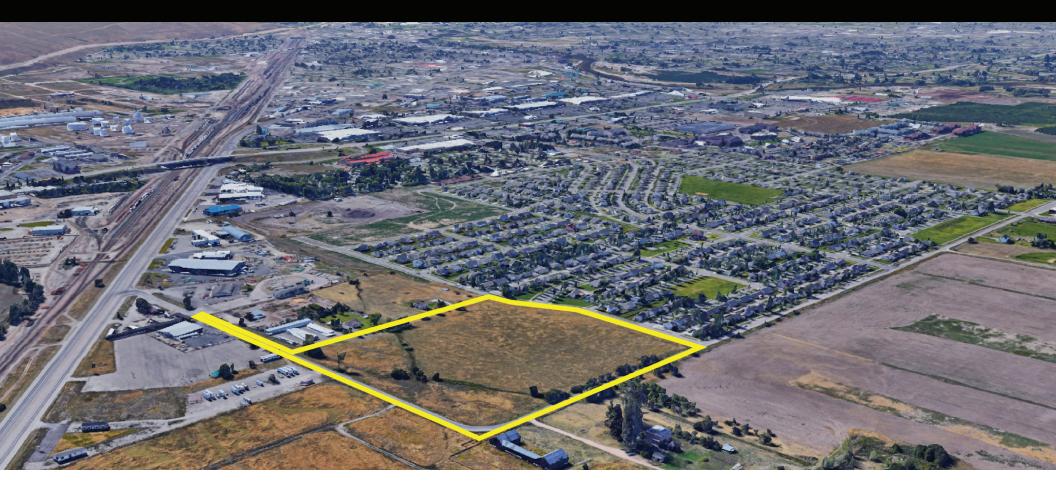
Mixed-Use Development Property

ALLOWS HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL - 18.1 ACRES



Tract C · Flynn Lane Missoula, MT Offered at \$6,557,000

Katie C. Ward REAL ESTATE

OFFERING MEMORANDUM



Tract C · Flynn Lane Missoula, Montana

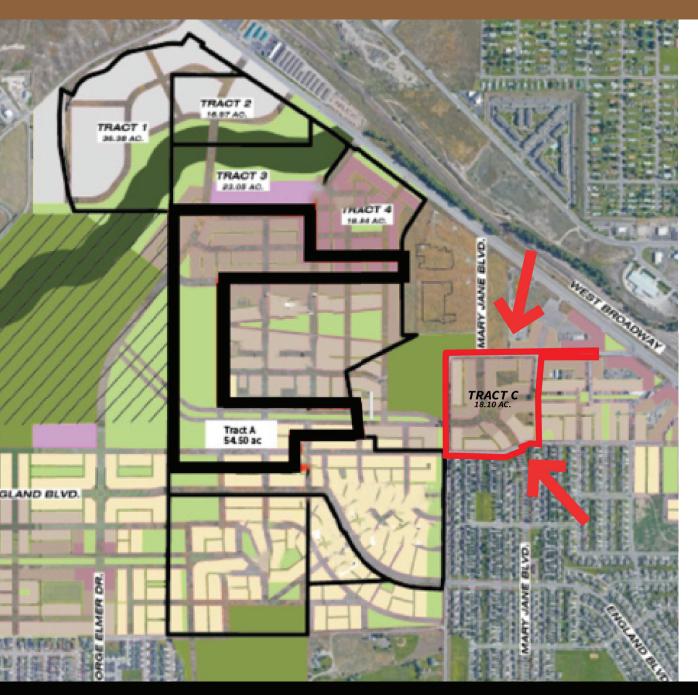
Presented By



Katie L. Ward Commercial Real Estate Broker (406) 596-4000 katie@katieward.com



TRANSECT ZONE MAP



LEGEND



See supporting docs pages 3-3, 3-40 & 3-41 of Form-Based Code Division 3: Transect Standards & Permitted Uses.

Katie C. Ward

Tract C · Flynn Lane · Missoula, Montana

PROPERTY OVERVIEW

Hard to find high density residential (12-36 units per ac) development property. Form Based Code Town Center designation allows mixed use, high density residential. Transect standards T4-R and T4-O, City water through property, city sewer extremely close, newly constructed Mary Jane Blvd through property connecting to traffic light. Net acreage approximately 16.49 ac. Uses include senior living, town houses, apartments, and commercial.

Land is in Missoula County and can be simultaneously annexed and zoned to Form Based Code during your subdivision process. Irrigation rights are not included.

PROPERTY DETAILS

GEOCODE:	04-2200-07-3-01-09-0000
ZONING:	MULTI-FAMILY / FCB-TWN CTR
LEGAL DESCRIPTION:	S07, T13 N, R19 W, C.O.S. 6850, ACRES 18.11, TRACT C
LOT SIZE:	18.10 acres
TAX ID:	3866108
PROPERTY TAXES:	\$3,661.79
SEWER:	Public Sewer Available
WATER:	Public
UTILITIES:	Cable Available, Electricity Available, Natural Gas
	Available, Internet Available.

Corners Marked, Level & Open Lot



High visibility & Easy Access to:5 minutes to Missoula Airport10 minutes to Downtown Missoula10 minutes to Saint Patrick Hospital



Brand new collector street "Mary Jane Boulevard" with traffic light on Broadway & round-about on Mullan¹ servicing property

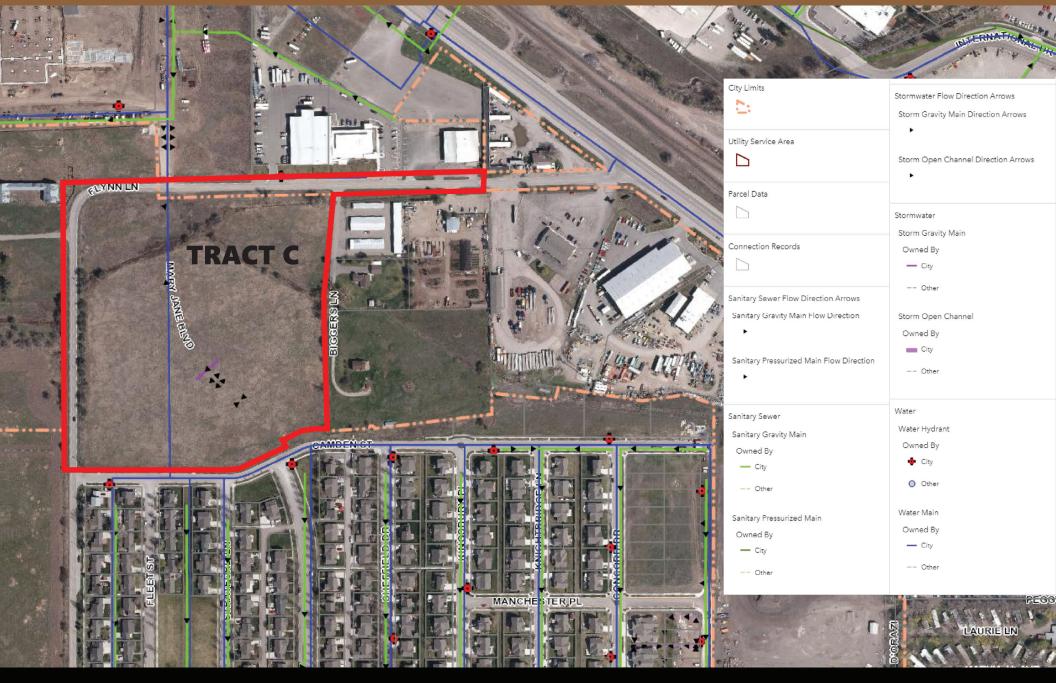


Part of the historical Dougherty Ranch land





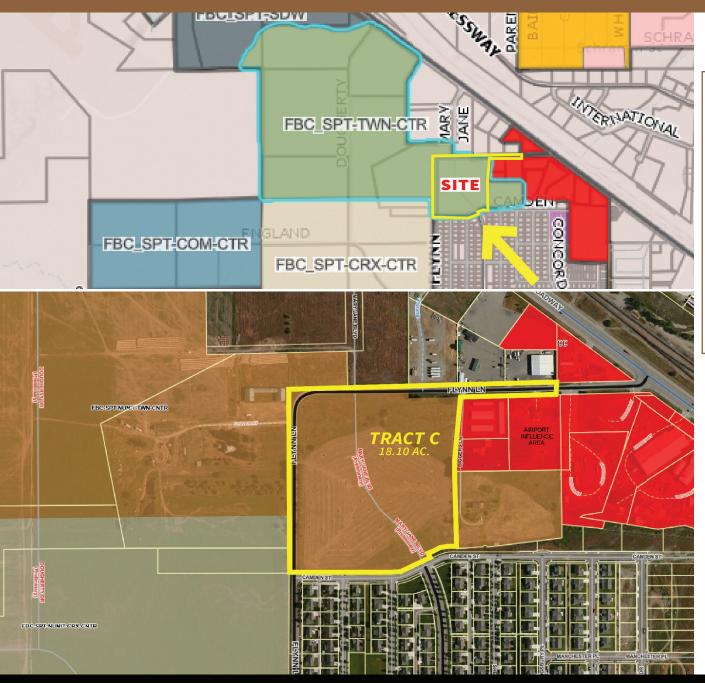
PUBLIC CITY SEWER & WATER MAP



Katie L. Ward REAL ESTATE

Tract C \cdot Flynn Lane \cdot Missoula, Montana

FORM-BASED CODE DESIGNATION MAP



SXWTPQUEN FORM-BASED CODE ZONING DISTRICTS

<u>NAME</u> Town Center Neighborhood Unit

ABBREVIATION FBC_SPT-TWN-CTR

<u>TYPE</u> Mixed-Use

MINIMUM LOT SIZE Specific Regulations Apply

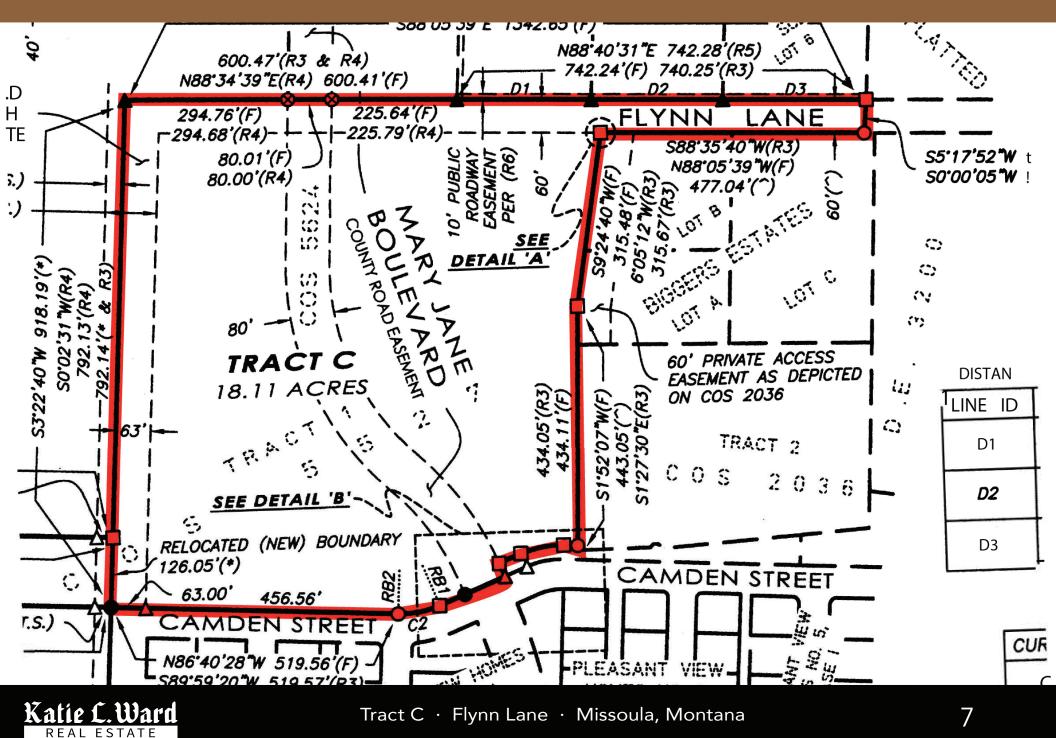
STATUS Your Zoning will not change during this update project.

Reference Division 2 of Form Based Code in supporting docs.

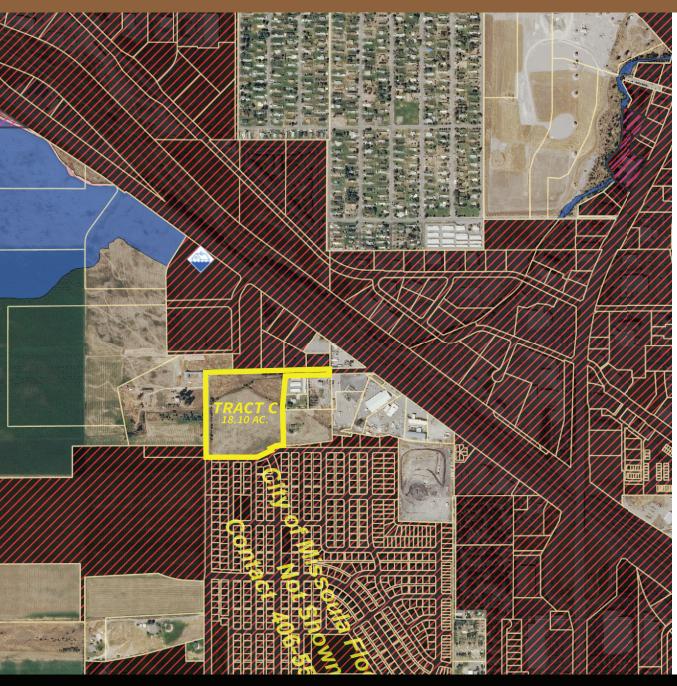
Transects also govern use, see page 3 & supporting docs



CERTIFICATE OF SURVEY



FLOOD PLAIN MAP



Property is located outside of Designated Flood plain.



Katie C. Ward REAL ESTATE

Katie L. Ward

Managing Broker Commercial & Development Specialist



katie@katieward.com



katieward.com

DISCLAIMER

All information contained herein is derived from sources deemed reliable, however, it is not guaranteed by Katie L Ward LLC., Managing Brokers, Agents or Sellers. Offering is subject to error, omissions, prior sales, price change or withdrawal without notice and approval of purchase by Seller. We urge independent verification of each and every item submitted, to the satisfaction of any prospective purchaser.

DIVISION 3

TRANSECT STANDARDS

			1					
TABLE 3-1: TRANSECT STANDARDS SUMMARY	OS	T2	Т3	T4-R	Т5	SD-W	С	
				T4-0				
Residential Density		r	1			1		
Minimum, By Right ^{1, 2}	n/a	1 unit / 20 ac.	6 units / ac.	12 units / ac.	24 units / ac.	n/a	n/a	
Maximum, By Right ^{1, 2}	n/a	1 unit / 20 ac.	8 units / ac.	36 units / ac. (R)	72 units / ac.	n/a	n/a	
Building Placement								
Front Build-to-Zone, or Setback	by warrant	20' min.	20' min., 48' max	6' min., 18' max.	0' min., 10' max.	6' min., 40' max.	0' min.	
Front Street Frontage Buildout	by warrant	n/a	40% min.	60% min.	80% min.	25% min.	by warrant	
Side Street Frontage Buildout	by warrant	n/a	n/a	30% min.	40% min.	20% min.	by warrant	
Side Street Build-to-Zone	by warrant	20' min.	12' min.	6' min. to 18' max.	0' min., 10' max.	6' min.,40' max.	0' min.	
Interior Side Property Line Setback	by warrant	30' min.	8' min.	0' (Attached) 5' (Detached)	0' min.	15' min.	0' min.	
Rear Setback (Lot or Alley)	by warrant	30' min.	12' min.	5' min.	5' min.	15' min	0' min.	
Lot and Block Standards						1		
Maximum Block Perimeter	n/a	by warrant	2,400 linear ft	2,000 linear ft	2,000 linear ft ³	3,000 linear ft	n/a	
Lot Width	n/a	by warrant	50' min.	18' min., 100' max.	18' min., 180' max.	None	n/a	
Lot Depth	n/a	by warrant	110' min.	80' min.	30' min.	None	n/a	
Lot Coverage	by warrant	by warrant	60% max.	70% max.	90% max.	60% max.	by warrant	
Building Heights								
Principal Building	by warrant	2 Stories max.	2 Stories max.	3 Stories max.	5 Stories max.	3 Stories max.	by warrant	
Ground Floor Elev. Above Sidewalk⁴	by warrant	0' min.	24" min.	6" max. (Non-Res.) 24" min. (Res.)	6" max. (Non-Res.) 24" min. (Res.)	n/a	by warrant	
Ground Floor Ceiling Height	by warrant	9' min.	9' min	12' min. (Non-Res.) 9' min. (Res.)	14' min. (Non-Res.) 9' min. (Res.)	14' min.	by warrant	
Upper Floor(s) Ceiling Height	by warrant	9' min.	9' min	9' min	9' min	14' min.	by warrant	
Parking Location⁵								
Front Setback	by warrant	12' min.	30' min.	30' min.	30' min.	40' min.	by warrant	
Side Street Setback	by warrant	12' min.	12' min.	6' min.	5' min.	20' min.	by warrant	
Interior Side Property Line Setback	by warrant	5' min.	8' min.	0' (Attached) 5' (Detached)	0' min.	5' min.	by warrant	
Rear Setback	by warrant	5' min.	5' min.	5' min.	5' min. 0' min. (When Adjacent to Alley)	5' min.	by warrant	
Allowed Frontages & Enc	roachmen	ts						
Allowed Frontage Types	n/a	n/a	Common Yard, Porch	Shopfront (only in T4-R), Forecourt, Gallery, Porch, Stoop	Shopfront, Forecourt, Callery, Stoop	n/a	n/a	
Other Allowed Encroachments	n/a	n/a	Balconies, Bay	Windows, Awnings, a Elements	nd Other Frontage	n/a	n/a	
Front Setback	n/a	n/a	12' max.	3' T4-0 / 6' T4-R	12' max.	n/a	n/a	
Side Street Setback	n/a	n/a	8' max.	3' max.	8' max.	n/a	n/a	
Rear Setback	n/a	n/a	3' max.	3' max.	0' max.	n/a	n/a	
Notes:		1				1		

Notes:

See Section 3.1.D for more information about density requirements. 1.

Residential Density within the EADA Zone is 4 Dwelling Units per Acre. 2.

3. 3,000 linear ft max. with parking structure

4. Lobbies for multi-family residential buildings shall have a 6" max. ground floor elevation above sidewalk or finished grade.

5. Parking Location applies to location of garage, surface parking lot, and parking structure.

DIVISION 3

TRANSECT STANDARDS

SECTION 3.12 PERMITTED USES

The Permitted Uses Table, Table 3-2, lists the various types of uses and identifies whether or not a use is permitted By Right, or By Warrant.

- = By Right
- By Warrant

A. Listed Uses

- 1. Permitted Use: A Land Use that is allowed by right in a Transect Zone because it is considered to be consistent with the vision and goals established for that Transect Zone.
- 2. By Warrant: A Land Use that is allowed By Warrant shall seek special approval as described in Division 7.

B. Use Not Listed:

If a proposed use is not listed in Table 3-2, the applicant may seek approval by Warrant/ Exception, as described in Division 7.

TABLE 3-2: PERMITTED USES	SO	Т2	T3	T4-R	T4-0	T5	SD-W	U
RESIDENTIAL TYPES	51							
Mixed Use Building/Block								
Apartment Building								
Mansion Apartment								
Live/Work Unit								
Live/Make Unit					•	•		
Townhouse				•		•		
Duplex House								
Courtyard House								
Sideyard House								
Cottage								
House								
Villa								
Accessory Dwelling Unit								
Residential Convertible to Retail						•		
Nursing Home								
Assisted Living Facility								
Group Living (Under 12)								
School Dormitory								

		1						
TABLE 3-2: PERMITTED USES				~	0		≥	
	OS	12	13	T4-R	T4-0	T5	SD-W	υ
LODGING								
Hotel (no room limit)								
Inn (up to 12 rooms)								
Bed & Breakfast								
Hostel								
COMMERCIAL								
Office								
Medical Office								
Live/Work Unit								
Home Occupation								
Animal Services: Sales and Grooming / Veterinary						•		
Open-Market Building (Farm Markets)	•	•			•	•	•	-
Retail								
Food and Beverage Retail Sales					•			
Personal Improvement Service					•	•		
Financial Services								
Repair or Laundry Service, Consumer					-			
Restaurant								
Kiosk								
Push Cart								
Food Truck						•		
Tavern or Nightclub								
Movie Theater								

Notes:

1. Tourist Homes shall be permitted within the Sx*tpqyen FBC area where lawfully established dwelling units are permitted. Tourist Homes shall meet all standards and requirements of Title 20.40.135 - Tourist Homes.

2. Mini-Storage/Self-Storage shall be permitted within the T4-O and T5 Transect Zones only within the EADA Zone.

DIVISION 3 TRANSECT STANDARDS

OS	Т2	Т3	T4-R	T4-O	T5	SD-W	υ
					•		
					•		
							•
			•		•		
			•		•		
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			• • • • • • <				Image

TABLE 3-2: PERMITTED USES					~		2	
PERMITTED USES	S	2	Т3	T4-R	5-0-	T5	SD-W	
				_	_		S	0
Other: INDUSTRIAL /	MA	NU	FAC	TU	RIN	G		
Artisan Manufacturing, Production and Industrial						•		
Limited Manufacturing, Production and Industrial								
Distribution Center								
Research Service								
Water Supply Facility								
Sewer and Waste Facility								
Electric Substation								
Wireless Transmitter								
Warehouse								
Produce Storage								
Mini-Storage/Self- Storage ²								
Live/Make Unit								
Cottage Food								
Microbrewery/ Microdistillery								
Utility-Scale Renewable Energy Generation							-	
Other: AGRICULTUR	E							
Agricultural Uses, Animals								
Agricultural Uses, Crops								
Community Garden					•			
Agritourism								
Grain Storage								
Livestock Pen								
Greenhouse								
Stable								
Shelter or Boarding Kennel								
Other: Automotive								
Gasoline								
Automobile Service								
Truck Maintenance								
Drive-Through Facility								
Rest Stop								
Roadside Stand								
Billboard								
I								

DIVISION 2: NEIGHBORHOODS

Great neighborhoods feature a variety of building types and street scenes of varied character that differ from center to edge, for example, in building height, distance between buildings, and intensity. The center of a neighborhood is usually developed in a more intense, mixed-use manner with formal public gathering spaces; the edge areas are usually less intense, less formal and more private in nature. This delicate gradient from center to edge provides a variety of destinations and places to live and work.

Eight transect zones have been created for Traditional Neighborhood Development within the Mullan area, each with varying urban characteristics, calibrated to fit with the envisioned future context of mixed-use walkable urbanism.



DIVISION 2

REGULATING PLANS

SECTION 2.1 NEIGHBORHOOD UNIT PLAN

A. Neighborhood Unit Plan

- Development planning within the Mullan Area begins with the creation of the Neighborhood Unit Plan (Figure 2-1). The Neighborhood Unit Plan is a regulatory document adopted by the county and the city according to 76-2-201 and 76-2-301 MCA, respectively. Development within the Mullan Area shall be consistent with the Neighborhood Unit Plan.
- 2. The Neighborhood Unit Plan establishes the general location, size and type of neighborhood, as well as other important elements that define the overall structure of the Mullan Area.
- **3.** The Neighborhood Unit Plan illustrates the following:
 - **a.** Neighborhood Unit Types and general boundaries;
 - **b.** Grant Creek buffer;
 - **c.** Missoula International Airport Extended Approach and Departure Area (EADA) Zone; and,
 - d. BUILD Grant Thoroughfares.

4. The Neighborhood Unit boundaries shown on the Neighborhood Unit Plan and the location of Build Grant Thoroughfares are subject to adjustment pursuant to applicable amendment provisions.

B. Neighborhood Unit Types

- 1. The following Neighborhood Unit Types are hereby established: Town Center, Community Center, Crossroads Center, and Workplace.
- 2. Each Master Site Plan submitted shall contain a mix of Transect Zones as established in Table 2-1 Neighborhood Unit Type Standards corresponding to its designated Neighborhood Unit Type in Figure 2-1, with the following exceptions:
 - **a.** The Allocation of Transect Zones standards, with the exception of the Open Space requirement, do not apply to Master Site Plans less than five (5) acres in size.
 - **b.** Any Master Site Plan may consist of 100 percent T2, OS, or C Transect Zones, or combination thereof.

TABLE 2-1: NEIGHBORHOOD UNIT TYPE STANDARDS	Town Center ¹	Community Center	Crossroads Center	Workplace							
General Standards											
Neighborhood Size	60 - 160 acres	50 - 160 acres	80 - 180 acres	45 - 80 acres							
Max. Average Block Perimeter Per Master Site Plan	2,000 ft	2,000 ft	2,400 ft	3,000 ft							
Allocation of Transect Zones	Per Master Sit	e Plan ²									
T2: Rural	no min.	no min.	no min.	no min.							
T3: Edge	5 - 30 %	10 - 40%	50 - 89%	no min.							
T4-R: General Restricted	30 - 60%	20 - 40%	0 - 10%	5 - 15%							
T4-O: General Open	(Mix of R / O)	10 - 30%	0 - 10%	(Mix of R / O)							
T5: Mixed-Use Center	10 - 50% ¹	0 - 15%	not permitted	5 - 15%							
SD-W: Workplace	not permitted	not permitted	not permitted	60 - 80%							
OS: Open Space	Required Percentage of Open Space Determined by Section 2.1.C Open Space Requirements										
C: Civic	no min.	no min.	no min.	no min.							

Notes:

1. At least 100 linear feet of Frontage shall be ground floor Office or Retail use with a Shopfront Frontage Type per Master Site Plan 2. Allocation of Transect Zones standards (except for Open Space) do not apply to Master Site Plans less than five (5) acres in size.



C. Open Space Requirements

- Each Master Site Plan must dedicate Land area as Open Space land. Parkland (or Open Space) dedication must be based on the net lotted area of the Master Site Plan. Each Master Site Plan shall dedicate to the Approval Authority's jurisdiction, for the purposes of Open Space, land or cash equal to the greater of the following:
- **a.** Eleven (11) percent of the area of the Master Site Plan proposed to be subdivided into lots; or
- **b.** 0.02 acres per dwelling unit in the Master Site Plan's proposed development program.
 - i. The land area dedication or its cash equivalent is not required in excess of ten dwelling units per acre.

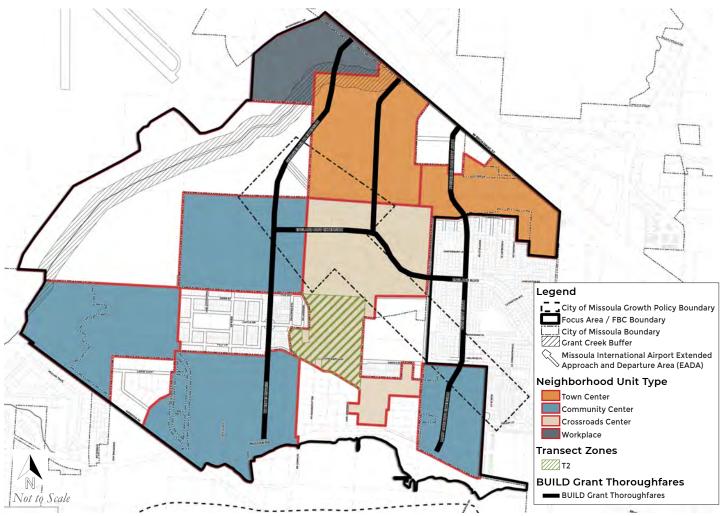


Figure 2-1: Official Neighborhood Unit Plan - Regulatory map for the FBC.

2. Suitable locations for Open Space, which may include parks, play grounds, and trails, shall be determined during the Master Site Plan process.

DIVISION 2

REGULATING PLANS

- **3.** Giving due weight to the expressed preference of the applicant, the Approval Authority governing body may, in consultation with the Planning Board or the Park Board, determine whether the Open Space dedication must be a land donation, a cash donation, or a combination of both. When the Open Space requirement is satisfied using a combination of land dedication and cash donation, the amount of cash donated may not exceed the proportional amount of value in the land not covered by the land dedication.
- 4. Cash donation in-lieu of land dedication must be equal to the fair market value of the amount of land that would have been statutorily required to be dedicated. For the purpose of these regulations, the fair market value is the value of the land at the time of the Master Site Plan application. Fair market value must be determined by a Montana State certified general real estate appraiser
- 5. Unless the Approval Authority governing body determines otherwise, the following areas within a Master Site Plan will not count toward the Open Space dedication:
 - a. Hillsides over 25% slope;
 - **b.** Riparian resource areas associated with irrigation or roadside ditches;
 - **c.** Monument entry areas and central landscaped boulevards;
 - d. Stormwater retention or detention ponds that are designed to hold stormwater runoff from less than 100year events; and
 - e. Parking areas for more than five cars and road rights-of-way that are located within the parkland, open space, or common area, unless the parking is provided for the utilization of the Open Space.

D. Agriculture Preservation Incentives

- For the Crossroads Center Neighborhood Unit Type outside of the EADA Zone, for each percentage of the Master Site Plan area that is prime agricultural land if irrigated that is preserved (above the required Open Space), the maximum allowed allocation of T4-R shall be increased by one percent (minimum of 2 acres and maximum of 20 percent of Master Site Plan area).
- 2. For the Community Center Neighborhood Unit Type outside of the EADA Zone, for each percentage of the Master Site Plan area that is prime agricultural land if irrigated that is preserved (above the required Open Space), the maximum allowed allocation of T5 shall be increased by 0.5 percent (minimum of 2 acres and maximum of 20 percent of Master Site Plan area).

E. Missoula International Airport Extended Approach and Departure Area (EADA) Zone

- The Missoula International Airport's designated Extended Approach and Departure Areas (EADA) for the existing main runway as identified at the time of this FBC's adoption is referenced on the official Neighborhood Unit Plan as the EADA Zone.
- **2.** The following provisions apply to areas within the EADA Zone:
 - **a.** The minimum Residential Density does not apply and the maximum Residential Density shall be 4 DU/AC.
 - **b.** Residential development (up to 4 DU/ AC) within the EADA Zone must be clustered so 50% of a Master Site Plan area within the EADA is open space or agriculture.
 - c. If a Master Site Plan is partially within the EADA Zone (more than 11%), the 4 DU/AC for the portion of the Master Plan within the EADA Zone (minus the 11% open space) may be transferred to that portion of the Master Site Plan outside of the EADA Zone. An additional 2 DU/AC bonus shall be granted for the amount of area transferred.

DIVISION 2

REGULATING PLANS

- **d.** If a Master Site Plan is partially within the EADA Zone (11% or more), the required Open Space shall be located on the portion of the Master Site Plan within the EADA Zone.
- e. New schools and hospitals are prohibited.
- **3.** The following provisions are recommended within the EADA Zone:
 - **a.** Uses that attract large groups of people are discouraged.
 - b. Open Space should be concentrated in the western portion of the EADA closest to the runway, as illustrated in Figure 2-2.

SECTION 2.2 GENERAL NEIGHBORHOOD STANDARDS

- **A.** Figure 2.2 contains recommendations on how large, contiguous Open Spaces can be created across independently owned tracts of land.
- **B.** Property owners should work with adjacent property owners and the City to create the larger parks. One possibility is to require developers to build the park facilities and then be reimbursed for the construction costs, although not for the land dedication. The parks can then be dedicated to the City or maintained by an HOA.
- **C.** Figure 2.2 illustrates recommended locations for Civic buildings (fire station and school).
- **D.** Each Neighborhood Unit shall contain at least one Open Space (not a Playground) and that Open Space shall be within 800 feet of the geographic center of the Neighborhood.



Figure 2-2: Recommended locations for Open Space and Civic buildings

DIVISION 2 REGULATING PLANS

SECTION 2.3 REGULATING PLANS

- **E.** Each Neighborhood Unit shall have at least one Playground.
- F. This FBC incorporates the airport imaginary surfaces identified in CFR Title 14, Part 77 (and any revisions to it) by reference as the controlling height restrictions. All structures and vegetation within the Mullan FBC Area shall meet the requirements of CFR Title 14, Part 77.
- A. A Regulating Plan is a site plan that describes the varying character of land within a Neighborhood development, or fragment thereof, within the Mullan Area. Regulating Plans designate a Transect Zone for all development parcels within the Mullan Area Form-Based Code boundary, and Street Types that describe the design of neighborhood Streets. The Transect Zones and Street Types correspond with standards in other code sections.
- B. Regulating Plans identify the assignment of Transect Zones and the exact Street/Block structure, along with subdivision of Lots according to the Transect Standards (Division 3) and identification of specific Street Types (Division 6).

C. Purpose of Regulating Plans

 Regulating Plans define with precision the nature of allowable development of land. Regulating Plans are prepared by landowners in accordance with Sections 7.5 and 7.6 and submitted to the Approval Authority through the approval processes described in that Section.

D. Regulating Plan Requirements

Submittals to obtain approval of a regulating plan must meet the following criteria:

- 1. The Regulating Plan shall demonstrate conformance to all provisions of the Neighborhood Unit Type (Section 2.1 and Section 2.2).
- 2. The Regulating Plan must show future Blocks, Transect Zones, proposed Lot Lines, Streets and public spaces as follows:
 - **a.** New Blocks configured on the site in accordance with the requirements of the Neighborhood Unit Type (Section 2.1 and Section 2.2).
 - **b.** Proposed Lot Lines for all developable Lots, in accordance with the Transect Standards (Division 3). Lots may be legally subdivided for the purposes of demonstrating conformance to the standards in this code.



- c. The assignment of a Transect Zone to all proposed Lots on the site. The assignment of Transect Zones shall meet the provisions of the Neighborhood Unit Type (Section 2.1). All proposed Lot area must be assigned to one of the eight Transect Zones permitted: T2, T3, T4-R, T4-O, T5, SD-W, OS, and C; no proposed lots may be assigned two or more Transect Zones. Transect Zone boundaries should follow proposed Lot Lines. Proposed development on individual Lots must be able to meet the assigned Transect Standards.
- d. Existing parcels may be assigned one or more of the following Transect Zones: T2 and OS, and are exempt from the requirements of c. All assignments of T2 and OS Transect Zones must be clearly marked on the Regulating Plan and the standards of each Transect Zone shall be enforced where allocated on the parcel.

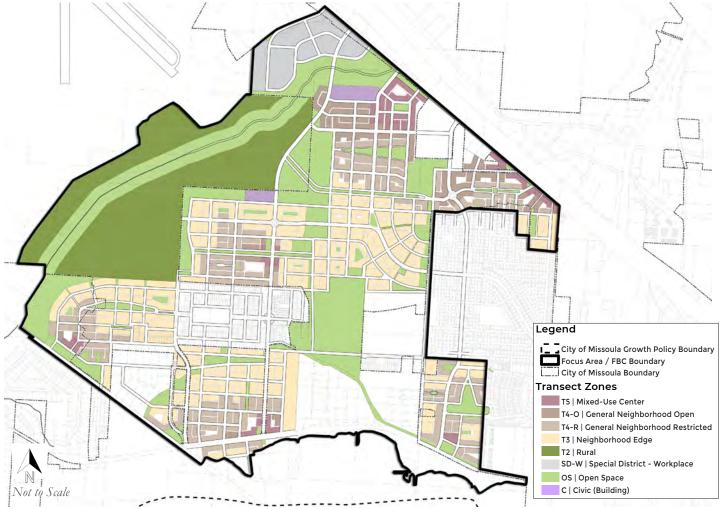


Figure 2-3: Example Regulating Plan



SECTION 2.4 BLOCK STRUCTURE

- e. The location of all new and existing Rights-of-Way in Streets and Alleys/ Rear Lanes. New Streets and Allevs/Rear Lanes shall be dedicated to the City or County and publicly owned. The plan must indicate a specific Street Type; all new and improved Streets must adhere to the dimensional standards of the Street Types in Division 6. Street types must be allowed within the Transect Zones through which they pass. To the extent that a conflict occurs between Division 6 of this FBC and the Approval Authority's subdivision regulations and other LDRs, the provisions of this FBC shall control.
- **3.** The Regulating Plan shall identify the residential density per Transect Zone, and demonstrate adherence to the density requirements of Table 3-1.
- 4. The Regulating Plan may show site-specific standards of Section 2.5 that apply to the site, including Build-to Lines, Mandatory Shopfront Areas, and/or Terminated Vistas.
- 5. The level of detail and graphic format of the Regulating Plan must show individual Lot Lines and identify Street types. The plan should be produced at a scale and sheet size that allows all elements of the plan to be clearly legible. All related submittals must be provided at the same scale to facilitate review. The Regulating Plan must also be provided in a digital format acceptable to the Approval Authority.
- **6.** Approved Regulating Plans must be kept on file with the Approval Authority's Zoning Administrator.

- **A.** To facilitate connectivity and pedestrian accessibility, the Blocks within the Mullan FBC Area shall conform to the following standards:
 - 1. Maximum Block sizes shall not exceed the maximum Block perimeter established for each Transect Zone.
 - 2. The average perimeter of all Blocks in a Master Site Plan shall not exceed the maximum average block perimeter established in Table 2-1 Neighborhood Unit Type Standards for the Master Site Plan's designated Neighborhood Unit Type.
 - **3.** Any block face within the T5, T4-O, T4-R, or T3 Transect Zones that exceeds 600' in length shall have a mid-block pedestrian access of at least 12' in width.

SECTION 2.5 SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS PLAN

A. Special Requirements Plan

A Special Requirements Plan is an optional site plan that provides further refinement of the Regulating Plan by requiring or recommending particular regulations in site specific locations.

B. Special Requirements Plan Elements

A Development within the Mullan FBC Area may designate any of the following Special Requirements:

- Differentiation of Thoroughfares: A differentiation of the Thoroughfares as A-Grid and B-Grid. Buildings along the A-Grid shall be held to the highest standard of this Code in support of pedestrian activity. Buildings along the B-Grid may be more readily considered for Warrants allowing automobile-oriented standards. The Frontages assigned to the B-Grid shall not exceed 30% of the total length of Frontages within a Neighborhood Unit.
- 2. Build-to-Line: A Build-to-Line designates a specified distance from the front property line that the building's Primary Facade shall be built upon in order to create a uniform line of buildings along the Street. The Build-to-Line marked on the Regulating Plan shall take priority over the more general Build-to-Zone defined in Division 3.
- 3. Mandatory Shopfront: Designations for mandatory and/or recommended Shopfront Frontage requiring or advising that a building provide a Shopfront at Sidewalk level along its lot frontage. See requirements for shopfronts in Division 5 Lot & Building Standards.
- 4. Gallery/Arcade Frontage: Designations for Mandatory and/or Recommended Gallery/ Arcade Frontage, requiring or advising that a building provide a permanent cover over the Sidewalk, either cantilevered or supported by columns. The Gallery Frontage designation may be combined with a Retail Frontage designation.

- 5. Terminated Vista: Designations for Mandatory and/or Recommended Terminated Vista locations, requiring or advising that the building be provided with architectural articulation of a type and character to mark an important view, assist with wayfinding and add to sense of place. See requirements in Division 5 Lot & Building Standards.
- 6. Cross Block Passages: A designation for Cross Block Passages, requiring that a minimum 12-foot-wide pedestrian access be reserved between buildings.
- 7. Buildings of Value: A designation for Buildings of Value, requiring that such buildings and structures may be altered or demolished only in accordance with Municipal Preservation Standards and Protocols.



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