7.5.8.3. B-1 Site Development Regulations.

Each development site in the B-1 Neighborhood Business District shall be subject to the following site development regulations in addition to any other applicable regulations under the provisions of this Land Use Regulations Ordinance or any other laws of the City, state or federal government. The Planning Director may grant exceptions to the following standards pursuant to section 4.3.5.

EXPAND

10,000 Square feet
40,000 Square feet
800 Square feet (1)
15,000 Square feet
100'(2)
25' or Required depth of greenbelt, whichever g
15' or Required depth of greenbelt, whichever g
20'
5' or
0'
35'
75%

- (1) Minimum building size may be reduced subject to issuance of a Special Use Permit.
- (2) Minimum lot depth and width may be reduced by the Planning Commission through the subdivision process provided the minimum lot area and setbacks can be met.

7.5.8.4. Parking and Landscaping Requirements.

Parking and landscaping requirements for this district shall be in accordance with the provisions of <u>Article 9</u> of this Land Use Regulations Ordinance and any additional requirements as specified in the special district criteria below or Special Use Criteria as provided in <u>Article 8</u>.

7.5.8.5. Special B-1 Neighborhood Business District Criteria.

1.

Access. B-1 districts shall be located with frontage on major arterial or collector streets or on local streets in locations that do not require travel through existing or proposed residential districts to access the B-1 district.

2.

Special Requirements Adjacent to Residential Districts.

When a non-residential use abuts a lot or parcel in a R-1, R-1X, R-2, R-3 or MH district, hereinafter, "residentially zoned lot or parcel", the following provisions shall apply:

a.

Outdoor speakers for drive-through goods or services shall not face a residentially zoned lot or parcel located within 150 feet of the speaker unless the speaker is screened by a solid masonry wall measuring at least twelve (12) feet long by eight (8) feet tall and located within twelve (12) feet of the speaker.

b.

Other outdoor speakers are prohibited within 150 feet of a residentially zoned lot or parcel.

c.

Dumpsters shall be screened on all sides facing residentially zoned property in accordance with section 9.2.5.8 and shall not be located within thirty (30) feet of a residentially zoned lot or parcel.

d.

All outdoor lighting must be in accordance with section 8.1.10 Supplemental Regulations for Outdoor Lighting.

e.

Outside Storage or Display. There shall be no display or storage of goods outside of the principal structure or any permitted accessory structures on the site.

3.

Applicability.

a.

Design Guidelines shall apply to the new building construction, exterior renovations and modifications that require a building permit.

b.

Provisions for Non-Conforming buildings are in accordance with section 4.2.4 of the CLURO.

c.

Prior to preparing design plans for any development, the applicant shall schedule a pre-application meeting with the Planning Director or designee to discuss the procedure for approval of design drawings and the development of properties within the B-1 Neighborhood Business District.

d.

Architectural Review shall be performed by the City's design consultants, which shall be designated by the Mayor, and which shall make recommendations to the Building Inspector prior to permits being issued.

4.

Building Design Elements.

a.

Compatibility with the environment. Buildings shall exhibit the ability to provide protection from rain, sun, and high humidity.

b.

Entrances. Each principle building shall have a clearly defined, inviting, highly visible customer entrance enhanced with distinguishing features such as canopies, galleries, and porticos.

c.

Facades of buildings visible to the public shall maintain the same standard of design as the front facade, including:

(1)

Screening of utilities, equipment, and building services.

(2)

Continuation of building design elements such as the quality of materials, galleries, cornices, and treatment of openings.

(3)

Disruption of horizontal planes with vertical elements is required. This may include significant interruption by change in plane, material, opening, or design element, such as a tower or gable.

d.

Disciplined visible structural vocabulary must be maintained. Arcades, galleries, and roofs shall not appear to levitate in space, but shall have a visible means of support with columns and/or brackets. No overhangs in excess of 3' allowed without a visible means of support. Rafter tails are encouraged on smaller overhangs.

e.

Consistent design vocabulary for multiple structures on one property will be employed. A unifying design element such as material, color, or form should be used for all structures.

f.

No building with an industrial appearance is allowed, such as a pre-engineered metal building with metal siding and devoid of historic context.

g.

Service bays shall be oriented away from the principal street or screened.

h.

Smaller buildings should reflect the design of the historic styles, and larger buildings should be divided into smaller elements in order to incorporate historic design context.

i.

Buildings should maintain classic proportions. For example, smaller columns should be placed closer together for a more vertical proportion, and as the structure becomes more horizontal in scale the supports (columns) should have additional mass.

j.

Fascia of buildings not to exceed 16" in depth, including gutters; except for fascias used as a unifying element for multi-tenant buildings and for placement of signage for tenants. No backlit fascia. For purposes of this ordinance, fascia is defined as the horizontal plane just below the roof or coping and above the wall and/or supports.

k.

Mansard roofs used in conjunction with canopies, covered walkways and entries shall have a roof-like slope not greater than 12:12 or less than 4:12. Building should have substance - design should include

base, intermediate and cap. Changes in materials should have a clear line of demarcation either by offset, reveal, or border.

١.

Shadows shall be considered as a design element.

5.

Materials. Materials shall be reviewed for compliance with historic context. The following materials have historic context:

a.

Walls, Wood, Brick, Cement Plaster (stucco).

b.

Roofing: Wood shakes, Slate/tile, Rigid Shingles with Ridge Tiles, Metal (Corrugated, V-crimp, and Standing Seam).

6.

Color. Colors shall be reviewed for compliance with historic context.

a.

Facade colors shall be low reflective and subtle. The use of primary, high intensity or metallic color is prohibited outside of the sign face.

b.

Any activity that involves changing color or refreshing color shall require a permit and shall be reviewed by the City's Design Consultants, who shall advise the Planning Director.

c.

Accurate color drawings with a list of paint numbers and elevations of every building will be required to be submitted prior to any modification.

7.

Canopies.

a.

Free (or semi-free) standing canopies, such as those used as shelters for pump islands in gas stations and porte cocheres, shall be of similar style and materials as the building. Canopies are not considered the principle structure.

b.

Unless site conditions preclude, canopies shall be attached to and made an integral part of the main building.

c.

Canopies shall have columns, beams, or brackets of sufficient scale give a visible means of support.

d.

Clearance under canopies shall not exceed 16', and cantilevered overhangs shall not exceed 15 feet.

e.

Task lighting shall be utilized to reduce light spillage. Intense general lighting under canopies is not allowed.

f.

Fascia - refer to building design elements.

g.

Disrupt long horizontal planes with vertical elements.