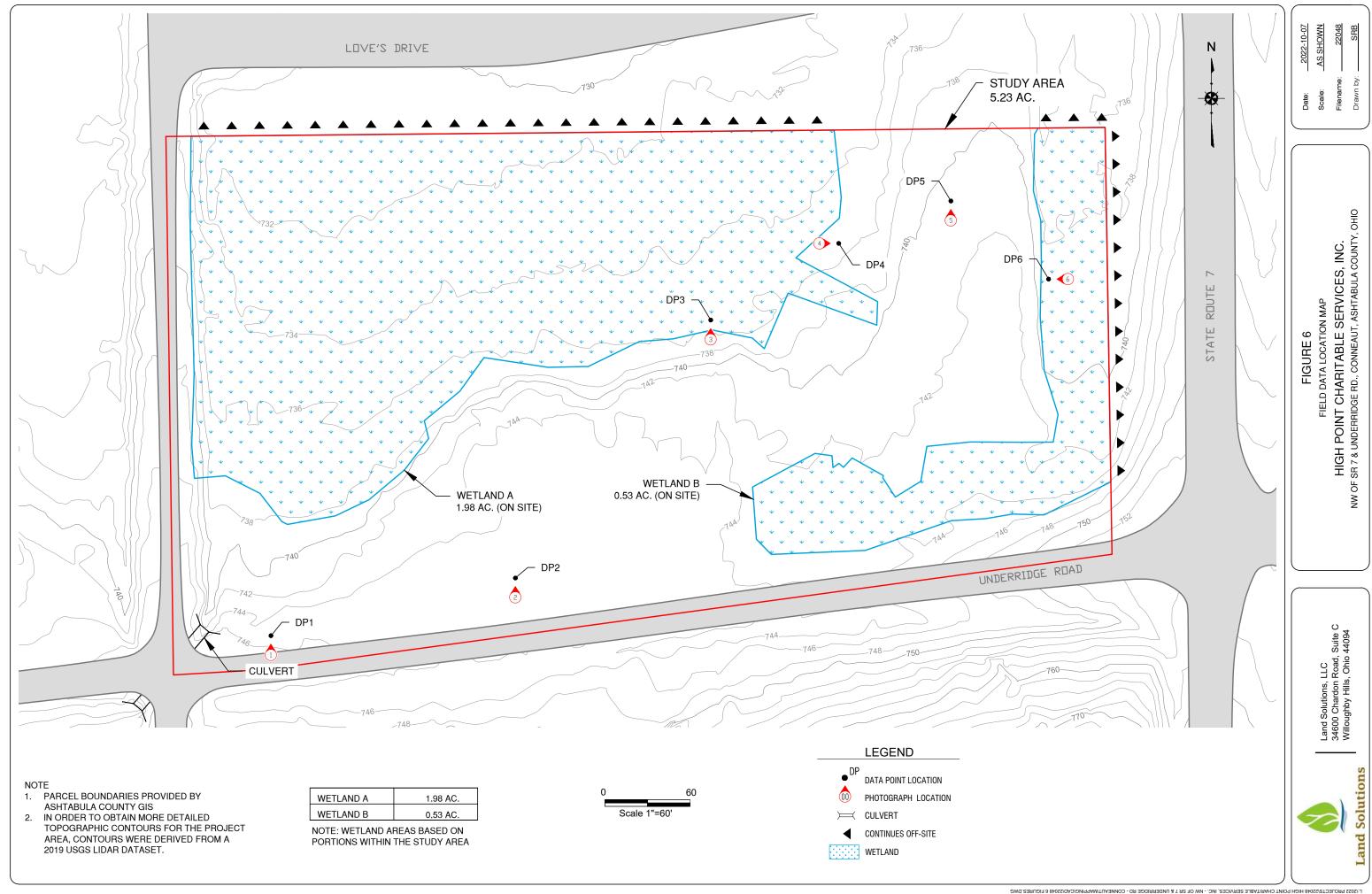


FIGURE 5 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH MAP (2012 - OSIP II) HIGH POINT CHARITABLE SERVICES, INC.

NW OF SR 7 & UNDERRIDGE RD., CONNEAUT, ASHTABULA COUNTY, OHIO

2022-10-07

SRB



APPENDIX B WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORMS

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: 22048 Conneaut City/County: Conneaut/Ashtabula Sampling Date: 2022-0					
		State: Ohio			
Investigator(s): Alexander Kozak; Melia DeJongh					
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Base Slope	Local relief (concave, co	onvex, none): None	Slope (%):		
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): R 139 Lat: 41.911993		ong: -80.5713989			
Soil Map Unit Name: HoA - Hornell silt loam, 0 to 2 percent	t slopes	NWI classificatio	n:		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of	f year? Yes No	(If no, explain in Rema	arks.)		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significar	ntly disturbed? Are	e "Normal Circumstances" prese	ent? Yes No		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally	problematic? (If r	needed, explain any answers in	ı Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showi	ng sampling point	locations, transects, in	nportant features, etc.		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No	Is the Sample				
Hydric Soil Present? Yes V	within a Wetla	and? Yes	No		
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No	If yes, optiona	l Wetland Site ID:			
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate re					
A non-wetland point located in an herbac	eous habitat ar	nd near the southwe	estern portion of		
the Project Area.			·		
the Project Area.					
HYDROLOGY					
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicators	(minimum of two required)		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that app	ly)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)			
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stain			Drainage Patterns (B10)		
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fau			Moss Trim Lines (B16)		
Saturation (A3) Marl Deposi			Dry-Season Water Table (C2)		
	Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows			
	nizospheres on Living Roo		e on Aerial Imagery (C9)		
	f Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stress			
	Reduction in Tilled Soils				
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck S		Shallow Aquitard			
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Expla	ain in Remarks)	Microtopographic			
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		FAC-Neutral Tes	t (D5)		
Field Observations:					
Surface Water Present? Yes No Pepth (inch					
Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inch					
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (includes capillary fringe)	nes): W	Vetland Hydrology Present?	Yes No		
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial ph	notos, previous inspection	ns), if available:			
Remarks:					
No positive indication of wetland hydrolog	gy was observe	ed.			

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of p	lants. Sa

/EGETATION – Use scientific names of plants	i .			Sampling Point: DP1
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r	Absolute		Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
1		Species?	Status	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A)
2				Total Number of Dominant
3			·	Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 50 (A/B)
5				That Are OBL, FACW, OF FAC.
6				Prevalence Index worksheet:
7				Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species 0 x 1 = 0
2 15 ft r		= Total Co	ver	OBL species $\frac{0}{3}$ $x = \frac{0}{6}$ FACW species $\frac{3}{3}$ $x = \frac{6}{6}$
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15 ft r)				FAC species 8 x3 = 24
1				FACU species 95
2				UPL species $0 x 5 = 0$
3	_		· ——	Column Totals: 106 (A) 410 (B)
4				Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.87
5				
6			·	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7			·	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
		= Total Co	ver	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 ft r _{1.} Reynoutria japonica	90	V	FACU	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2 Cirsium arvense	5		FACU	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)
=,			FACW	
3. Phragmites australis 4.			· ——	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6.				
7				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8		-		Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9				and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	98%	= Total Co	ver	height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)				
_{1.} Vitis riparia	8		FAC	
2				
•				Hydrophytic
3				Vegetation Present? Yes No
34				
	8%	= Total Co	ver	100 <u> </u>

SOIL Sampling Point: DP1

Profile Desc	cription: (Describe	to the de	pth needed to docui	nent the	indicator	or confirm	n the absence	of indicators.)
Depth	Matrix			x Feature				
(inches)	Color (moist)	<u> </u>	Color (moist)	<u>%</u>	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0 - 4	10YR 3/2	80	10YR 4/2	20	<u>C</u>	M	Sandy Clay Loam	B + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
4 - 18	10YR 4/2	100					Sandy Clay Loam	Potential fill
				<u> </u>				
		_						
				<u> </u>				
				-				
					_			
_								
-								
		oletion, RM	M=Reduced Matrix, M	S=Maske	d Sand Gr	ains.		n: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil			5 5.		(00) (1 -			for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol	(A1) pipedon (A2)		Polyvalue Belo MLRA 149B		e (S8) (LR	R R,		Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
Black H	stic (A3)		Thin Dark Surfa	, ace (S9) (3) 5 cm M	Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
	en Sulfide (A4) d Layers (A5)		Loamy Mucky I Loamy Gleyed			(, L)		Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) alue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)
	d Layers (A5) d Below Dark Surfac	ce (A11)	✓ Depleted Matrix		<u> </u>			Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
Thick Da	ark Surface (A12)	,	Redox Dark Su	rface (F6)			Iron-M	langanese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
-	Mucky Mineral (S1)		Depleted Dark					ont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)
-	Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5)		Redox Depressions (F8)					Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) arent Material (F21)
-	Matrix (S6)							Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
	rface (S7) (LRR R,	MLRA 149	B)					(Explain in Remarks)
³ Indicators o	f hydrophytic vegeta	ation and w	etland hydrology mus	st be pres	ent, unles	s disturbed	d or problemation	С.
Restrictive	Layer (if observed)	:						
Type:								
	ches):						Hydric Soil	Present? Yes V No No
Remarks:								
A positiv	e indication	of hyc	dric soil was c	bserv	ed.			

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: 22048 Conneaut	City/County: Conneaut/Ashtabula Sampling Date: 2022-09-28
	State: Ohio Sampling Point: DP2
Investigator(s): Alexander Kozak; Melia DeJongh	
	ocal relief (concave, convex, none): None Slope (%):
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): R 139 Lat: 41.912094	2 Long: -80.5707616 Datum: WGS 84
Soil Map Unit Name: HoA - Hornell silt loam, 0 to 2 percent s	Slopes NWI classification:
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of y	ear? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantl	y disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally p	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showin	g sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No	Is the Sampled Area
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	within a Wetland? Yes No
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate rep	
A non-wetland point located in an herbace	ous habitat and near the southwestern portion of
the Project Area. Potential former fill area	
HYDROLOGY	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained	
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna	
Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits	
Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulf	
	ospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Vis ble on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of R	
	eduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Su	
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain	
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:	
Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches	
Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inchest (includes capillary fringe)	
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial pho	tos, previous inspections), if available:
Remarks:	
No positive indication of wetland hydrolog	y was observed.

Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15 ft r)

Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 ft r)

1. Glechoma hederacea

2. Solidago canadensis

3. Phragmites australis

4. Toxicodendron radicans

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)

_{1.} Juglans nigra

1. Salix nigra

Absolute Dominant Indicator

% Cover Species? Status

10% = Total Cover

15% ___ = Total Cover

38% = Total Cover

____ = Total Cover

✓ FACU

__ FAC

15 **✔** OBL

_____10____

5

FACU

Remarks: ((Include photo	numbers here	or on a senar	ate sheet)

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r

The hydrophytic vegetation criterion has not been met.

SOIL Sampling Point: DP2

(inches)	Matrix			Features				
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	<u></u> %	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0 - 15	10YR 4/2	100					Silty Clay Loam	
-								
-								
-								
-								
¹Type: C=Co	oncentration, D=Dep	pletion, RM	l=Reduced Matrix, MS	=Masked S	and Grain	s.	² Location:	PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil I	Indicators:						Indicators	for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol			Polyvalue Below	/ Surface (S	8) (LRR R	.,		luck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)
Histic Ep	oipedon (A2)		MLRA 149B) Thin Dark Surfa	ce (S9) (I R I	RR MIR	Δ 149R)		Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) lucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
	n Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Mucky M					urface (S7) (LRR K, L)
Stratified	d Layers (A5)		Loamy Gleyed N				Polyval	ue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)
	d Below Dark Surfac	ce (A11)	Depleted Matrix					ark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
	ark Surface (A12) Mucky Mineral (S1)		Redox Dark Sur Depleted Dark S					anganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) ont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)
-	Gleyed Matrix (S4)		Redox Depressi					Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)
Sandy R	tedox (S5)							rent Material (F21)
	Matrix (S6)	MI DA 440	D)					hallow Dark Surface (TF12)
Dark Sui	rface (S7) (LRR R,	MLRA 149	В)				Otner (Explain in Remarks)
³ Indicators of	f hydrophytic vegeta	ation and w	etland hydrology mus	t be present	, unless di	sturbed	or problematic	
Restrictive I	_ayer (if observed)):						
Type:								_
Depth (inc	ches):						Hydric Soil	Present? Yes No
Remarks:							•	
No posit	ive indicatio	n of hy	dric soil was	observe	ed Ref	fusal	at 15 inch	nes from asphalt fill
600			uno con mac	0.000. 1		0.00.		.co c dopridit i

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: 22048 Conneaut	City/County: Conne	eaut/Ashtabula	Sampling Date: 2022-09-28		
		State: Ohio			
Investigator(s): Alexander Kozak; Melia DeJongh					
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Depression	Local relief (concave, co	onvex, none): Concave	Slope (%):		
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): R 139 Lat: 41.912			Datum: WGS 84		
Soil Map Unit Name: HoA - Hornell silt loam, 0 to 2 percentage					
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time	e of year? Yes No	(If no, explain in Re	emarks.)		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology signifi	icantly disturbed? Are	e "Normal Circumstances" p	resent? Yes No		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology natura					
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map sho	wing sampling point	locations, transects,	important features, etc.		
I hadanahadia Vanadalian Baranada — Van	Is the Sample	ed Area			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No No No No			No		
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No		al Wetland Site ID: Wetland			
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separati	, , ,	ii Welland Sile ID. Welland			
Wetland A, a PEM wetland, is located in		l northwestern no	rtions of the		
	Tille Western and	i northwestern po	rtions or the		
Project Area.					
HYDROLOGY					
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicat	ors (minimum of two required)		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that a	apply)	Surface Soil (Cracks (B6)		
	ained Leaves (B9)				
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic F			Moss Trim Lines (B16)		
Saturation (A3) Marl Dep	osits (B15)	Dry-Season V	Vater Table (C2)		
	n Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burro	ows (C8)		
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized	Rhizospheres on Living Ro	ots (C3) Saturation Vis	ble on Aerial Imagery (C9)		
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence	e of Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)				
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent II	cent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)				
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muc	n Muck Surface (C7) Shallow Aquitard (D3)				
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Ex	xplain in Remarks)	Microtopograp	ohic Relief (D4)		
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		FAC-Neutral	Test (D5)		
Field Observations:					
Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (i	nches):				
Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (i	nches): <u>5</u>				
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (i	nches): 0 v	Vetland Hydrology Present	? Yes <u>/</u> No		
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aeria	I photos previous inspection	ns) if available:			
Describe Necorded Data (Stream gauge, monitoring well, acid	priotos, previous inspection	no), ii avallabic.			
Remarks:					
A positive indication of wetland hydrological	av was ohserver	1			
Positive maleation of wettand hydroic	gy was observed	4.			

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of	plants.
---	---------

			Sampling Point: DP3
Absolute		t Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
			Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2 (A)
			Total Number of Dominant
			Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)
			Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100 (A/B)
	-		Prevalence Index worksheet:
	-		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	= Total Co	over	OBL species $\frac{0}{80}$ $x = \frac{0}{160}$
			FACW species $\frac{80}{10}$ $x_2 = \frac{160}{30}$
			1 AC species X 3 =
			UPL species 0 $x = 0$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
			(5)
			Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.21
			Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
	-		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	= Total Co	over	✓ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
			 ✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ✓ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
		- — —	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
5		FACU	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
			¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
			be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
			Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
			Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
			and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
			Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
			Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
85%	Total Co		height.
0070	= Total Ct	ivei	
10	.,	EAC	
		FAC	
			Hydrophytic Vegetation
			vegetation
10%	= Total Co		Present? Yes No No
	80 5	= Total Co	= Total Cover 80

SOIL Sampling Point: DP3

Depth (inches)	Matrix	%		dox Featur		Loc ²	T	Damadia
(inches) 0 - 18	Color (moist)	_ <u> </u>	Color (moist) 10YR 3/6	<u> </u>	<u>Type¹</u> C	_ <u>Loc</u> _ M	<u>Texture</u>	Remarks
0 - 16	10YR 2/1	_ 9/	1011 3/0			IVI	Clay Loam	
							·	
-								
					_			
							· <u> </u>	
-								
							·	
			-				·	<u> </u>
	oncentration, D=Dep	oletion, RN	1=Reduced Matrix,	MS=Mask	ed Sand G	Grains.		: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil					(00) (1.5			for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol	(A1) pipedon (A2)		Polyvalue Be MLRA 149		e (S8) (Li	RR R,		Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
	istic (A3)		Thin Dark Su	,	(LRR R, I	/ILRA 149E		flucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
	en Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Mucky			K , L)		urface (S7) (LRR K, L)
	d Layers (A5)	(0.4.4)	Loamy Gleye		- 2)			lue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)
	d Below Dark Surfac ark Surface (A12)	:e (А11)	✓ Depleted Mat Redox Dark S		6)			ark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) anganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
	Mucky Mineral (S1)		Depleted Dar					ont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)
	Gleyed Matrix (S4)		Redox Depre					Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)
	Redox (S5)							arent Material (F21)
	Matrix (S6)	MI DA 440	IP)					hallow Dark Surface (TF12)
Dark Su	rface (S7) (LRR R, I	VILKA 148	(D)				Other ((Explain in Remarks)
³ Indicators o	f hydrophytic vegeta	ation and w	etland hydrology m	ust be pre	sent, unle	ss disturbe	d or problematic	:.
Restrictive I	Layer (if observed)	į:						
Туре:								,
Depth (in	ches):						Hydric Soil	Present? Yes No
Remarks:							1	
A nositiv	e indication	of hyc	Iric soil was	ohser	ved			
, i poolii i	o maioanon	O. 1190	mo oon wao	0,000.	· ca.			

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: 22048 Conneaut	City/County: Coni	neaut/Ashtabula	Sampling Date: 2022-09-28			
		State: Ohio				
Investigator(s): Alexander Kozak; Melia DeJongh						
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Head Slope			Slope (%):			
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): R 139 Lat: 41.9127						
Soil Map Unit Name: HoA - Hornell silt loam, 0 to 2 perce						
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time						
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology signific						
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology natura		If needed, explain any answers				
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map sho	wing sampling poir	nt locations, transects,	important features, etc.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No	Is the Samp	oled Area	🗸			
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No		etland? Yes	_ No			
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No		nal Wetland Site ID:				
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate						
A non-wetland point located in an herba	aceous habitat a	and near the northe	eastern portion of			
the Project Area.						
LIVEROLOGY						
HYDROLOGY Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicat	ors (minimum of two required)			
Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required) Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Surface Soil Cracks (B6)						
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Drainage Patterns (B10)						
Surface Water (A1) Water-Str High Water Table (A2) Aquatic F	Moss Trim Lir					
Saturation (A3) Marl Dep		Dry-Season Water Table (C2)				
Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8)						
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Vis ble on Aerial Imagery (C9)						
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)						
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)						
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Shallow Aquitard (D3)						
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Microtopographic Relief (D4)						
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		FAC-Neutral 1	Test (D5)			
Field Observations:						
Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (ir						
Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (in						
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (ir (includes capillary fringe)	nches):	Wetland Hydrology Present	? Yes No			
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial	photos, previous inspect	ions), if available:				
Remarks:						
No positive indication of wetland hydrol	ogy was observ	/ed.				

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)	Absolute		t Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1 Juglans nigra	20	Species:	FACU	Number of Dominant Species
···				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A)
2				Total Number of Dominant
3				Species Across All Strata: 5 (B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A/B)
5				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
6				Prevalence Index worksheet:
7				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	20%	= Total Co	over	OBL species $\frac{0}{2}$ $\times 1 = \frac{0}{2}$
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15 ft r)				FACW species $\frac{0}{2}$ $x = \frac{0}{2}$
1. Lonicera tatarica	10	~	FACU	FAC species $\frac{0}{72}$ $\times 3 = \frac{0}{202}$
2				FACU species $\frac{73}{0}$ $x = \frac{292}{0}$
3				UPL species $\frac{0}{73}$ $x = \frac{0}{292}$ (B)
4				Column Totals: <u>73</u> (A) <u>292</u> (B)
5				Prevalence Index = B/A = 4.00
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7		_		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	400/	= Total Co	nvor.	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 ft r)		= Total CC)VEI	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
1. Solidago canadensis	15	/	FACU	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2. Reynoutria japonica	10		FACU	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
				rediction rydrophytic vegetation (Explain)
3. Rubus allegheniensis	_ 5	-	FACU	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
4. Glechoma hederacea	_ 3		FACU	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
7				at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9				and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	33%	= Total Co	over	height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)				
1. Vitis aestivalis	10	~	FACU	
2				
3				Undrankatia
				Hydrophytic Vegetation
4	400/	T-1-1-0-		Present? Yes No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate		= Total Co	over	
The hydrophytic vegetation criterion	n has no	ot beer	n met.	

Sampling Point: DP4

SOIL Sampling Point: DP4

Color (moist) 10YR 4/2	100	Color (moist)	<u>%</u>	Type ¹ Loc	Silty Clay Loam	Re	emarks
10YR 4/2					Silty Clay Loam		
			:				
						-	
	oletion, RM=	Reduced Matrix, MS	=Masked S	Sand Grains.			
		Debarelya Balay	Curtoso (20) /I DD D			•
• •			Surface (3	56) (LKK K ,			
stic (A3)		,	e (S9) (LF	R R, MLRA 1			
n Sulfide (A4)				(LRR K, L)			
	(8.4.4)						
	e (A11)						
)		-	
leyed Matrix (S4)				,			
edox (S5)							
					·		
face (S7) (LRR R,	MLRA 149B	3)			Other	(Explain in Remai	iks)
hydrophytic vegeta	ition and we	tland hydrology must	be presen	t, unless distu	rbed or problemati	C.	
		, 0,	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
ches):					Hydric Soi	Present? Yes	No
,							
	ŕ						
	ndicators: (A1) ipedon (A2) stic (A3) n Sulfide (A4) I Layers (A5) I Below Dark Surface Irk Surface (A12) Iucky Mineral (S1) Ileyed Matrix (S4) edox (S5) Matrix (S6) face (S7) (LRR R, Inches) hydrophytic vegetate Layer (if observed)	ndicators: (A1) ipedon (A2) stic (A3) n Sulfide (A4) I Layers (A5) I Below Dark Surface (A11) irk Surface (A12) lucky Mineral (S1) leyed Matrix (S4) edox (S5) Matrix (S6) face (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149E hydrophytic vegetation and we Layer (if observed):	ndicators: (A1)	Indicators: (A1)	MLRA 149B) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 1 n Sulfide (A4) Layers (A5) Below Dark Surface (A11) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Loyed Matrix (S4) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Leyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Matrix (S6) Matrix (S6) Face (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturance (IF1) MLRA 149B) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 1 Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Redox Depressions (F8) Matrix (S6) Face (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturance (IF1) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Depressions (F8) Matrix (S6) Face (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)	Indicators: (A1)	Indicators: (A1)

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: 22048 Conneaut	City/County: Conneaut/As	htabula	Sampling Date: 2022-09-28		
	_ , , ,		. •		
Investigator(s): Alexander Kozak; Melia DeJongh					
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Low Hill			Slope (%):		
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): R 139 Lat: 41.912805			Datum: WGS 84		
II.d. II.d. add. a	Eorig				
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of					
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significan					
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally	problematic? (If needed,	explain any answe	rs in Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing	ng sampling point location	ons, transects	, important features, etc.		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No	Is the Sampled Area				
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	-	Yes	No <u> </u>		
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No	If yes, optional Wetlan	d Site ID:			
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate re					
A non-wetland point located in an herbac	eous habitat and nea	ar the north	eastern portion of		
•			custom portion of		
the Project Area.					
HYDROLOGY					
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indica	tors (minimum of two required)		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Surface Soil Cracks (B6)					
Surface Water (A1) Water-Staine	ed Leaves (B9)	Drainage Pat	tterns (B10)		
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Faul	Moss Trim Lines (B16)				
Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)					
Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8)					
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Vis ble on Aerial Imagery (C9)					
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)					
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)					
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck S	, ,	Shallow Aqui	` '		
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Microtopographic Relief (D4)					
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations:		FAC-Neutral	Test (D5)		
Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inch	oc).				
Water Table Present? Yes V No Depth (inch					
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inch	,	Hydrology Presen	t? Yes No <u> </u>		
(includes capillary fringe)					
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial ph	otos, previous inspections), if ava	ailable:			
Remarks:					
Only one secondary indicator was presen	to therefore the wet	land hydrol	nay criterion has		
	t, therefore, the wet		bgy criterion has		
not been met.					

	VEGETATION –	Use	scientific	names	of	plants.
--	---------------------	-----	------------	-------	----	---------

EGETATION – Use scientific names of plants				Sampling Point: DP5
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)	Absolute	Dominant Species?		Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2 (A)
2.				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)
3 4				Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species
5.				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 50 (A/B)
5				Prevalence Index worksheet:
7				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
		= Total Co	ver	OBL species $\frac{0}{20}$ $\times 1 = \frac{0}{40}$
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15 ft r)				FACW species $\frac{20}{10}$ $x = \frac{40}{30}$
1. Cornus amomum			FACW	1 AC species
2. Fraxinus americana			FACU	FACU species $\frac{26}{4}$ $x = \frac{104}{20}$ UPL species $\frac{26}{4}$ $x = \frac{104}{20}$
3. Crataegus crus-galli	_ <u>5</u>		FAC	Column Totals: 60 (A) 194 (B)
1. Malus coronaria	_ 4		UPL	Prevalence Index = B/A = $\frac{3.23}{}$
5				
5				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	26%	= Total Co	ver	2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 ft r)	45			4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
Solidago canadensis	_ <u>15</u>		FACU	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
Cornus amomum	_ <u>10</u>		FACW	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
3. Viburnum dentatum	_ <u>5</u>		FAC	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
4. Symphyotrichum pilosum			FACU	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
5 7				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diamete at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
3.				
3				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	34%	= Total Co	ver	height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)				
1				
2	_			
	_			Hydrophytic
3				Vegetation Present? Yes No
3 4				Present? Tes No
		= Total Co		resent? tes no

SOIL Sampling Point: DP5

Profile Desc	ription: (Describe	to the de	pth needed to docu	ment the	indicator	or confirm	m the absence of indicators.)	
Depth	Matrix			x Feature	es			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture Remarks	
0 - 4	10YR 4/2	98	10YR 4/6	2	<u>C</u>	M	Clay Loam	_
4 - 18	10YR 5/2	80	10YR 6/1	10	D	<u>M</u>	Clay	
4 - 18			10YR 4/6	10	<u>C</u>	M	Clay	_
								_
						<u> </u>	. 	_
		_					· —— · ——	
						<u> </u>	. 	_
						<u> </u>	. 	_
							· ———	_
							·	
		oletion, RN	M=Reduced Matrix, M	S=Maske	d Sand G	rains.	² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.	
Hydric Soil I			Polyvalue Belo	w Surface	\ (S9) (I D	D D	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)	
	oipedon (A2)		MLRA 149B		(30) (LK	K K,	Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)	
Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R))
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L)								
	Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)						<pre> Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)</pre>	
	Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6)						Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, F	₹)
	Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7)						Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149	
-	Bleyed Matrix (S4)		Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149	B)				
Sandy Redox (S5) Red Parent Material (F21)								
Stripped Matrix (S6) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks)								
³ Indicators of	f hydrophytic vegeta	ation and w	vetland hydrology mus	st be pres	ent, unles	s disturbed	d or problematic.	
	Layer (if observed)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,			
Туре:								
	ches):						Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	
Remarks:								
A positiv	e indication	of hyd	dric soil was c	bserv	ed.			

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: 22048 Conneaut	City/C	county: Conneaut/Ashtabula	Sampling Date: 2022-09-28		
Applicant/Owner: High Point Charitable		•	Ohio Sampling Point: DP6		
Investigator(s): Alexander Kozak; Melia			· -		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Ditch					
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): R 139	Lat: 41.9126502	Long: -80.56936	Datum: WGS 84		
Soil Map Unit Name: Ud - Udorthents			T classification:		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site			` `		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydro					
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydro	ology naturally problema	atic? (If needed, explain ar	ny answers in Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attack	h site map showing sam	pling point locations, tra	nsects, important features, etc.		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes	es No	Is the Sampled Area			
	es / No		es <u>/</u> No		
Wetland Hydrology Present?		If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:	Wetland B		
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures h		, ,			
Wetland B, a PEM wetland,	is located in the eas	stern and southeaste	rn portions of the Project		
	is located in the eat	otern and southeaste	in portions of the Project		
Area.					
HYDROLOGY					
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Seconda	ary Indicators (minimum of two required)		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Surface Soil Cracks (B6)					
✓ Surface Water (A1)		Drainage Patterns (B10)			
High Water Table (A2)	Mos	Moss Trim Lines (B16)			
Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)					
Water Marks (B1)					
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Vis ble on Aerial Imagery (C9)					
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)					
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)					
Iron Deposits (B5)					
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (C-Neutral Test (D5)		
Field Observations:	,	_			
Surface Water Present? Yes	No Depth (inches): .5				
	No Depth (inches): 6				
	No Depth (inches): 0	Wetland Hydrolog	y Present? Yes No		
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:					
33.,	3 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	7,			
Remarks:					
A positive indication of wet	land hydrology was	observed.			

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of pl	lants.
--	--------

EGETATION – Use scientific names of plants				Sampling Point: DP6
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?		Dominance Test worksheet:
l				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3 (A)
2. 3.				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B)
l				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100 (A/B)
5 5				
7.				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
		= Total Co		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15 ft r		. 0.0 00		FACW species 85 x 2 = 170
Viburnum dentatum	10	~	FAC	FAC species 10 x 3 = 30
Cornus amomum		~	FACW	FACU species $0 \times 4 = 0$
3.				UPL species $0 \times 5 = 0$
i				Column Totals: <u>95</u> (A) <u>200</u> (B)
5				Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.11
5				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
· ·	450/	= Total Co		✓ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 ft r)		= Total Co	vei	✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
Phragmites australis	80		FACW	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2.				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
3.				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
4 5				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5.				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
7.				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
3 9.				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12.				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
		= Total Co	ver	height.
Noody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)				
i				
2.				
				Hydrophytic
3				Vegetation
				Present? Yes Vo
3 4		= Total Co	ver	Present? Yes No

SOIL Sampling Point: DP6

Profile Desc	ription: (Describe	to the de	pth needed to docui	ment the	indicator	or confirm	m the absence of indicators.)
Depth	Matrix		Redox Features				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture Remarks
0 - 6	N 5/	93	10YR 5/6	7	<u>C</u>	M	Clay
6 - 18	2.5Y 5/1	90	10YR 6/4	10	<u>C</u>	M	Clay
				_			
-							
			-	-	-		
		-	-	-	-		
							·
			-		-		
					-		
1 - 0 0							2
Hydric Soil		pletion, RIV	/I=Reduced Matrix, M	S=IVIaske	d Sand Gi	ains.	² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol	(A1)		Polyvalue Belo	w Surface	e (S8) (LR	R R,	2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)
	oipedon (A2)		MLRA 149B	,	. DD D M	L D A 440D	Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
Black Hi Hydroge	en Sulfide (A4)		Thin Dark Surfa				5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L)
Stratified	d Layers (A5)		✓ Loamy Gleyed	Matrix (F2		, ,	Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)
	d Below Dark Surfac	e (A11)	<u>✓</u> Depleted Matrix				Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
	ark Surface (A12)		Redox Dark Su				Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 1498)
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8)						Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B	
Sandy Redox (S5)							Red Parent Material (F21)
	Matrix (S6)						Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
Dark Su	rface (S7) (LRR R, I	MLRA 149	9B)				Other (Explain in Remarks)
			vetland hydrology mus	st be pres	ent, unles	s disturbed	d or problematic.
	Layer (if observed)	:					
Type:	ahaa):						Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>✓</u> No
Remarks:	ches):						Tryane con resent. Tes No
		. .		l			
A positiv	e indication	or nyc	dric soil was c	bserv	ea.		

APPENDIX C SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



Photograph 1

View facing north showing the herbaceous habitat at non-wetland data point DP1, located in the southwestern portion of the Project Area.



Photograph 2

View facing north showing the herbaceous habitat at non-wetland data point DP2, located in the southern portion of the Project Area.



Photograph 3

View facing north showing the emergent habitat of Wetland A at data point DP3, located in the central portion of the Project Area.



Photograph 4

View facing east showing the herbaceous habitat at non-wetland data point DP4, located in the northeastern portion of the Project Area.



Photograph 5

View facing north showing the herbaceous habitat at non-wetland data point DP5, located in the northeastern portion of the Project Area.



Photograph 6

View facing west showing the emergent habitat of Wetland B at data point DP6, located in the eastern portion of the Project Area.