

MY PROPERTY INSPECTOR

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COMMERCIAL MULTI-UNIT INSPECTION REPORT

4468 Reinbeau Dr Columbus, OH 43232

> Gerard Tema 09/09/2024



Inspector
Russell Allen

Ohio License: OHI.2023000336, Ohio Radon License: RT1914, WDI License: 162891, Internachi Certified Inspector: NACHI20081934, Certified Commercial Property Inspector: CCPIA-002779 (614) 968-9898 rallen@mypropertyinspector.com



Agent
Nita Ross
Berkshire Hathaway, The Platinum Group

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1: Executive Summary	7
2: Purpose, Scope, and Limitations	9
3: Inspection Details	11
4: SITE ELEMENTS	16
5: Topography and Drainage	17
6: Parking	18
7: Grounds and Drainage	24
8: Utilities	28
9: FRAME & ENVELOPE	29
10: Landscaping and Appurtenances	33
11: Foundation Area	36
12: INTERIOR	38
13: Attic, Roof Structure, & Ventilation	39
14: Bathroom(s)	42
15: Pests	47
16: ROOF	48
17: Roof Surface	49
18: Roof-mounted Vents	56
19: PLUMBING	57
20: Plumbing	58
21: HVAC	60
22: Heating & Cooling Components	61
23: ELECTRICAL	65
24: Electrical	66

My Property Inspector Page 2 of 72

Report objective: The objective is to provide the client with information about the condition of the observed systems and components at the time of the inspection. The client is advised to read this report in it's entirety and to act on all recommendations.

Scope of work: The inspection is defined as the process of an inspector collecting information through visual observation during a walk-through survey of the subject property, conducting research about the property, and then generating a meaningful report about the condition of the property based on the observations made and research conducted by the inspector. A commercial inspection requires the inspector to make observations, conduct research, and report findings. The scope of this inspection is defined and limited by the standards, limitations, exceptions, and exclusions as contained in the CCPIA International Standards of Practice (ComSop found here: https://ccpia.org/standards-of-practice/) and the Pre-Inspection Agreement. Some components and systems may have been inspected in addition to those required by the standards. This does not expand the scope of the inspection. Other deficiencies could exist in the out-of-scope systems and components. The systems and components that were inspected are listed in the report. The subject property may have concealed conditions, latent defects, or cosmetic deficiencies that do not significantly affect a property's system or part of a system's performance for the system's intended purpose that are not included in this report.

Recommendations for further evaluation: If we made a recommendation for further evaluation, that evaluation should be performed prior to the end of your inspection contingency period.

Disclaimer of warranty: The Client understands that the inspection and report do not, in any way, constitute a guarantee, warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied warranty, or an insurance policy. Additionally, neither the inspection nor the report is a substitute for any real estate transfer disclosures that may be required by law.

Ownership and distribution of report: My Property Inspector maintains ownership and copyright of this report. This report has been prepared for the sole and exclusive use of the Client. The Client has permission to distribute this report or direct it's distribution as needed to the parties of the client's purchase transaction. No other individuals or entities have permission to distribute this report.

My Property Inspector Page 3 of 72

SUMMARY









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My Property Inspector Page 4 of 72

- 🔗 6.1.1 Parking Parking lot: Storm Water Drainage: Drain Termination Unknown
- 6.3.1 Parking Lighting: Parking Lot: Inadequate Lighting
- 6.6.1 Parking Markings: Stalls Not Marked
- 6.8.1 Parking Safety & Security: Did not Appear to be ADA Compliant
- 6.8.2 Parking Safety & Security: Ramps No Anti-Skid Surface
- 6.9.1 Parking Signage: Routes to Entrances/Exits Not Clear
- 6.11.1 Parking Surfacing: Deterioration Generally Severe
- 7.1.1 Grounds and Drainage Walkways and Steps: Walkway Uneven Surface (Trip Hazard)
- 7.1.2 Grounds and Drainage Walkways and Steps: Crumbling Concrete on Steps
- 7.2.1 Grounds and Drainage Grading and Surface Drainage: Acceptable
- 7.3.1 Grounds and Drainage Vegetation: Vegetation Against/Near the Property
- 7.3.2 Grounds and Drainage Vegetation: Tree(s) Limbs Within 10 Feet of Roof
- A
- 9.1.1 ---- FRAME & ENVELOPE ---- Foundation Configuration: Exterior Wall Cladding At End of Useful Life
- 10.2.1 Landscaping and Appurtenances Boundary Walls: Wall Water Inflitration
- O 10.3.1 Landscaping and Appurtenances Fencing: Deterioration: Moderate to Severe
- 10.4.1 Landscaping and Appurtenances Trees: Trees: trimming needed
- 10.5.1 Landscaping and Appurtenances Exterior Lighting: Walkway lights: repair/replace
- 🙆 13.2.1 Attic, Roof Structure, & Ventilation Attic Access: Pull Down Stairs Not Insulated
- 13.2.2 Attic, Roof Structure, & Ventilation Attic Access: Pull Down Stairs End of Life
- 13.6.1 Attic, Roof Structure, & Ventilation Exhaust Fan(s): Exhaust Fan(s) Terminating in Attic
- 🔗 14.1.1 Bathroom(s) General Information: Plumbing Fixtures Not Sealed
- 14.3.1 Bathroom(s) Sink(s): Sink Damage Present
- 14.4.1 Bathroom(s) Undersink Plumbing Bathroom: Drain Pipes Flex Drain Pipe Present
- 14.4.2 Bathroom(s) Undersink Plumbing Bathroom: Drain Pipes Sealed
- 14.5.1 Bathroom(s) Bathtub(s): Drainage Hindered
- 14.5.2 Bathroom(s) Bathtub(s): Faucet/Valves Not Flush with Wall
- 14.5.3 Bathroom(s) Bathtub(s): Faucet/Valves Valve Handle Missing
- 14.7.1 Bathroom(s) Shower Walls: Sealant Cracked/Gaps Present
- 14.8.1 Bathroom(s) Toilet(s): Toilet Not Flushing Properly
- 15.1.1 Pests Pests: Bees entering structure
- 17.1.1 Roof Surface Roof Drainage Systems Including Gutters and Downspouts: Gutters Vegetation Growth
- 17.1.2 Roof Surface Roof Drainage Systems Including Gutters and Downspouts: Gutters and Downspouts End of Useful Life
- 17.2.1 Roof Surface Roof Surface Materials: General Full Roofing Evaluation Recommended
- (a) 17.4.1 Roof Surface Roof Flashings: Drip Edge Displaced
- 17.5.1 Roof Surface Roof Penetrations: Acceptable

My Property Inspector Page 5 of 72

- 17.6.1 Roof Surface Roof Structure/Framing: Roof Structure Painted White
- 17.6.2 Roof Surface Roof Structure/Framing: Roof Structure Moisture Stains at Shingle Nail Locations (indication of condensation)
- 17.6.3 Roof Surface Roof Structure/Framing: Rafters at Rake End of Gable Separated from Ridge
- 18.3.1 Roof-mounted Vents Roof Structure vents: Continuous Ridge Vent Missing
- 20.7.1 Plumbing Water Heater: Electric: Rust stains, previous leakage
- 20.7.2 Plumbing Water Heater: Electric: Water heater too small
- 20.8.1 Plumbing Temperature/Pressure Relief Valve: Discharge pipe: none installed
- 22.1.1 Heating & Cooling Components General Information: HVAC Servicing Documentation Not Present
- 22.2.1 Heating & Cooling Components Exterior Unit(s) Split System : Exterior Unit Aged
- 22.2.2 Heating & Cooling Components Exterior Unit(s) Split System : AC Not Functional Cooling Mode
- 22.3.1 Heating & Cooling Components Interior Unit(s) Split System: Interior Unit Aged
- 22.5.1 Heating & Cooling Components Condensate Drain Pipe: Condensate Pipe Drip Leak
- 22.7.1 Heating & Cooling Components Air Filter/Return Plenum: Return Plenum/Duct Visible Dust Present
- △ 24.5.1 Electrical Service Equipment/Electrical Panel: Panel Federal Pacific Electric Panel Information
- △ 24.6.1 Electrical Service Grounding/Bonding: Water Pipe Bonding Missing/Not Visible
- △ 24.8.1 Electrical Breakers: Breakers Stab Lok Brand (Defective)
- △ 24.9.1 Electrical GFCI Protection: GFCI Not Present (Repair)
- 24.10.1 Electrical Smoke Alarms/Detectors: Aged Alarms

My Property Inspector Page 6 of 72

1: EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Information

General Description: CLIENT

Time-of-sale Gerard Tema

General Description: CONSULTANT INFORMATION

Consultant: Russell Allen

Address: 4553 Ravine Drive, Westerville, Ohio 43081

My Property Inspector was founded in 2020 in Southwest Ohio, then restarting operations to Columbus Ohio in May 2023 where we have continued to grow over the past 18 months. After a 30-year career in sales and executive leadership in the professional services sector, and home remodeling services, I started My Property Inspector to provide an elevated experience to buyers of residential homes and investors in commercial properties across central Ohio. My Property Inspector differentiates itself from other companies by bringing a professional and reliable high standard of service and client experience at a competitive rate.

General Description: Building Classification

Class C

- This document is a Property Condition Report (PCR) of the property located at: 4468 Reinbeau Dr Columbus OH 43232
- This PCR was prepared by: Russell Allen
- This PCR was prepared for: Gerard Tema
- User's position with the property: Buyer
- The property habitable square footage is: 12390 sq. ft.
- Type of real estate transaction: Commercial Investment, Multi-Family
- Date of site visit: 09/09/2024

General Physical Condition: General Physical Condition

This property contained 40 residential rental units (plus a rental "office") dispersed throughout seven single story buildings, separated by a residential two lane street, placing three buildings on one side of the street, and the remaining four on the opposite side of the street.

In general, each building was consistent in their condition, and in need of significant repair and maintenance. Hardscapes and drainage... The parking lot, driveways, and concrete flatwork in and around the complex were in a general state of disrepair and in need of maintenance or replacement. The asphalt parking lot and driveways were crumbling with pot holes, cracks, and sunken areas exposing loose aggregate. Curbing was crumbling in several locations around the complex, and parking lines were not clearly marked. A dedicated groundwater drainage system was not present, and it appeared that water management relied on grading toward grassy areas on the sides or rear of the property.

Exterior... The buildings' roofs, gutter and downspout systems, soffits/fascia, exterior cladding, and concrete flatwork all were at the end of their useful life, and in need of repair. Exterior cladding was a wood-based board and batten type of siding that was showing signs of water rot and delamination around all four sides of the building. Concrete stoops and sidewalks had, at many units, settled down and toward the home directing ground water toward the foundation and causing entry step rises to exceed the maximum rise of 7 3/4 inches. Fascia was damaged and stained, while soffit venting panels were in a similar state of separation creating points of entry for pests and water into the wall structure. **Roofs...** The roofs were all appeared to be in the final third or at the end of their useful life and in need of replacement. Roof's were patched with different color shingles and tarps, and had evidence of soft sheathing causing bowing between roof rafters, and for one building in particular there were multiple layers of shingles adding excessive weight to the roof structure. This contributes to leaks and bowing/failure of roof decking. Some roofs were covered in thick layers of organic material and branches from overhanging pine trees and nearby Sycamores, which causes further damage to the roof surface, algae growth, and water infiltration.

Interior... The interior condition of the units were outside the scope of this inspection, but they were casually observed during the course of the inspection. Overall, the general condition of the interior for the inspected units seemed fairly consistent and acceptable. Most deficiencies seemed to be cosmetic, with some moderate to severe wear and tear to cabinetry and doors due to age and use. The two most significant deficiencies in the interior were the presence of Federal Pacific Stab Lok service panels and breakers. Stab Lok was recalled in the 70's and are considered a deficient panel and breaker system. The AC systems on many of the units I inspected were inoperable. In the units were the AC was operable, a few of the residents complained about a water leak from above the ceiling cold air return grate (this is likely coming from the condensate line with no catch pan, and/or not draining to the exterior of the

My Property Inspector Page 7 of 72

home). Some tenants have resorted to placing buckets or pans below the leak on the hallway floor. Bathroom tubs/showers needed repair to areas that were not sealed correctly leading to what appeared to be mold growth (excessive moisture). The drain system appeared to be draining slowly, and several under-sink drain system pipe joints were heavily sealed with caulk, which indicates that someone tried to repair a previous drain overflow problem that was leading to leaks into the vanity.

Plumbing... All faucets and fixtures worked correctly (with the exception of one shower that was missing a faucet handle, and one toilet that didn't flush correctly), and had adequate water pressure during a flow test. One garbage disposal was inoperable even after resetting it.

Opinion of Probable Costs: Opinion of Probable Costs

If the Inspection Report described herein contains any estimates as to the costs associated with making any repairs, the Client understands and agrees that said estimates are included solely as a guide and are not to be considered, understood or utilized by the Client as representing the actual costs associated with making any such repairs. The Client further acknowledges and agrees to hold harmless the Company in connection with any estimate(s) that may overstate or understate the actual cost of repair(s), even if said overstatement and/or understatement is due to the negligence of the Company. Regardless of any such estimates, the Client should obtain further qualification of any cost estimates from an appropriate contractor, tradesperson and/or professional.

Recommendations: Recommended Next Steps

Given the extent of repairs necessary. I recommend contacting local contractors in the following trades to receive estimates for repairs: Roofing and gutters, Siding, Asphalt and Concrete, Electrical, Plumbing, and HVAC.

My Property Inspector Page 8 of 72

2: PURPOSE, SCOPE, AND LIMITATIONS

		IN	NI	NP	0
2.1	Purpose	Χ			
2.2	Scope	Χ			
2.3	Limitations	Χ			
2.4	Documents Provided and Reviewed	Χ			
2.5	Interviews Conducted	Χ			

IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Present O = Observation(s)

Information

Documents Provided and Reviewed: Documents Provided

and Reviewed
No property documentation

No property documentation was provided

Documents Provided and Reviewed: Permits and Code

Violation research

No permit or code related documents were provided.

Purpose: Purpose of a PCA/PCR

A Property Condition Assessment (PCA), is performed to provide data for the development of a property condition report (PCR). A PCA typically includes research, interviews, and a comprehensive walk-through inspection by a qualified field observer.

A PCR documents an assessment of a property's physical condition and is designed to provide information promoting due diligence for those involved in a real estate transaction. A PCR may, at times, include conclusions and recommendations pertaining to short and medium-term costs, financial liabilities, and acquisition risks connected with the subject property.

Purpose: Purpose

The purpose of this report is to identify defects that were readily visible at the time of the walk-through survey. It may not include the results of testing and analysis still pending at the time of report compilation. This report is supplemental to the Property Disclosure Statement, and is subject to the terms and conditions specified in the Inspection Agreement between the Consultant and Client.

This report is based on a visual inspection of the accessible portions of the subject property. It is meant to convey the opinion of the consultant on the condition of the property at the time of the walk-through survey. Although the consultant has made a diligent and reasonable effort to identify and correctly interpret indications of observed defects, this report should not be construed as a guarantee or warranty of the present or future condition of the subject property, its systems, and components.

Scope: Scope

We endeavor to perform this assessment in substantial compliance to ASTM E2018 – 15, Property Condition Assessments: Baseline Property Condition Assessment Process. The scope of the assessment is outlined in the Inspection Agreement agreed to and signed by the Client. This report contains observations and the consultant's opinions on material defects affecting the ability of building/property systems and their major components to safely perform as designed. When systems and components are specified in the Inspection Agreement as part of the assessment and are present but not inspected, the reason for omitting their inspection may also be reported on. The specific scope of service for this property condition assessment included (red items indicate adjustments made to scope onsite during the assessment):

- Random sampling of units (50%, or 20 units plus office. Adjusted to 15 units.)
- HVAC systems
- Plumbing systems
- Electrical systems
- Roof surface, drainage, and penetrations
- Exterior elements, vegetation, and landscaping
- General topography and parking area
- Attic, ventilation, and insulation
- Visible exterior slab

My Property Inspector Page 9 of 72

- Doors, windows, and interior (casually inspected. Not in great detail. Access to windows was a challenge.)
- Life safety components; and/or cooking area and storage.

Interviews Conducted: Point Of Contact identified by owner

The owner identified the property point-of-contact (POC) as Mark Edelstein. The POC was not familiar with this property.

My Property Inspector Page 10 of 72

3: INSPECTION DETAILS

Information

Client **Attended Inspection Inspection Start Time**

Gerard Tema Mark Edelstein (Designated POC 8:30 am

for this property)

Address **Year Built** Type of Building Multi-Family

4468 Reinbeau Dr, Columbus, OH 1973

43232

Approx. sq ft of finished areas Occupancy 12390 Occupied

Services Not Requested

No Other Inspections Requested

EXCL - The client was offered these services during scheduling and through email communications prior to the inspection and did not elect to have these inspections or tests performed. Therefore any and all concerns, defects, or hazards related to these additional services are EXCLUDED from this inspection.

Excluded Items/Systems

Interior Inspection, Attic Inspection (Access via pull down ladder was unsafe)

The above-referenced excluded item(s) does not include all the items or systems in the home with exclusions or limitations. Please review the State of Ohio Standards of practice and read the entire report looking for the EXCL and LMT designations.

Structure Orientation

For the sake of this inspection, the front of the structure will be considered as the portion pictured in the above cover photo. References to the left or right of the structure should be construed as standing in the front yard, viewing the front of the structure.



Property Orientation Key

Additional Information/Limitations: Inspection Overview

My Property Inspector strives to perform all inspections in substantial compliance with the Standards of Practice set forth for Home Inspectors by the State of Ohio's Standards of Practice. As such, I inspected the readily accessible, visually observable, installed systems and components of the structure located at 4468 Reinbeau Dr, Columbus, OH 43232, for the Client Gerard Tema, as designated in these Standards of Practice. When systems or components designated in the Standards of Practice were present but were not inspected, the reason(s) the item was not inspected will be stated. This inspection is neither technically exhaustive nor quantitative.

There may be comments made in this report that exceed the required reporting standards; these comments (if present) were made as a courtesy to give you as much information as possible about the structure. Exceeding the Standards of Practice will only happen when I feel I have the experience, knowledge, or evidence to do so. There should be no expectation that the Standards of Practice will be exceeded throughout the inspection. Any comments made that exceed the standards will be followed by a recommendation for further evaluation and repairs by applicable tradespeople.

My Property Inspector Page 11 of 72

This report contains observations of those systems and components that were not functioning properly, significantly deficient, or unsafe in my professional judgment. All items in this report that were designated for repair, replacement, maintenance, or further evaluation should be investigated by qualified tradespeople within the clients' contingency period to determine the total cost of said repairs and to learn of any additional problems that may be present during these evaluations that were not visible during a "visual only" Inspection.

This inspection is not equal to extended day-to-day exposure. It will not reveal every concern or issue that may be present, but only those significant defects that were accessible and visible at the time of inspection. This inspection can not predict future conditions or determine if latent or concealed defects exist. The statements made in this report reflect the conditions as **existing at the time of the inspection only** and expire at the completion of the inspection. The limit of liability of My Property Inspector and its employees, officers, etc., does not extend beyond the day the inspection was performed. This is because time and differing weather conditions may reveal deficiencies that were not present at the time of inspection, including but not limited to: roof leaks, water infiltration into areas below grade, leaks beneath sinks, tubs, and toilets, water running at toilets, the walls, doors, and flooring, may be damaged during moving, etc. Refer to the Standards of Practice (linked to above) and the Inspection agreement regarding the scope and limitations of this inspection.

This inspection is **NOT** intended to be considered a **GUARANTEE OR WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, regarding the operation, function, or future reliability of the structure and its components. AND IT SHOULD NOT BE RELIED ON AS SUCH.** This report is only supplemental to the Sellers Disclosure and Pest (WDI) Inspection Report (if applicable). It should be used alongside these documents, along with quotes and advice from the tradespeople recommended in this report to better understand the condition of the structure and expected repair costs. Some risk is always involved when purchasing a property, and unexpected repairs should be anticipated, which is, unfortunately, a part of homeownership. One-Year Home Warranties are sometimes provided by the sellers and are **highly recommended** as they may cover future repairs on major items and components of the home. If a warranty is not provided by the seller(s), your Realtor can advise you of companies that offer them.

Additional Information/Limitations: Commercial Inspection Information

LMT - The template used to create this report is sometimes used in both standard residential home inspections and commercial multi-family properties. Any references in this report referencing residential Standards of Practice should be disregarded. The International Standards of Practice for Inspecting Commercial Properties (ComSOP) of the Certified Commercial Property Inspectors Association (CCPIA) https://ccpia.org/standards-of-practice/ will take precedence in this inspection.

This report does not include ADA, OSHA, or NFPA requirements. You should consult with a reputable construction company for further information regarding ADA compliance regarding your use of the building, as well as consulting with the local Fire Marshall as to what upgrades may be required for any particular business uses of the structure

Any references in this report to "**Home**" should be understood and read as the "**Structure**," as the template used to create this report is used for both Residential and Commercial Inspections.

Additional Information/Limitations: ©Copyright Notice

© Copyright Notice: This report is the property of My Property Inspector ©2023. The Client(s) and their Direct Real Estate Representative named herein have been named licensee(s) of this document. This document is non-transferrable, in whole or in part, to any third parties, including; subsequent buyers, sellers, and listing agents. Copying and pasting deficiencies to prepare the repair request is permitted. THE INFORMATION IN THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE RELIED UPON BY ANYONE OTHER THAN THE CLIENT NAMED HEREIN. This report is governed by an Inspection agreement that contained the scope of the inspection, including limitations, exclusions, and conditions of the copyright. Unauthorized recipients are advised to contact a qualified Home Inspector of their choosing to provide them with their own Inspection and Report.

Additional Information/Limitations: Items Not Inspected and Other Limitations

EXCL - <u>ITEMS NOT INSPECTED:</u> There are items that are not inspected/included in a home inspection, such as, but not limited to, fences and gates, pools and spas, outbuildings or any other detached structure, refrigerators, washers/dryers, storm doors, and storm windows, screens, window AC units, gas furnace heat exchangers, central vacuum systems, water softeners, alarm, and intercom systems, and any item that is not a permanently attached component of the home. Also, drop ceiling tiles are not removed, as they are easily damaged, and this is a non-invasive inspection. Subterranean systems are also excluded, such as but not limited to sewer lines, septic tanks, water delivery systems, and underground fuel storage tanks.

Water and gas shut-off valves are not operated under any circumstances. Also, any component or appliance that is unplugged or "shut off" is not turned on or connected for evaluation. I don't know why a component may be shut down and can't be liable for damages that may result from activating said components/appliances.

Also not reported on are the causes of the need for a repair; The methods, materials, and costs of corrections; Recalled appliances, items, and/or components; The suitability of the property for any specialized use; Compliance or non-compliance with codes, ordinances, statutes, regulatory requirements or restrictions; The market value of the property or its marketability; The advisability or inadvisability of purchase of the property; The insurability of the structure or any of its items or components; Any component or system that was not observed; Calculate the strength, adequacy, design, or efficiency of any system or component; Enter any area or perform any procedure that may damage the property or its components or be dangerous to the home inspector or other persons; Operate any system or component that is shut down or otherwise inoperable; Operate any system or component that does not respond to

My Property Inspector Page 12 of 72

normal operating controls; Disturb insulation, move personal items, panels, furniture, equipment, plant life, soil, snow, ice, or debris that obstructs access or visibility. Also excluded is the proper installation of Stucco and EIFS and the repercussions of improper installation, including water damage to the structure.

Lastly, a home inspection does not address environmental concerns such as but not limited to: Asbestos, lead, lead-based paint, radon, mold, wood-destroying insects or organisms (termites, etc.), cockroaches, rodents, pesticides, fungus, treated lumber, Chinese drywall, mercury, or carbon monoxide.

Additional Information/Limitations: Recommended Contractors & Professionals Information

It is HIGHLY recommended that licensed professionals are used for repairs, replacements, or further evaluations of defects referenced in this report, and copies of their receipts/invoices are provided to you for warranty purposes. The inspection company can perform visual re-inspections of individual repairs. That inspection will follow the same standard of practice; a visual, non-invasive inspection utilizing normal operating controls when applicable.

The term "Qualified Professional" or "Qualified Person" in this report relates to an individual, company, or contractor who is either licensed or certified in the field of concern. The term "evaluation" may be used in conjunction with repairs to be performed by contractors or other licensed professionals, as they may discover additional problems due to their repairs being invasive and they are specialists in their respective fields. This differs from the term "Full Evaluation", as a full evaluation is a recommendation for the referenced contractor/professional to fully look over all components, parts, and pieces of a component, system, or area. <u>Any listed items in this report concerning areas reserved for such experts should not be construed as a detailed, comprehensive, and/or exhaustive list of problems or areas of concern.</u>

Additional Information/Limitations: Causes of Damage/Methods of Repair

Any suggested causes of damage or defects and methods of repair mentioned in this report are considered a professional courtesy to assist you in better understanding the condition of the home, and in my opinion, only from the standpoint of a visual inspection, and should not be wholly relied upon. **Contractors or other licensed professionals will have the final determination on the causes of damage and/or defects and the best methods of repairs** due to being invasive with their evaluation. <u>Their evaluation will supersede the information found in this report.</u>

Additional Information/Limitations: Specialty Tools Information

LMT - Specialty tools, testers, meters, and the like may have been used during this inspection and photographed in this report. The use of any of these tools is beyond the scope of a home inspection and was done as a courtesy to provide you with as much information as possible about the property.

Quantitative readings will not be provided in this report. Although readings or other quantitative values may be represented in photographs, these values should not be wholly relied upon as they can change from day to day, with differing conditions.

Additional Information/Limitations: Other Notes - Important Info

INACCESSIBLE AREAS: In the report, there may be specific references to areas and items that were inaccessible or only partly accessible. I can make no representations regarding conditions that may be present in these areas that were concealed or inaccessible for review. With access and an opportunity for inspection, **reportable conditions or hidden damage may be found in areas that were not accessible or only partly accessible. These conditions or damage are excluded from this inspection.**

QUALITATIVE vs. QUANTITATIVE - A home inspection is not quantitative. When multiple or similar parts of a system, item, or component are found to have a deficiency, the deficiency will be noted qualitatively, such as "multiple present," etc. A quantitative number of deficient parts, pieces, or items will not be given. The repairing contractor will need to evaluate and ascertain the full amount or extent of the deficiency or damage. **This is not a technically exhaustive inspection.**

REPAIRS VERSUS UPGRADES - I inspect homes to today's safety and building standards. Therefore some recommendations made in this report may not have been required when the home was constructed and could be considered non-conforming. Building standards change and are improved for the safety and benefit of the home's occupants. Therefore, any repairs and/or upgrades mentioned in this report should be considered for safety, performance, and longevity of the home's items and components. Although I will address some recommended upgrades in the report, this should not be construed as a full listing of items that could potentially be upgraded. To learn of ALL the ways the home could be brought up to today's building and safety standards, full and exhaustive evaluations should be conducted by qualified tradespeople.

COMPONENT LIFE EXPECTANCY - Components may be listed as having no deficiencies at the time of inspection but may fail at any time due to their age or lack of maintenance, which couldn't be determined by the inspector. **PHOTOGRAPHS:** Several photos are included in your inspection report as a courtesy and are not required by the Standards of Practice. These photos are for **informational purposes only and do not attempt to show every instance or occurrence of a defect.**

TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS: This report is proofread before sending it out, but typographical errors may be present. If any errors are noticed, don't hesitate to contact me for clarification.

My Property Inspector Page 13 of 72

Please acknowledge once you have completed reading this report. At that time, I will be happy to answer any questions you may have or provide clarification. <u>Non-acknowledgment implies that you understood all information contained in this report.</u>

Additional Information/Limitations: Older Property Information

AGED/LMT - This property was over 50 years of age, and all components and items of any property have a finite life span. Therefore, repairs or replacement of items should be expected and anticipated in the future due to the age of the property alone. Properties of this age were not constructed to today's standards, and the property's items and components will be inspected based on their functionality and lack of damage, not how they measure up to today's standards. Some comments may be made in this report regarding upgrades for safety, but this should not be expected to be found throughout the report as a property inspection does not address code compliance, and today's codes have drastically changed compared to the codes in place when this property was constructed. To learn more about how this property could be improved regarding today's safety or construction standards, a general contractor, licensed electrician, and/or other licensed professionals should be consulted and do full further evaluations.

You are advised that older properties often have concerns that are not readily accessible and visible (concealed behind walls, ceilings, floors, covered with carpet, buried under insulation, etc.) When renovations and repairs are performed, these "hidden" concerns may become visible and require additional and unforeseen repair work. Every effort is made during this inspection to discover all concerns; however, it is impossible to find every defect present, especially in older structures. Concerns that are not readily visible at the time of this inspection cannot be commented on and are specifically excluded from this inspection.

Additional Information/Limitations: Heavy Amount of Personal Belongings Present

LMT - There was a HEAVY amount of personal belongings present in the home at the time of inspection. These personal belongings were not moved or altered in any way. These belongings can block visual accessibility of several items throughout the home, including but not limited to wall and floor surfaces, receptacles, air registers, closets, cabinet floor and wall surfaces, under sink plumbing, etc. This inspection is limited to visual portions only, as furniture is not moved, rugs are not lifted, and cabinet and closet storage is not rearranged for the sake of visual accessibility. It is highly recommended that you evaluate these areas for defects during your final walk-through or at some point after personal belongings have been removed, as reportable conditions could be present in these areas. If any concerns are noticed during your final walk-through, feel free to contact me.

Additional Information/Limitations: Comment Key - Definitions

This report places defects into three categories: Significant/Major Defects, Marginal Defects, and Minor Defects/Maintenance Items/FYI.

Significant Defects - Items or components that were not functional represent a serious safety concern and/or may require a major expense to correct/replace. Items categorized in this manner require further evaluation and repairs or replacement as needed by a Qualified Contractor **before the end of your contingency period.**

Marginal Defects - Items or components that were found to include a safety hazard or a functional or installation-related deficiency. These items may have been functional at the time of inspection, but this functionality may be impaired, not ideal, and/or the defect may lead to further problems (*most defects will fall into this categorization*). Repairs or replacement is recommended for items categorized in this manner for optimal performance and/or to avoid future problems or adverse conditions that may occur due to the defect <u>before the end of your contingency period</u>. Items categorized in this manner typically require repairs from a Qualified Contractor or Handyman <u>and are not considered routine maintenance or DIY repairs</u>.

Minor Defects/Maintenance Items/FYI - This categorization will include items or components that may need minor repairs that can improve their functionality and/or items found to be in need of recurring or basic general maintenance. This categorization will also include observations, recommended upgrades to items, areas, or components,

These categorizations are based on my professional judgment and experience, based on what I observed at the time of inspection. These categorizations should not be construed to mean that items designated as "Minor defects" or "Marginal Defects" do not need repairs or replacement. The recommendations made in each comment are more important than the categorization. Due to your perception, opinions, or personal experience, you may feel defects belong in a different category, and you should feel free to consider the importance you believe they hold during your purchasing decision. Once again, it's the "Recommendations" in the comment's text pertaining to each defect that is paramount, not its categorical placement. Neglecting attention, repairs, servicing, and/or maintenance can allow items designated as Blue to turn to Orange and Orange items to Red.

Other designations include:

LMT: Limitation - The item, system, area, or component contained inspection limitations, which may include, but are not limited to: visibility limitations, accessibility limitations, items being shut off, etc. Please read the corresponding comment for more information. Follow-up evaluations should be performed on any items or areas designated in this manner, as desired by you, prior to the end of your inspection contingency period.

EXCL: Excluded - The item, system, area, or component is excluded from this inspection due to being outside the scope of a home inspection, was not accessible or visible, and/or for other reasons. Please read the corresponding comment for more information. Follow-up evaluations should be performed on any items or areas designated in this manner, as desired by you, prior to the end of your inspection contingency period.

My Property Inspector Page 14 of 72

SFTY: Safety Concern - The item, system, area, or component represented a safety concern or hazard and should be addressed as soon as possible by a qualified professional.

AGED: AGED - The item, system, or component was nearing, at, or past the end of its typical service life but may have been still functional to some degree at the time of inspection. Although aged components are not a deficiency in and of themselves, major repairs or replacements should be anticipated and planned for on any items that are designated as being at or past the end of their typical life. Depending on the item, these repair or replacement costs can represent a major expense, i.e., HVAC Systems, Water Heaters, Plumbing pipes, Aged wiring, electrical panels, etc.

My Property Inspector Page 15 of 72

4: SITE ELEMENTS

IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Present O = Observation(s)

My Property Inspector Page 16 of 72

5: TOPOGRAPHY AND DRAINAGE

		IN	NI	NP	0
5.1	Topography	Χ			
5.2	Site Storm Water Drainage	Χ			

Information

Topography: Lot Description

Level, areas of minor slope

Site Storm Water Drainage: No Ponding Observed

No significant ponding was observed or reported.

Topography: Site Description

minor slope

Site Storm Water Drainage: No sign of erosion

No sign of erosion was observed or reported.

Site Storm Water Drainage: Storm

Water Drainage

Grading to City Storm Sewer (no catch basins found)

Site Storm Water Drainage: No major drainage problems

No major drainage problems were observed or reported.

My Property Inspector Page 17 of 72

6: PARKING

		IN	NI	NP	0
6.1	Parking lot: Storm Water Drainage	Χ			Χ
6.2	Bumpers (wheel stops)	Χ			
6.3	Lighting: Parking Lot	Χ			Χ
6.4	Lot Entrance & Exit	Χ			
6.5	Lot Ingress & Egress	Χ			
6.6	Markings	Χ			Χ
6.7	Parking stalls	Χ			
6.8	Safety & Security	Χ			Χ
6.9	Signage	Χ			Χ
6.10	Specialized Parking	Χ			
6.11	Surfacing	Χ			Χ
6.12	Visibility	Χ			

Information

Parking lot: Storm Water Drainage: Drainage System

Description

Gravity Prainage

Gravity Drainage

Parking stalls: Mostly Open Parking

Most of the parking lot consisted

of open parking.

Specialized Parking: Specialized

Parking Present

None

Surfacing: Surfacing Material

Asphalt

Parking lot: Storm Water Drainage: Drainage to Adjacent Soil

Storm water flowed via sheet flow to soil adjacent to parking lot. The ability of the soil to absorb stormwater adequately was dependent upon soil constituent characteristics. Lack of visible erosion indicated that past performance has been adequate.

Observation(s)

My Property Inspector Page 18 of 72

6.1.1 Parking lot: Storm Water Drainage



DRAIN TERMINATION UNKNOWN

There was a storm drain in the parking lot. The drain termination is unknown. No water was observed in the parking lot catch basins.



My Property Inspector Page 19 of 72

6.3.1 Lighting: Parking Lot

INADEQUATE LIGHTING



The parking lot lighting was sub-standard in comparison to similar parking lots and usage.



6.6.1 Markings

STALLS NOT MARKED



Parking stalls were not designated. Parking spaces should be marked to comply with applicable regulations or best practice.



My Property Inspector Page 20 of 72

6.8.1 Safety & Security



DID NOT APPEAR TO BE ADA COMPLIANT

Lot parking did not appear to comply with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) regulations. Consider upgrading parking to comply with ADA regulations.

6.8.2 Safety & Security

Repair / Replace

RAMPS - NO ANTI-SKID SURFACE

Pedestrian ramps did not have slip-resistant surfaces. This condition is a potential safety hazard to pedestrians, especially during inclement weather. Action should be taken as necessary to improve pedestrian safety in any such areas.

6.9.1 Signage



ROUTES TO ENTRANCES/EXITS NOT CLEAR

The parking lot was not clearly marked with signs indication the locations of entrances and exits. Signs should be installed to adequately identify these locations.

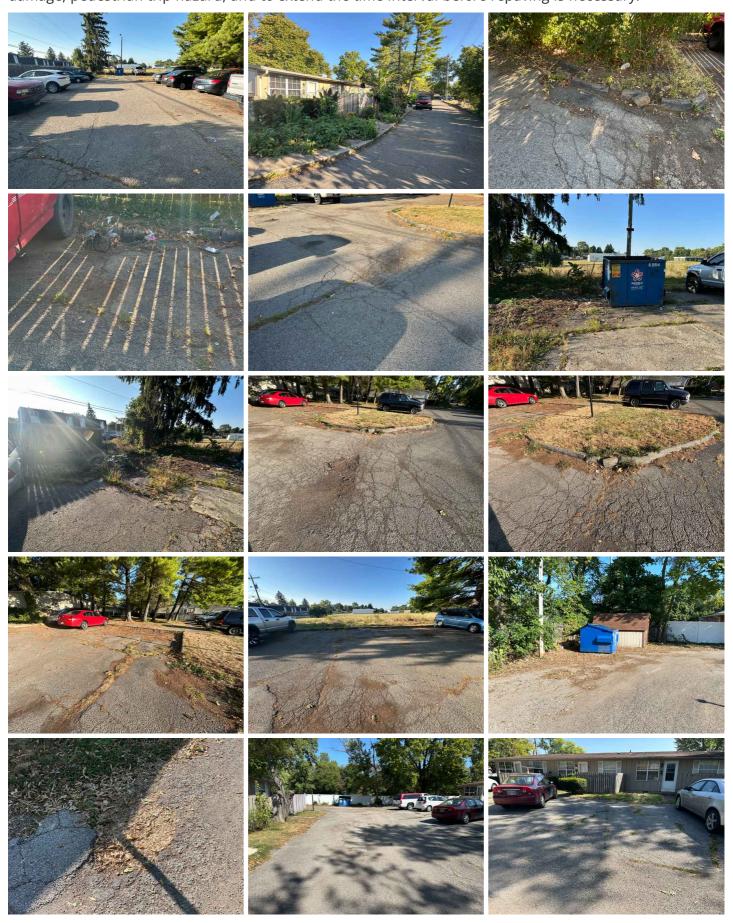
My Property Inspector Page 21 of 72

6.11.1 Surfacing

DETERIORATION - GENERALLY SEVERE



The parking lot pavement exhibited general severe disrepair and deterioration, including potholes, cracks, and erosion that will worsen with time. These areas should be repaired as necessary to avoid vehicle damage, pedestrian trip hazard, and to extend the time interval before repaving is necessary.



My Property Inspector Page 22 of 72





My Property Inspector Page 23 of 72

7: GROUNDS AND DRAINAGE

		IN	NI	NP	0
7.1	Walkways and Steps	Χ			Х
7.2	Grading and Surface Drainage	Χ			
7.3	Vegetation	Χ			Χ
7.4	Grounds and Drainage Other	Χ			

IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Present O = Observation(s)

Information

Walkways and Steps : Walkway
Material
Concrete
Grading and Surface Drainage:
Grading/Drainage Conditions
Satisfactory Grading

Walkways and Steps: Stairs Information

The stairs were inspected by looking at their construction, attachment, risers and treads, applicable railings, etc. No significant deficiencies were observed at visible portions at the time of inspection, unless otherwise noted in this report.

Walkways and Steps: Walkway Information

The walkway(s) (as applicable) were inspected to determine their effect on the structure of the property, and their safe condition. Any visible deficiencies beyond what is considered 'normal wear and tear' that may be present will also be reported on, such as; cracking, displacement, or other damage. The deficiencies noted here may not be an all-inclusive listing.

Grading and Surface Drainage: Grading / Drainage Overview

The grounds in contact with the structure were inspected to determine that they were sloped to allow rainwater to drain away from the structure adequately. The soil is recommended to slope away from the foundation, with a 6-inch drop in elevation, in the first 10 feet away from the structure (5% grade). When the 5% grade can not be achieved, swales or drains should be used as needed to properly divert and/or manage rainwater runoff. Any flat or low areas around the structure should be backfilled and sloped away from the foundation to prevent potential moisture infiltration into areas below grade (as applicable). No significant grading deficiencies were present at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Grading and Surface Drainage: Hard Grade Information

Hard grade surfaces (asphalt or concrete) in contact with the structure were inspected to determine that they were installed and sloped in a manner to allow rainwater to drain away from the structure adequately. These surfaces are recommended to slope away from the foundation, with 1/4" drop p/foot to achieve a 2% grade. When the 2% grade can not be achieved, drains should be used as needed to manage rainwater runoff properly. No significant hard grading deficiencies were observed at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Grading and Surface Drainage: Grading Limitations

LMT - The grading and lot drainage performance are limited to the conditions existing at the time of the inspection only. I cannot guarantee this performance as conditions constantly change. Heavy rain or other weather conditions may reveal issues that were not visible or foreseen at the time of inspection. Furthermore, items such as leakage in downspouts and gutter systems are impossible to detect during dry weather and can add moisture to the soil in the area around the foundation. The inspection of the grading and drainage performance in relation to moisture infiltration through foundation walls or under slabs is limited to the visible conditions at the time of inspection and evidence of past problems. I recommend consulting with the sellers as to any previous moisture intrusion into the structure and reading over the Seller's Disclosure, which should list any such issues.

Vegetation: Vegetation Information

Vegetation was inspected around the home to ensure that it had adequate clearance from the structure and was not impacting the structure. No significant deficiencies were observed unless otherwise noted in this report.

My Property Inspector Page 24 of 72

Observation(s)

7.1.1 Walkways and Steps

Repair / Replace

WALKWAY - UNEVEN SURFACE (TRIP HAZARD)

IN LOCATIONS AROUND ALL BUILDINGS

SFTY - The walkway had an uneven surface which creates low and high areas that could be considered a potential trip hazard. An evaluation of the walkway with repairs or modifications made as needed for safety is recommended to be performed by a qualified professional.

Note: Photos are examples and do not capture all instances of uneven walkways.







7.1.2 Walkways and Steps

CRUMBLING CONCRETE ON STEPS

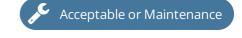


The concrete was crumbling on the porch steps. This is due to water intrusion into the concrete and freeze/thaw cycles. This will continue to deteriorate. Recommend repair/replacement.



7.2.1 Grading and Surface Drainage

ACCEPTABLE



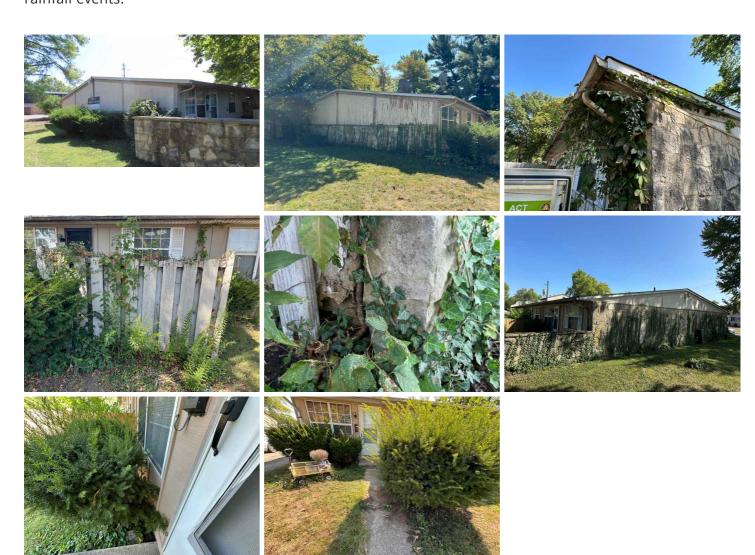
My Property Inspector Page 25 of 72

7.3.1 Vegetation

VEGETATION - AGAINST/NEAR THE PROPERTY



There was vegetation in contact with, or in close proximity to the home in areas. Pruning or removal of any plants within 1-2 feet of the home is recommended to be conducted by a qualified person to eliminate pathways of wood-destroying insects and allow moisture to adequately dry behind these areas after rainfall events.



My Property Inspector Page 26 of 72

7.3.2 Vegetation

TREE(S) - LIMBS WITHIN 10 FEET OF ROOF



Tree limbs were present that were covering portions of the roof surface or within 10 feet of the roof. Tree limbs within 10 feet of the roof should be trimmed away to provide air and sunlight to the roof, allowing the roof surface to adequately dry after rainfall events. Leaves from trees can also clog downspouts and gutters allowing them to overflow. Trimming or removal of the offending branches as needed is recommended to be conducted by a tree trimming company.



My Property Inspector Page 27 of 72

8: UTILITIES

		IN	NI	NP	0
8.1 L	Utilities	Χ			

Information

Utilities: No utility bills provided Utilities: Provider: electrical

Utility bills were not provided. The utility provider was not confirmed.

Electrical: Electrical service is typically provided by AEP.

Utilities: Provider: water/sewer

Water/sewer: Water and sewer service for this zip code are typically provided by the City of Columbus. Note: the main water shutoff for each unit was not found. Recommend asking the current owner as to the location of the main water shutoff valves for each unit.

Utilities: Sewer scope recommended

Because of the age of the buildings and the slowness of the drains in some of the units, I recommend that you consider having a video inspection of the sewer lateral pipe performed. I can arrange to have this service performed for you. I contract these services with 'Drain Busters', a reputable sewer scope company in the Columbus market. I can handle scheduling, payment, and report distribution at the conclusion of the inspection. This provides you with a single POC and keeps the inspections resident on your client portal page on the My Property Inspector platform.

My Property Inspector Page 28 of 72

9: ---- FRAME & ENVELOPE ----

		IN	NI	NP	0
9.1	Foundation Configuration	Χ			Х

IN = Inspected

NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Present

O = Observation(s)

Information

Foundation Configuration:

Exterior cladding

Wood siding

Foundation Configuration: Roof

Deck

Plywood sheathing

Foundation Configuration: Main Floor Structure- Intermediate

Support

Undetermined

Foundation Configuration: Roof

Structure

Conventional wood frame

Foundation Configuration: Method used to Inspect

Crawlspace

Could not access

Observation(s)

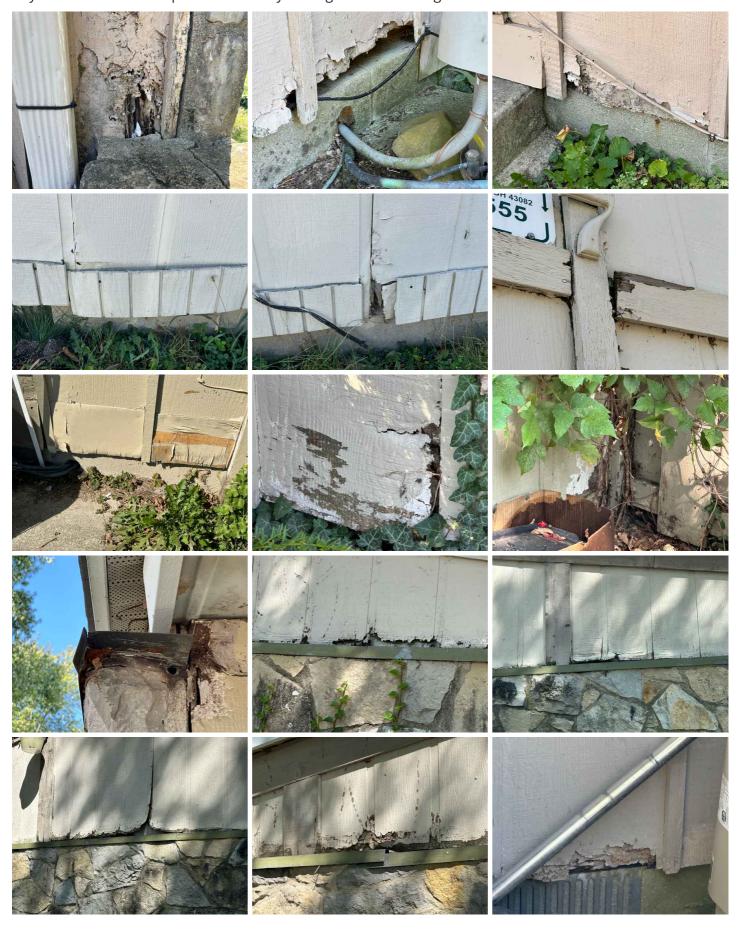
Page 29 of 72 My Property Inspector

9.1.1 Foundation Configuration

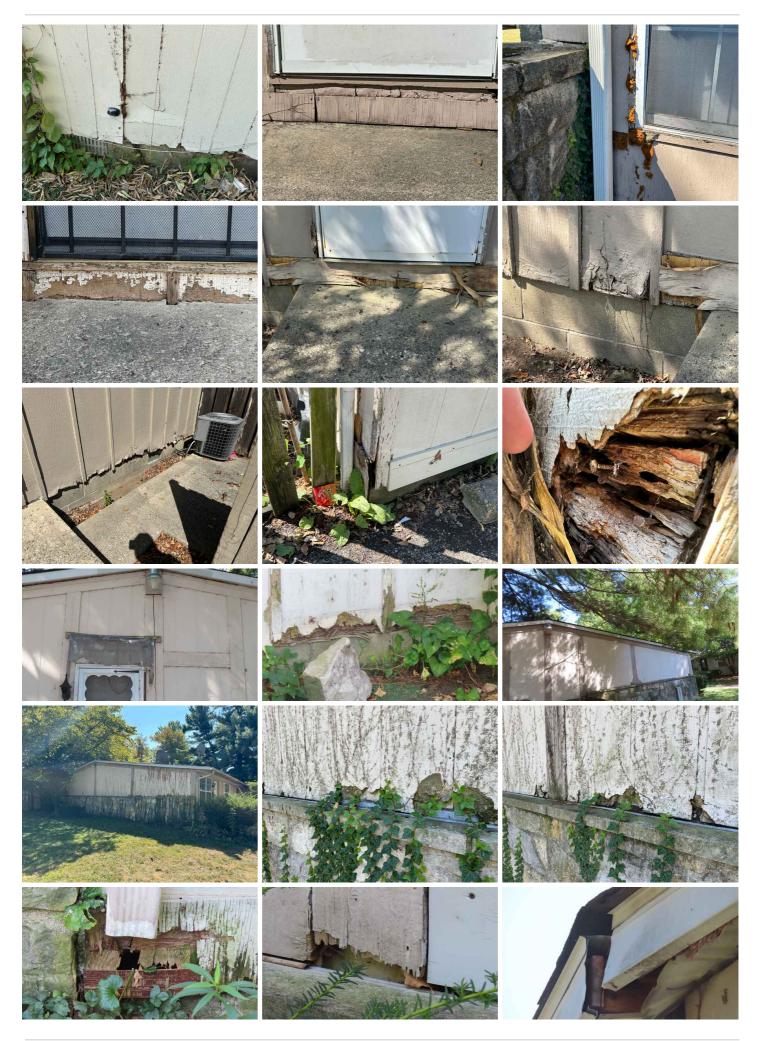


EXTERIOR WALL CLADDING - AT END OF USEFUL LIFE

The exterior wall cladding was at the end of its useful life. Multiple areas of damage and rot that is beyond a reasonable repair due to likely damage to the framing structure.



My Property Inspector Page 30 of 72



My Property Inspector Page 31 of 72





My Property Inspector Page 32 of 72

10: LANDSCAPING AND APPURTENANCES

		IN	NI	NP	0
10.1	Landscaping General Description	Χ			
10.2	Boundary Walls	Χ			Χ
10.3	Fencing	Χ			Χ
10.4	Trees	Χ			Χ
10.5	Exterior Lighting	Χ			Χ

Information

Landscaping General Description: Landscaping description

Landscaping in general consisted of trees growing along foundations, and in common areas. There were no formal/maintained mulch beds or intentional foundational plantings. Vegetation appeared to be randomly growing shrubs within grassy areas.

Boundary Walls: Boundary/Courtyard Walls

There were two stone courtyard walls present on each side of the street, with a walkway located at the center of the wall.

Observation(s)

My Property Inspector Page 33 of 72

10.2.1 Boundary Walls

WALL-WATER INFLITRATION



Walls were in decent condition, but may need some maintenance attention to mitigate future water damage. Boundary walls walls showed signs of water infiltration and mortar cracking.



10.3.1 Fencing

DETERIORATION: MODERATE TO SEVERE







My Property Inspector Page 34 of 72

10.4.1 Trees

TREES: TRIMMING NEEDED



Trees on the property were in need of trimming. (examples shown)









10.5.1 Exterior Lighting

WALKWAY LIGHTS: REPAIR/REPLACE



Light fixtures along walkways were in visibly poor condition and needed repair or replacement. These fixtures are typically controlled by timers or photosensors and were not tested.















My Property Inspector Page 35 of 72

11: FOUNDATION AREA

		IN	NI	NP	0
11.1	Foundation General Information	Χ			
11.2	Foundation Walls	Χ			
11.3	Floor Structure		Χ		
11.4	Floor Structure Support		Χ		
11.5	Subfloor		Χ		
11.6	Insulation		Χ		
11.7	Ventilation		Χ		
11.8	Stairs			Χ	
11.9	Exterior Door			Χ	

IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Present O = Observation(s)

Floor Structure: Amount of Floor

Information

Foundation General Information: Foundation General Information: Foundation

Foundation TypeFloor Structure VisualWall MaterialCrawl SpaceObstructionsCMU Block

Inaccessible

Foundation Walls: Amount of Floor Structure: Floor Structure

Foundation Walls Visible Materials Structure Visible

Less than 5% Not Visible 0%

Floor Structure Support: Floor Insulation: Insulation Present at

Structure Support Type Unfinished Areas

Not Visible Not Visible

Foundation General Information: Foundation Area Not Accessible

EXCL - The referenced area of the foundation was not accessible. The items and components located under this area are excluded from this inspection. I recommend for access to be made available with an evaluation of the area conducted at that time.

Foundation Walls: Foundation Walls Information

Visible portions of the foundation walls were inspected looking for significant cracking, moisture intrusion, or any other indications of damage or significant deficiencies. No reportable conditions were observed at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Floor Structure: Floor Structure - Not Visible

EXCL - The floor structure of the home was not visible due to the referenced visual limitations found above.

Floor Structure Support: Floor Structure Supports Not Visible

EXCL - The floor structure support(s) in the basement area were not visible and therefore their type and condition are excluded from its inspection.

Subfloor: Subfloor Not Visible

EXCL - The subfloor was not visible for evaluation due to a lack of visual accessibility from referenced visual obstructions.

Ventilation: Ventilation Information

My Property Inspector Page 36 of 72

The crawl space ventilation was reported on by stating its presence and looking for indications of improper ventilation. No reportable conditions were present at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Stairs: Stairs Information

The stairs were inspected by evaluating the risers and treads, applicable railings, etc. No deficiencies were observed at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Exterior Door: Exterior Basement Door Information

The exterior basement door was inspected by looking for damage, lack of proper flashing, deficiencies with its operation, etc. No reportable deficiencies were present at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

My Property Inspector Page 37 of 72

12: ---- INTERIOR -----

		IN	NI	NP	0
12.1	General	Χ			

My Property Inspector Page 38 of 72

13: ATTIC, ROOF STRUCTURE, & VENTILATION

		IN	NI	NP	0
13.1	General Information		Χ		
13.2	Attic Access	Χ			Χ
13.3	Inspection Method	Χ			
13.4	Ventilation	Χ			
13.5	Insulation		Χ		
13.6	Exhaust Fan(s)	Χ			Χ
13.7	Plumbing Stack Vents		Χ		

IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Present O = Observation(s)

Information

Attic Access: Access Location(s)

Kitchen Area

Attic Access: Access Type(s)

Pull Down Stair(s)

Inspection Method: Inspection

Method

Not Inspected

Inspection Method: Attic Access

Opening(s) -

Obstructions/Concerns

Safe entry

Inspection Method: Attic Area -Safety Concerns/Obstructions

Low Clearance, HVAC Ductwork

Inspection Method: Amount of

Gable Vents, Soffit Inlet Vents

Attic Physically Accessible

Inspection Method: Amount of

Attic Visually Accessible

Less Than 10%

Inspection Method: Areas of Attic Ventilation: Ventilation Types **Not Visibly Accessible or Fully**

Accessible Front of Home

Exhaust Fan(s): Exhaust Fan **Vent(s) Termination Point(s)**

In Attic

Attic Access: Attic Access Information

The attic access(es) were inspected by reporting on their location and type, as well as looking for any significant defects in association with the access. No reportable conditions were present at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Inspection Method: Attic Accessibility Information & Limitations

LMT - All attics are attempted to be entered and traversed as best and safely as possible. The inspection method, along with the approximate percentages of the attic that were both physically and visibly accessible, will be listed above, along with any safety concerns or hindrances that limited the attic's inspection. The inspection method is at my sole discretion and depends on several factors including, but not limited to: accessibility, clearances, insulation levels, stored items, temperature, etc. The inspection of the attic is limited to visible portions only, and any areas that were not visible are excluded from this inspection. Hidden damage is always possible, as no attic can be fully evaluated due to physical and visible obstructions such as insulation, which is not moved or disturbed for visual accessibility of any items.

Inspection Method: Not Inspected - Access screwed in Place

EXCL - At least one pull-down ladder was screwed into place. This is considered not readily openable by the Standards of Practice, and the attic area was not inspected. The condition of the attic area and its components are excluded from this inspection.

Inspection Method: Not Inspected - Access Sealed Closed

My Property Inspector Page 39 of 72

FYI - The attic access was sealed in the closed position and the attic could not be accessed in this area. The condition of any components located in this portion of the attic are excluded from this inspection.

Insulation: Insulation Information

The insulation was inspected to determine the approximate depth and type. Current energy star standards recommend between 10-17 inches of insulation (dependent upon type) to achieve an R-38 rating. Depending on when the home was constructed, anywhere from 6 - 14 inches may be present. No reportable deficiencies were observed with the insulation unless otherwise noted in this report.



	Cellulose	Fiberglass	Rock Wool
R-value/inch	3.2-3.8	2.2-2.7	3.0-3.3
Inches (cm) needed for R-38	10-12 (25-30)	14-17 (35-43)	11.5-13 (29-33)
Density in lb/ft³ (kg/m³)	1.5-2.0 (24-36)	0.5-1.0 (10-14)	1.7 (27)
Weight at R-38 in lb/ft² (kg/m²)	1.25-2.0 (6-10)	0.5-1.2 (3-6)	1.6-1.8 (8-9)
OK for 1/2" drywall, 24" on center?	No	Yes	No
OK for 1/2" drywall, 16" on center?	Yes	Yes	Yes
OK for 5/8" drywall, 24" on center?	Yes	Yes	Yes

Exhaust Fan(s): Not Visible - Inaccessible Attic

EXCL - The exhaust fans were not inspected due to an inaccessible attic. The fan(s) and their termination point are excluded from this inspection.

Plumbing Stack Vents: Vent Stack(s) Information

Visible portions of the plumbing stack vent(s) were inspected looking for any disconnected portions and looking at the condition of the sheathing or decking surrounding them for indications of past or present leaks. No reportable conditions were present at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Observation(s)

13.2.1 Attic Access

PULL DOWN STAIRS - NOT INSULATED



The attic opening over the pull down stairs was not insulated. This can affect the energy efficiency and "comfort" level of the home. I recommend adding an insulated cover over the access. Here's a link that discusses this further:

https://www.greenbuildingadvisor.com/article/how-to-insulate-and-air-seal-pull-down-attic-stairs



13.2.2 Attic Access

PULL DOWN STAIRS - END OF LIFE



The attic pull-down stairs were aged, had no weight rating, and in my opinion were at the end of their useful life and not safe to traverse.

Note: Units 4514, 4496, 4482 (no access), 4463, and 4467 had pull-down stairs that either did not pull down, or seemed to have a spring defect.

My Property Inspector Page 40 of 72

13.6.1 Exhaust Fan(s)



EXHAUST FAN(S) - TERMINATING IN ATTIC

An exhaust fan duct pipe was visible from the opening in at least one unit. Considering the lack of roof vents and/or louvered vents on sidewalls, it's a good indication that bathrooms are venting into the attic in all units. Exhaust fans should be vented to the exterior of the home to limit condensation and moisture in the attic.

Proper Bathroom Fan Venting







My Property Inspector Page 41 of 72

14: BATHROOM(S)

		IN	NI	NP	0
14.1	General Information	Χ			
14.2	Ventilation	Χ			
14.3	Sink(s)	Χ			Χ
14.4	Undersink Plumbing - Bathroom	Χ			Χ
14.5	Bathtub(s)	Χ			Χ
14.6	Shower(s)	Χ			
14.7	Shower Walls	Χ			Χ
14.8	Toilet(s)	Χ			Χ

Information

General Information: Bathroom View(s)

Ventilation: Ventilation SourcesVentilation Fan(s)

Undersink Plumbing - Bathroom: Undersink Plumbing Visibly Obstructed?

Yes

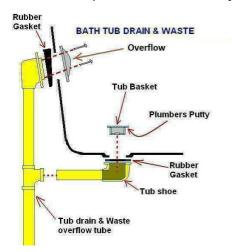
General Information: Tub and Shower Drain Information

LMT - Water was run through the drains of tubs and showers for an extended period, and the areas under these drains (if applicable) were then inspected with thermal imaging looking for indications of leaks. No leaks were observed at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

What can't be replicated are the effects of weight applied to these drains. When showering or bathing, the forces from weight can put strain on gaskets or joints on the drain pipes, which can possibly result in leaking. This can be even more likely if the home has been vacant for an extended period of time. Therefore any leaks that occur from these areas after the time of inspection are excluded.

General Information: Tub and Sink Overflow Limitations

LMT - Tub and sink overflows are not tested for functionality due to the very high likelihood the gaskets will leak. Care should be exercised in filling tubs to not allow water into the overflow. While they will likely drain away the bulk of water, some amount of leaking should be anticipated. As an improvement, a licensed plumber could check the gaskets and make repairs deemed necessary. Again, it should be assumed these overflows will not be watertight.



Ventilation: Ventilation Information

Bathroom ventilation is reported on by its source; windows or ventilation fans are acceptable forms of ventilation for bathrooms containing a tub and/or shower. If fans are present they will be tested by operating the switch and listening

My Property Inspector Page 42 of 72

for proper air flow. Although windows in a bathroom can substitute for a fan, a fan is still recommended due to not utilizing windows in colder winter months. No deficiencies were observed with the ventilation at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Sink(s): Sinks Information

The sink(s) were inspected by operating the faucet water valves and checking for proper flow and drainage, looking for leaks, operating pop-ups, etc. No reportable conditions were observed at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Undersink Plumbing - Bathroom: Sink Plumbing Information

The visible portions of the sink plumbing was inspected by running water through the drain pipe for over one minute and looking for leaks from the drain pipe/trap assembly, water supply lines, and areas underneath the sink area (ceiling below/basement/crawl space). Other significant defects are also looked for with the plumbing. No reportable conditions were observed at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Undersink Plumbing - Bathroom: Personal Belongings Under Sink(s)

LMT - Stored items were present in the under-sink cabinet(s). This may obscure the visual accessibility of some areas, including plumbing components and cabinet floor/wall surfaces. The inspection of these areas is limited to visible portions only.

Bathtub(s): Bathtub(s) Information

The bathtub(s) were inspected by operating the faucet valves checking for proper flow and drainage and looking for leaks and/or any cracks or damage to the tub itself. No deficiencies were observed at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Shower(s): Showers Information

The shower(s) were inspected by operating the water valve(s) and ensuring proper flow and drainage was present, looking for leaks, and/or any significant defects. No reportable conditions were present at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Shower Walls: Shower Walls/Surround Information

The shower walls and/or surround were inspected looking for any significant damage or areas that could allow for water infiltration behind the walls. No reportable conditions were present at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Toilet(s): Toilet(s) Information

LMT - The toilets were inspected by flushing them to ensure they were flushing adequately and to determine that no leaks were present at the water supply line or tank location. No deficiencies were observed at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report. Toilets are not tested for their attachment to the closet flange/anchor bolts, as pushing on or manipulating a toilet can "break" the wax seal allowing for leaks. The securement of the toilets is excluded from this inspection.

Observation(s)

14.1.1 General Information



PLUMBING FIXTURES - NOT SEALED

There were plumbing fixture(s) present that were not sealed at their protrusion through a wall, floor, and/or shower surround. Tub faucets, water valves, toilets, and other plumbing fixtures are recommended to be sealed around to prevent water infiltration under or around the fixtures. Sealing any fixtures in need is recommended to be performed by a qualified person.

My Property Inspector Page 43 of 72

14.3.1 Sink(s)

SINK - DAMAGE PRESENT



4482

The referenced sink/countertop had some degree of damage present.



14.4.1 Undersink Plumbing - Bathroom

DRAIN PIPES - FLEX DRAIN PIPE PRESENT



A flex drain pipe was present. Flex drain pipes are not recommended as they may clog more often and affect water drain flow. Current standards call for smooth walled drain pipes only.





14.4.2 Undersink Plumbing - Bathroom

DRAIN PIPES - SEALED



There were area(s) of the drain pipe that were caulked, sealed, or puttied. This may have been an unprofessional attempt to stop a leak.

Note: the photo for this deficiency did not process correctly and is unusable for this report. The drain pipes were completely sealed on the slip joint and at the trap fittings.

My Property Inspector Page 44 of 72

14.5.1 Bathtub(s)

DRAINAGE - HINDERED

Repair / Repla

4476 AND 4467

Slow or hindered drainage was present in the one of more bathtub(s).





14.5.2 Bathtub(s)

FAUCET/VALVES - NOT FLUSH WITH WALL



The faucet and or valves were not flush with the wall. This can allow for water infiltration around the fixture.



14.5.3 Bathtub(s)

FAUCET/VALVES - VALVE HANDLE MISSING



The water valve handle(s) were missing in the referenced bathroom(s).



My Property Inspector Page 45 of 72

14.7.1 Shower Walls

SEALANT - CRACKED/GAPS PRESENT



4477

Cracks and/or gaps were present in areas of the sealant on the shower walls.



14.8.1 Toilet(s)

TOILET - NOT FLUSHING PROPERLY



4467

The toilet was not flushing properly. The toilet fill valve may need repair or adjustment.



My Property Inspector Page 46 of 72

Gerard Tema 4468 Reinbeau Dr

15: PESTS

		IN	NI	NP	0
15.1	Pests	Χ			Χ

IN = Inspected

NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Present

O = Observation(s)

Observation(s)

15.1.1 Pests

BEES ENTERING STRUCTURE

BACK RIGHT CORNER OF BUILDING 4

Bees were visible entering and exiting a hole in the building exterior.





My Property Inspector Page 47 of 72

16: ----- ROOF -----

		IN	NI	NP	0
16.1	General	Χ			

My Property Inspector Page 48 of 72

17: ROOF SURFACE

Information

Roof Views

Inspection Method From the Ground

Shingles: Shingles Stage of Life **Estimation**

End of Life

Roof Penetrations: Roof Protrusion Type(s)

Plumbing Stack Vent(s), Fixed Roof Exhaust Vent(s), Cupola

Roof Covering Material

3-Tab Composition Shingles

Roof Structure/Framing: Roof Structure Type

Rafters / Ceiling Joists, Plywood Sheathing

Amount of Roof Safely Walkable

Roof determined unsafe due to soft appearance of roof decking and extent of organic material on some of the roofs. However, the roofs were low enough, and the condition clearly visible, that walking the roof was not necessary to determine the condition of the roof.

Roof Limitations

LMT - The inspection of the roof and its covering material is limited to the conditions on the day of the inspection only. The roof covering material, visible portions of the roof structure from within the attic (if applicable), and interior ceilings were inspected looking for indications of current or past leaks. Future conditions and inclement weather may reveal leaks that were not present at the time of inspection.

Inspected From Ground

LMT - The roof was inspected from ground level. This inspection should be viewed as a limited inspection of visual portions only.

Inspected From Ground - Age and Condition of Roof Covering

LMT - The roof was inspected from a ladder due to the age and condition of the roof decking and shingles. The roof was sagging significantly, there were mismatched shingles, tarps were installed, and heavy organic material was present on a few of the roofs. These all heighten the risk of damaging the roof with foot traffic. This inspection should be viewed as a limited inspection of visual portions only. If a more thorough/tactile inspection is required, please consult a roofing contractor.

Roof Drainage Systems Including Gutters and Downspouts: Gutters Information

The gutters were inspected looking for proper securement, debris in the channel, standing water, damage, etc. Leaking gutters can not be diagnosed if an active rain was not occurring at the time of inspection, and if leaks are noticed after taking ownership of the property, sealing or repairs may be needed at seams or endcaps. No deficiencies were visibly present at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Roof Drainage Systems Including Gutters and Downspouts: Downspouts Information

The downspouts were inspected to ensure they were diverting rainwater away from the structure. Testing for blockages in downspouts or drainpipes is beyond the scope of a home inspection, as is locating their termination point. No deficiencies were present at visible portions at the time of inspection, unless otherwise noted in this report.

Shingles: Shingles Stage of Life Information

I will do my best to estimate the stage of life that the shingles appeared to be in at the time of inspection. 3-tab asphalt composition shingles typically have a 12-15 year life span. This would equate to:

- First Third of Life: 1-5 years in age
- Second Third of Life: 5-10 years in age
- Last Third of Life: 10-15 years in age

Shingles: 3-Tab Shingles

The roof covering was comprised of 3-tab composition shingles. 3-tab shingles are manufactured by starting with a fiberglass reinforcement mat, pouring a layer of asphalt over the fiberglass mat, and lastly the asphalt is covered by

Page 49 of 72 My Property Inspector

ceramic granules, which gives the shingles their 'color' and helps to protect the the asphalt from sustaining UV damage from the sun. Most 3-tab shingles carry between a 15 - 20 year pro-rated warranty, and will typically require replacement 13 - 15 years after initial installation. Typical aging characteristics are the loss of adhesion between the shingles, delamination (exposed fiberglass), granule loss, and curling of the shingles themselves. Due to the many variables which affect the lifespan of roof covering materials, I do not estimate the remaining service life of any roof coverings. This is in accordance with all industry inspection Standards of Practice.

The following factors affect the lifespan of roof covering materials:

- Roofing material quality: Higher quality materials, will of course, last longer.
- Number of layers: Shingles installed over existing shingles will have a shorter lifespan.
- Structure orientation: Southern facing roofs will have shorter lifespans.
- <u>Pitch of the roof</u>: Shingles will age faster on a lower pitched roof in comparison with higher pitches.
- <u>Climate</u>: Wind, rain, and snow will impact the lifespan of the roof. Color: Shingles that are darker in color will have a shorter lifespan, than lighter colored shingles.
- Attic Ventilation: Poorly vented attic spaces will decrease shingle life due to heat.
- Vegetation conditions: Overhanging trees, branches contacting the roof, or leaf cover drastically shorten lifespan.

Asphalt shingles must be installed to manufacturers' recommendations, for the warranty coverage to be upheld. These installation requirements vary widely from manufacturer to manufacturer, and across the multitude of different shingle styles manufactured. I will inspect the roof to the best of my ability, but **confirming proper fastening, use and adequacy of underlayment, and confirming flashing adequacy is impossible as these items are not visible.** Damaging and invasive means would have to be carried out to confirm proper installation. Therefore, the inspection of the roof is limited to visual portions only.

Shingles: Shingles Information - Viewed from Ground

LMT - The shingles were inspected from the ground at visibly accessible portions looking for excessive granule loss, signs of curling or delamination, and/or any other signs of damage or excessive age. No significant deficiencies were visibly present at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Shingles: Shingles Information - Aged

The shingles appeared to be in satisfactory condition at the time of inspection with respect to their age and typical wear and tear. Typical characteristics of shingles of this age were present (moderate granule loss, slight delamination, etc.).

Shingles: Shingles - Prior Repairs Present

FYI - Prior repairs were present on the roof surface. I recommend consulting with the sellers as to why.



Shingles: Shingles - Multiple Layers Present

Two layers of shingles were present on the roof surface, where the newer shingles were installed over the existing shingles. Although current standards allow for up to two layers, this can create a wavy-like appearance to the shingles and may cause the newer shingles to "wear" faster than expected due to heat. A Google search of "two layers of shingles" will provide additional information.

My Property Inspector Page 50 of 72





Roof Flashings: Roof Flashing Information & Limitations

LMT - Visible portions of the flashings were inspected, looking for significant deficiencies (drip edge, sidewall, headwall, counter, step, etc. - as applicable). **Typically most areas of flashings are not visible as they are covered by the roof covering material and/or the wall cladding** (as applicable). These areas are excluded from this inspection. Therefore functionality has to be determined by looking for moisture intrusion on ceilings where the flashing was presumed to be in place or on the roof decking from within the attic (as accessible). No reportable conditions were observed at visible portions at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Roof Penetrations: Protrusion(s) Viewed From Ground Level

LMT - The roof protrusions were viewed from ground level. No deficiencies were observed at visible portions at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report. The protrusions are also looked at from the attic (if accessible) to look for signs of leaks, etc.

Roof Penetrations: Not Visible from Accessible Portions

EXCL - The roof protrusion(s) were not visible from accessible portions. The condition of the roof protrusions (plumbing stack vents, etc.) are excluded from this inspection.

Observation(s)

17.1.1 Roof Drainage Systems Including Gutters and Downspouts



GUTTERS - VEGETATION GROWTH

The gutters were full of organic debris to the point that vegetation was growing out of the gutters. Typically when this amount of debris is present the total system is clogged including downspouts and any applicable drain tubes.





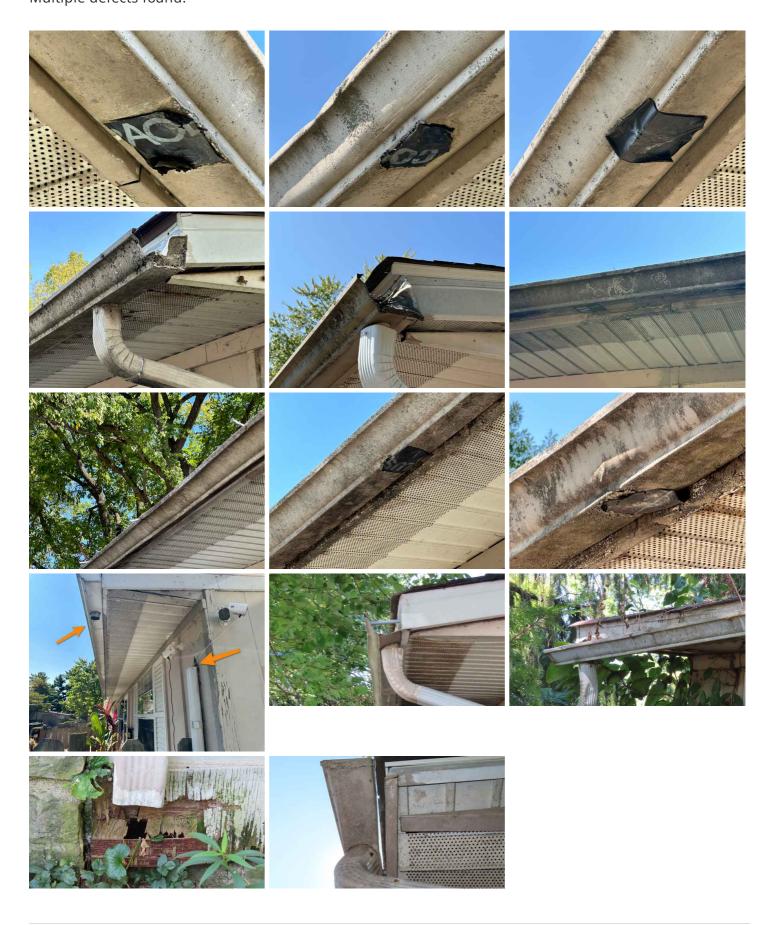
Weight of vegetation pulling gutter down

My Property Inspector Page 51 of 72

17.1.2 Roof Drainage Systems Including Gutters and Downspouts



GUTTERS AND DOWNSPOUTS - END OF USEFUL LIFE Multiple defects found.



My Property Inspector Page 52 of 72

17.2.1 Roof Surface Materials

Priority / Safety Issue

GENERAL - FULL ROOFING EVALUATION RECOMMENDED

Due to the referenced roof conditions, a full evaluation of the roof structure and shingles is recommended to be performed by a roofing contractor with repairs or replacement made as needed.

17.4.1 Roof Flashings



DRIP EDGE - DISPLACED

BUILDING 7

The drip edge flashing was displaced at the referenced area(s).



17.5.1 Roof Penetrations

ACCEPTABLE



17.6.1 Roof Structure/Framing





The framing of the roof structure was painted white in area(s). This is typically associated with either smoke restoration or mold remediation. I recommend consulting with the sellers as to why this was done and obtaining any applicable invoices of repairs.







My Property Inspector Page 53 of 72

17.6.2 Roof Structure/Framing



ROOF STRUCTURE - MOISTURE STAINS AT SHINGLE NAIL LOCATIONS (INDICATION OF CONDENSATION)

MULTIPLE UNITS

Moisture staining was present on the roof sheathing at shingle nail locations. This is indicative of moisture and/or high humidity allowing condensation to form on the roofing nails due to them having a lower dew point, in the right conditions. This can be the result of improper ventilation of the attic, moisture present in crawl space or basement areas reaching the attic via stack effect, and/or bathroom exhaust fans terminating in the attic. Or some combination of all of these issues.

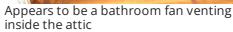














My Property Inspector Page 54 of 72

17.6.3 Roof Structure/Framing



RAFTERS AT RAKE END OF GABLE - SEPARATED FROM RIDGE

BUILDING 1

The rafters at the opposing slopes of the roof appeared to be separated from each other at their connection point at the ridge beam.





My Property Inspector Page 55 of 72

18: ROOF-MOUNTED VENTS

		IN	NI	NP	0
18.1	Plumbing Vents	Χ			
18.2	Combustion Vents			Χ	
18.3	Roof Structure vents	Χ			Х
18.4	Kitchen Exhaust Vents			Х	

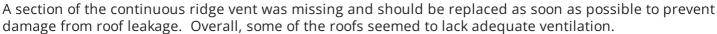
IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected O = Observation(s) NP = Not Present

Observation(s)

18.3.1 Roof Structure vents

CONTINUOUS RIDGE VENT - MISSING

4, 5, AND 6











My Property Inspector Page 56 of 72

19: ----- PLUMBING -----

		IN	NI	NP	0
19.1	General	Χ			

My Property Inspector Page 57 of 72

20: PLUMBING

		IN	NI	NP	0
20.1	Exterior Plumbing	Χ			
20.2	Water Supply and Distribution	Χ			
20.3	Water Treatment Systems			Χ	
20.4	Sewage and DWV Systems	Χ			
20.5	Gas Distribution System			Χ	
20.6	Water Heater: Gas			Χ	
20.7	Water Heater: Electric	Χ			Χ
20.8	Temperature/Pressure Relief Valve	Χ			Χ

IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Present O = Observation(s)

Information

Water Supply and Distribution: Distribution Pipe Bonding:

Not Observed at Visible Portions

Water Supply and Distribution:

Functional Flow

All plumbing fixtures had functional flow

Water Supply and Distribution: Main water shut-off: location

Unable to locate

Water Supply and Distribution:

Main Water Supply Pipe:

Main Supply Line Not Visible, Lines at water heater appeared to be 3/4 inch Water Supply and Distribution:

Potable Water Source: Public Water Supply Water Supply and Distribution:

Water Distribution Pipes:

Not Visible., Escutcheons blocked visual access to distribution piping in the kitchens and bathrooms

Sewage and DWV Systems: Drain

Waste and Vent Pipe Materials:

ABS or PVC

Sewage and DWV Systems:

Functional Drainage:

Most plumbing fixtures had functional drainage

Sewage and DWV Systems:

Sewage Ejector:

No Sewage Ejector Required

Sewage and DWV Systems:

Sewage System Type:

Public

Water Heater: Electric: Date of

Manufacture

One from 2004 - Unit 4477, One from 2005, Five from 2012, Two from 2014, One from 2019, Two from 2022, One from 2023, One

from 2024

Water Heater: Electric: Water

heater location

Kitchen

Water Heater: Electric: Water

Heater Manufacturer

A O Smith, Whirlpool

Water Heater: Electric: Water

Heater Tank Capacity

Ranges from 19 30 and 40

gallons

Water Heater: Electric: Water

Heater Type

Tank (conventional)

Observation(s)

My Property Inspector Page 58 of 72

20.7.1 Water Heater: Electric



RUST STAINS, PREVIOUS LEAKAGE

Rust stains on side of tank below the burner element access panel of this water heater indicated that it has leaked previously.





20.7.2 Water Heater: Electric

WATER HEATER TOO SMALL

4457

This water heater may not be large enough to supply adequate hot water..





TANK WATER HEATER

20.8.1 Temperature/Pressure Relief Valve

DISCHARGE PIPE: NONE INSTALLED

4457

No discharge pipe was installed at the temperature/pressure relief (TPR) valve. The TPR valve is designed to open and release extremely hot water when water temperature or pressure inside the tank exceeds safe levels. With no discharge pipe installed, persons near the tank might be badly burned by hot water released by the TPR valve.



My Property Inspector Page 59 of 72

21: ----- HVAC -----

		IN	NI	NP	0
21.1	General	Χ			

My Property Inspector Page 60 of 72

22: HEATING & COOLING COMPONENTS

		IN	NI	NP	0
22.1	General Information	Χ			
22.2	Exterior Unit(s) - Split System	Χ			Χ
22.3	Interior Unit(s) - Split System	Χ			Χ
22.4	Auxiliary Drain Pan		Χ		
22.5	Condensate Drain Pipe	Χ			Χ
22.6	Thermostat(s)	Χ			
22.7	Air Filter/Return Plenum	Χ			Χ
22.8	Air Return Information	Χ			
22.9	Return Air Temp	Χ			ı
22.10	Air Supply Information	Χ			
22.11	Air Supply Differential	Χ			
22.12	HVAC Supply Registers	Χ			
22.13	Visible Ductwork		Χ		
22.14	Cooling Source In Each Habitable Room	Χ			
22.15	Heating Source In Each Habitable Room	Χ			

IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Present O = Observation(s)

Information

Exterior Unit(s) - Split System:

Exterior Unit Location

Near Front Door of Each Unit

Exterior Unit(s) - Split System:

Exterior Unit Max Circuit Breaker

Amperage

Undetermined

Interior Unit(s) - Split System: **Interior Unit(s) Energy Source**

and Distribution

Electric Forced Air

Condensate Drain Pipe:

Condensate Drain Termination

Point

Not Found

Return Air Temp: Return Air

Temp

70-75

Exterior Unit(s) - Split System: **Exterior Unit Energy Source &**

Type

Electric AC Unit

Exterior Unit(s) - Split System:

Exterior Unit Overcurrent

Protection Amperage

Undetermined

Interior Unit(s) - Split System:

Interior Unit Manufacturer

Undetermined

Thermostat(s): Thermostat

Location(s)

Hallway, Front Bedroom

Air Supply Differential:

Mode

Varied by unit with working AC's, 10-15 Degrees, 15-20 Degrees

Exterior Unit(s) - Split System:

Exterior Unit Manufacturer

Some Ruud, Some Undetermined

Interior Unit(s) - Split System:

Interior Unit(s) Location

Attic

Auxiliary Drain Pan: Auxiliary

Drain Pan Present

Not Determined

Air Filter/Return Plenum: Filter

Size

Undetermined

Air Supply Differential:

Temperature Differential Cooling Temperature Differential Heating

Mode

15-20 Degrees

My Property Inspector Page 61 of 72

Heating Source In Each Habitable

Room: Heating Source In Each

Habitable Room?

Yes

Exterior Unit(s) - Split System: Exterior Unit Manufacture Year

Missing or Faded Data Tags, One was dated at 1989

The typical life expectancy of exterior units is approximately 13-15 years.

Exterior Unit(s) - Split System: Exterior Unit Information

The exterior unit(s) were inspected visually and tested by ensuring they respond to normal operating controls (at the thermostat), and that conditioned air was produced. No indications of deficiencies were observed at the time of inspection, unless otherwise noted in this report.

Exterior Unit(s) - Split System: R22 Refrigerant Present

This system utilizes R22 refrigerant. R22 was phased out by the EPA and has not been produced since 2020, being replaced by R410-A. R22 that is available is much higher in cost than its new R410-A counterpart. Higher repair costs should be anticipated for the unit(s) when needed.

Exterior Unit(s) - Split System: Dataplate Illegible or Missing

LMT - The dataplate was missing from the unit or was illegible, and the age, breaker size, and/or other info could not be determined.

Interior Unit(s) - Split System: Interior Units Manufacture Year

Undetermined

The typical life expectancy of electric units is approximately 13-15 years, and 15-17 years for gas units.

Interior Unit(s) - Split System: Interior Unit(s) Information

The interior unit(s) were inspected visually and tested by ensuring they responded to normal operating controls (at the thermostat), and that conditioned air was produced. The unit(s) responded to normal operating controls and no indications of deficiencies were observed at the time of inspection, unless otherwise noted in this report.

Interior Unit(s) - Split System: Not Physically Inspected - Inaccessible Attic

LMT - I could not physically access the interior HVAC unit due to an inaccessible attic. The inspection of this unit is limited to its functionality at normal operating controls only.

Thermostat(s): Thermostat Information

The thermostat was operated to determine it activated the HVAC system. No indications of any deficiencies were observed at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Air Filter/Return Plenum: Filter Location(s)

Hallway Ceiling Examples below







My Property Inspector Page 62 of 72





Air Filter/Return Plenum: Filter/Plenum Information

The return air grille, air filter, and return air plenum were inspected at visible portions looking for any significant deficiencies, gaps in the plenum, dirty filter(s), or an accumulation of dust. Changing the filter every 30 days - 3 months depending on the style of filter used is recommended. This is one of the most important "maintenance" items you can perform, as a dirty filter puts additional strain on the air handler and may cause damage to the unit.

Air Return Information: Temperature Reading

A temperature reading of the return air was taken at the time of inspection to provide a baseline to compare output temperatures to, showing the system(s) responded to normal operating controls.

Air Supply Information: Air Supply Information

An infrared camera was used to show the system(s) responded to normal operating controls at the time of inspection. These images are not intended to show the exact temperature differential produced, the efficiency, or the performance of the system, which lies beyond the scope of a home inspection. HVAC thermometers (wet bulb) are required for accurate readings, and measurement points would be carried out at a different location by an HVAC contractor. Typical temperature differentials between return and supply air is 12 - 20 degrees in cooling mode and 15 - 25 degrees in heating mode. Several factors can affect these numbers, such as but not limited to: indoor ambient air temperature, exterior ambient air temperature, humidity, cleanliness of the air filter and evaporator, etc.

HVAC Supply Registers: HVAC Supply Information

Accessible and visible HVAC registers were inspected to determine conditioned air supply was produced (CFM air flow is not tested for). No indications of deficiencies were observed at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Visible Ductwork: Ductwork Information

The ductwork was inspected at visible portions looking for damage, loose connections, or other significant defects. No reportable deficiencies were observed unless otherwise noted in this report.

Cooling Source In Each Habitable Room: Cooling Source In Each Habitable Room?

No

There were supply registers in each room, but due to AC being inoperable, there was no supply of conditioned air.

Observation(s)

22.1.1 General Information



HVAC SERVICING DOCUMENTATION NOT PRESENT

Servicing and/or maintenance documentation was not present at the interior unit for the HVAC system(s). Manufacturers and HVAC contractors recommend annual servicing of HVAC systems. Failure to have the systems serviced on an annual basis can affect the life expectancy and efficiency of the units.

I recommend asking the seller(s) for the service records. If the records can not be produced or servicing has not occurred in the last year, servicing of the HVAC system is recommended to be conducted by an HVAC contractor prior to the end of your inspection contingency period.

My Property Inspector Page 63 of 72

22.2.1 Exterior Unit(s) - Split System



EXTERIOR UNIT - AGED

AGED - The unit was nearing, at, or past its typical service life. Major repairs or replacement of the unit should be anticipated in the future due to its age. Depending on prior maintenance and other factors, the unit could last anywhere from months to years. The remaining life is undeterminable.

22.2.2 Exterior Unit(s) - Split System

Repair / Replace

AC NOT FUNCTIONAL COOLING MODE

Most units did not respond to normal operating controls in cooling mode at the time of inspection. Several units were utilizing window AC's due to the exterior compressor not working.

22.3.1 Interior Unit(s) - Split System



INTERIOR UNIT - AGED

AGED - It is presumed that the interior furnaces were at or past its typical service life. Major repairs or replacement should be anticipated in the future due to the suspected age of the unit(s). Depending on prior maintenance and other factors, the unit(s) could last anywhere from months to years, and the remaining life is undeterminable.

22.5.1 Condensate Drain Pipe



CONDENSATE PIPE - DRIP LEAK

Two units had leaks through the return air grate from the attic. This appeared likely due to a leaky condensate line in the attic. Most AC units did not operate, so there was no evidence of faulty condensate lines in other units.

22.7.1 Air Filter/Return Plenum



RETURN PLENUM/DUCT - VISIBLE DUST PRESENT

Dust was present at visible portions of the return plenum and/or ductwork. Individual perception and sensitivity varies greatly to an acceptable amount of dust in these areas, and this dust may be more of an issue to people with allergies or asthmatic conditions.

Note: Ceiling return grates were not removed to inspect the filter element. However, dirty grates are an indication that filters are not being replaced on a regular basis.

My Property Inspector Page 64 of 72

23: ----- ELECTRICAL -----

		IN	NI	NP	0
23.1	General	Χ			

My Property Inspector Page 65 of 72

24: ELECTRICAL

		IN	NI	NP	0
24.1	General Info	Χ			
24.2	Service Entrance	Χ			
24.3	Service Disconnect	Χ			
24.4	Service Amperage	Χ			
24.5	Service Equipment/Electrical Panel	Χ			Χ
24.6	Service Grounding/Bonding	Χ			Χ
24.7	Branch Wiring		Χ		
24.8	Breakers	Χ			Χ
24.9	GFCI Protection	Χ			Χ
24.10	Smoke Alarms/Detectors	Χ			Χ
24.11	Switches, Lights	Χ			
24.12	Electrical System Other	Χ			

Information

Service Amperage: Service Entrance Conductors Type

2awg Aluminum

Service Amperage: Service

Amperage

100amps 120/240VAC

Service Grounding/Bonding: Grounding Electrode Type

Ground Rod

Service Grounding/Bonding: Gas Breakers: AFCI Breakers Present Pipe Bonding Present No

Service Equipment/Electrical Panel: Electrical Panel

ManufacturerFederal Pacific

Service Grounding/Bonding: Water Pipe Bonding Present Not at Visible Portions

Breakers: Breakers in Off Position

Smoke Alarms/Detectors: Smoke

Service Grounding/Bonding: GEC

Alarm Presence

Gas Not Present

Present

Present

Yes

General Info: Low Voltage Systems/Wiring Not Inspected

EXCL - Any low voltage systems in the home were not inspected and are excluded from this inspection. Including but not limited to: phone/telecom systems, cable coaxial systems, ethernet wiring, alarm systems, low voltage lighting and applicable wiring, etc.

General Info: 100 Amp Service

This home had 100amp service. This was common on some homes of this age, but may be insufficient for a home of this size in today's age with all of the electrical components used today. Evaluation of the service amperage's adequacy is recommended by a licensed electrician.

Service Entrance: Service Entrance Type

Underground Service Lateral

My Property Inspector Page 66 of 72







Building 2 Building 3

Building 1









Building 5



Building 7

Service Disconnect: Service Disconnect Information

Page 67 of 72 My Property Inspector

The service disconnect or main OCPD (over current protection device) was inspected looking for any deficiencies and reporting on its location. This disconnect can be a breaker, fuse block, or kill switch. This is the means of shutting off all electricity entering the home.

Service Disconnect: Service Disconnect Independent of Interior Panel

The service disconnect was independent of the interior panel, and the panel containing the service disconnect is considered the service equipment. This renders the panel in the home to a distribution panel. The distribution panel will be inspected to determine that the proper rules for distribution panels were followed.

Service Amperage: Service Amperage

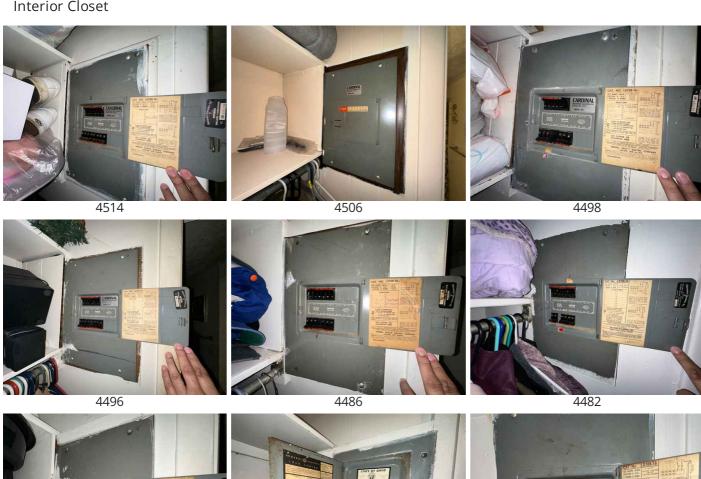
The service amperage is determined by inspecting the service entrance conductors size as well as the service disconnects size. Voltages are not tested for and therefore not confirmed, so 120/240VAC is presumed. If a concern, a licensed electrician could test for proper voltages to see if 120/208VAC is present. In some situations the sizing of the service entrance conductors will not be legible or marked and the stated amperage will be followed by "presumed" as it could not be verified.

Service Amperage: Dead Front Cover Not Removed On Most Panels

EXCL - The panel cover was not removed and the amperage could not be confirmed in each unit. The amperage of the electrical service in every unit is excluded from this inspection.

Service Equipment/Electrical Panel: Electrical Panel / Service Equipment Location

Interior Closet



4480 4477 4476

Page 68 of 72 My Property Inspector







4473 4467 4457

Service Equipment/Electrical Panel: Electrical Panel / Service Equipment Information

The main electrical panel (called service equipment when it contains the service disconnect) was inspected looking for any wiring deficiencies or damage that may be present in the panel. No indications of reportable conditions were present at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Service Equipment/Electrical Panel: Cover Not Removed - Due to Call for Upgrade

EXCL - The service panel cover was not removed due to the panel being aged, and the service panel recommended to be upgraded.

Branch Wiring: Branch Wiring Information

The branch wiring was inspected at visible portions looking for any significant deficiencies or defects that could be a fire and/or safety hazard; including but not limited to: connections made outside of a junction box, wiring terminations, open junction boxes, damage, the wiring material, improper support, etc. The majority of branch feeders are not visible due to being behind wall and ceiling coverings, insulation, etc. No significant deficiencies were visibly present at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

Breakers: Breakers Information

The breakers were inspected looking for any visible signs of damage due to arcing, heat, etc. Corresponding conductors were inspected looking for multiple lugging, sizing, damage, etc. No deficiencies were present at the time of inspection unless otherwise noted in this report.

GFCI Protection: GFCI Information

Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) is a protection feature that allows a circuit or receptacle to "trip" or "shut off" if as little as a 5 milliamp differential is detected between the "hot" and "neutral" conductors. This protection is recommended for receptacles within 6 feet of the edge of a sink or where something plugged into a receptacle could come into contact with water, including bathrooms, kitchens, on the exterior, in garages, laundry rooms, and basements and crawl spaces. Although GFCI protection may not have been required in some or all of these areas when the home was built, their installation is highly recommended and is typically inexpensive.

GFCI protection is only tested for if the circuit is protected by a visible receptacle containing a "Test" and "Reset" button, or a GFCI breaker in the electrical panel, as the UL (underwriters laboratory) only recognizes testing this protection by depressing the "Test" button on the receptacle or breaker and not by the use of a polarity tester.

As well, testing with a polarity tester can trip a hidden GFCI leaving the circuit inoperable. Please see above for area(s) that were not able to be tested or confirmed for GFCI protection, and these area(s) are recommended to be tested for GFCI protection when personal belongings have been removed from the home.

More information on GFCI protection and the year's certain areas were required to be protected can be viewed here: https://prohitn.com/gfci-protection/

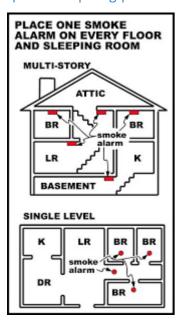
			120 v	olt GFC	I Protected	DWELLIN Receptaci		- REQ	UIREI	LOCATIO	ONS			
E C ON	S W I M M I N G	P O O L S	S P A S S & H T O U T B S	E X T E R I O R	B T A U T B H S R & O S O S H M O S W E R S	G A A C R C A E G S E S O & R	H M Y A D S R S O A G T E U B S	B O A T H O U S E S	K I T C H E N S	U B N A F S I E N M I E S N H T E S D	C R A W L S P A C E S	S A I L N L K S (formerly) W B E A T R S	L A U N D R Y	U T I L I T Y
1	X ₁			X3a										
5	X			X	x									
'8	Х,			X ₃₀	x	X _{5a}								
1	X,		X _{2a}	X ₃₀	x	X _{5a}								
4	X ₁	,	X _{2s}	X _{3b}	x	X _{5a}								
7	X _{1b}		X _{2a,b}	X _{3b}	x	X _{5a}	X _{6a}	x	X _{5a}	X _{5a}				
o	X _{1b}		X _{2a,b}	X _{3b}	x	Xsa	X _{6a}	х	Xaa	X _{so}	X10			
3*	X _{1b}		X _{2a,b}	X ₈₀	x	X _{5a}	Xea	х	X _{8a}	X ₅₀	X10	X11a		
5°	Xse		X _{2a,b}	X _M	x	X _{5a,b}	X _{6b,c}	х	X _{8b}	X _{99,c}	X10	X11a		
9°	X ₅		X _{2a,b}	X _{3c}	x	X _{Sh,c}	X _{6b,c}	x	X _{8b}	X _{5b,c}	X10	X _{11e}		
2*	X,		X _{2a,b}	X _{3c}	x	X _{Sb,c}	X _{6b,c}	x	X _{lib}	X _{Sh,c}	X10	X _{11a}		
5*	X,		X _{2a,b}	X _{3c}	x	X _{Sb,c}	X _{6b,c}	х	X _{tb}	X _{Sc,d}	X10	X _{11a}	X12	
a,b	X ₁ ,	,	X _{2a,c}	Xk	x	×	X _{60,d}	х	Xac	Xse	X10	X112	X12	
a,b	X,	,	X _{2a,c}	Xk	x	×	X _{60,d}	x	Xac	Xse	X10	X _{11a}	X12	
a,b,c	Χ,		X _{2a.c}	X _b	X,	×	Xma	x	Xnu	X _{to}	X ₁₀	X _{11h}	X,,	

My Property Inspector Page 69 of 72

Smoke Alarms/Detectors: Smoke Alarms Information

Smoke alarms are recommended to be installed in each sleeping room, (1) outside of each sleeping room(s), and one per level including habitable attics and basements. I recommend replacing the batteries and testing the smoke alarms before spending your first night in the home. Several other recommendations relating to smoke alarms and fire safety are recommended by the NFPA, and can be found here:

http://www.nfpa.org/public-education/by-topic/smoke-alarms/installing-and-maintaining-smoke-alarms



Smoke Alarms/Detectors: Smoke Alarms Testing Information

LMT - Smoke alarms are not tested by pressing the "Test" button. This, unfortunately, only tests the functionality of the audible alarm and not the ability of the unit to detect smoke and/or a fire. A true test of the alarm(s) would require the use of a smoke can and is beyond the scope of a Home Inspection. I highly recommend either testing these detectors with a smoke can or replacing all of the alarms as soon as you move in and then testing them monthly thereafter, replacing the batteries every six-twelve months, and replacing the alarms again every five to ten years (manufacturer specific).

Dual sensor alarms incorporating both an ionization sensing chamber and photoelectric eyes are recommended for optimal safety.

http://www.amazon.com/Kidde-Pi9010-Battery-Photoelectric-Ionization/dp/B00PC5THCU

Switches, Lights: Switches, Lights Information

A representative number of switches and lights were tested throughout the home and were found to be in good working order. No deficiencies were observed unless otherwise noted in this report.

Observation(s)

My Property Inspector Page 70 of 72

24.5.1 Service Equipment/Electrical Panel



PANEL - FEDERAL PACIFIC ELECTRIC PANEL INFORMATION

LMT - A Federal Pacific electrical panel was present at the home. Federal Pacific circuit breakers have been associated with problems that can lead to failure, lack of proper protection of circuits, fire, and other serious issues. Replacement of the panel is recommended to be performed by a licensed electrician. If an electrician determines this panel as "safe," I recommend getting that in writing, with the electrician's signature and license number. The panel cover was not removed due to being a Federal Pacific electrical panel, and any components located behind the cover are excluded from this inspection.

Note: I did open one panel Unit (4496) and inspected the wiring. This panel was wired correctly (as a subpanel) with the neutrals and grounds unbonded. Conductors looked to be in good condition.

http://www.ismypanelsafe.com/fpe.aspx

http://inspectapedia.com/fpe/FPE_Stab_Lok_Hazards.php

http://www.bpgwi.com/documents/eafpepanels.pdf









24.6.1 Service Grounding/Bonding



WATER PIPE BONDING - MISSING/NOT VISIBLE

The water pipes were not bonded at visible portions. An evaluation and proper bonding of the water pipes as needed is recommended to be conducted by a licensed electrician.

My Property Inspector Page 71 of 72

24.8.1 Breakers



BREAKERS - STAB LOK BRAND (DEFECTIVE)

The property is equipped with a Federal Pacific Electric (FPE) Stab-lok brand electrical panel and breakers. Stab-lok load centers and their components are considered problematic by industry professionals due to their high failure rate as documented by the Consumer Products Safety Commission. Failure of any component within the electrical system may result in fire and/or electrocution. Evaluation of the panel by a qualified electrician is advised to determine its safety, integrity and performance. Replacement is the general recommendation.







Exterior Main Shut Off Breaker

24.9.1 GFCI Protection

GFCI - NOT PRESENT (REPAIR)



SFTY - GFCI protection was not present in most units. GFCI was required (check local jurisdiction adoption) at the time this home was constructed (Adopted in 1971, Property built in 1973).

24.10.1 Smoke Alarms/Detectors



AGED ALARMS

SFTY - There were smoke alarm(s) present that appeared to be past their useful service life. Smoke detectors are recommended to be replaced at least every ten years (manufacturer-specific) for fire safety.

My Property Inspector Page 72 of 72