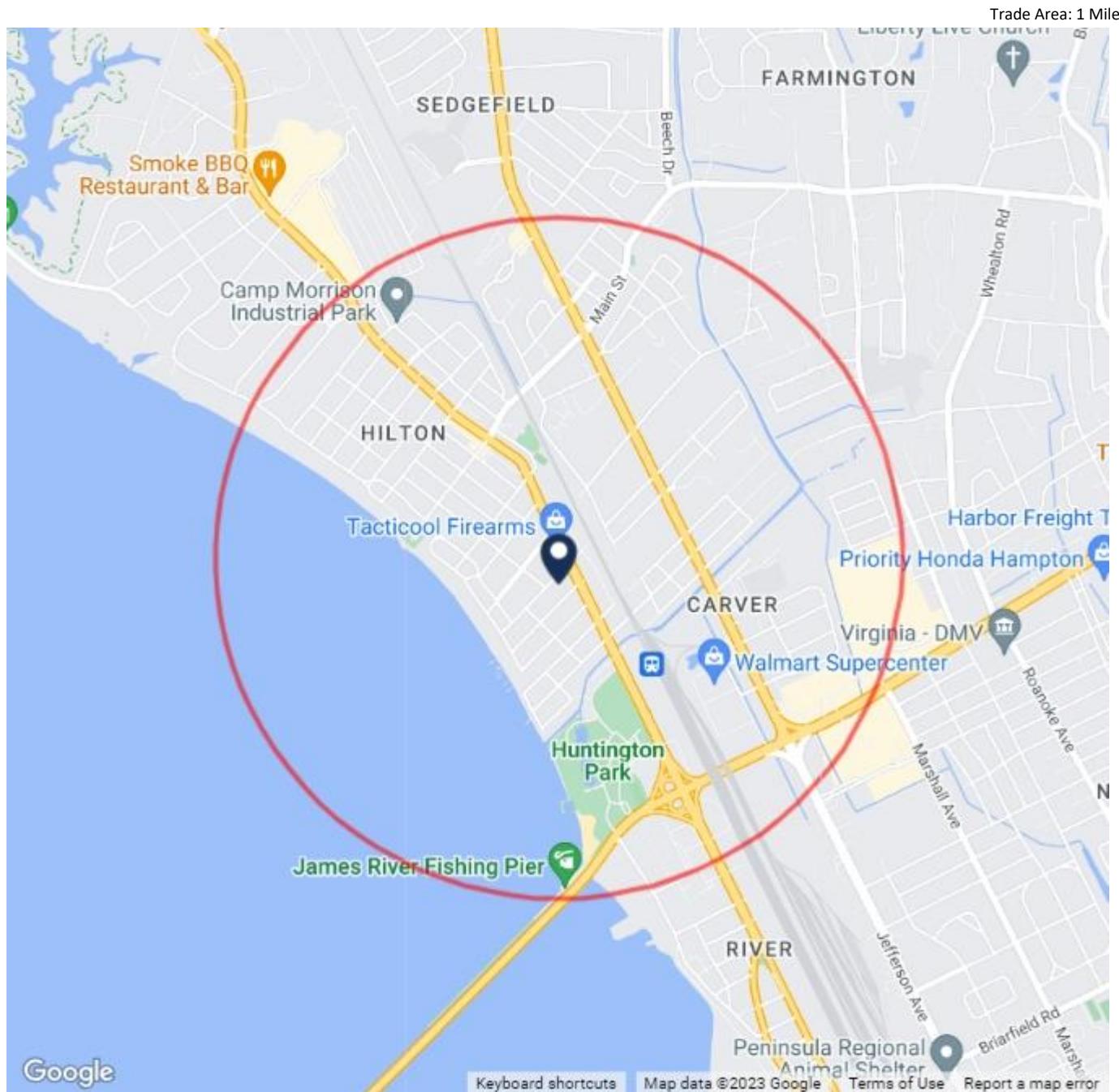
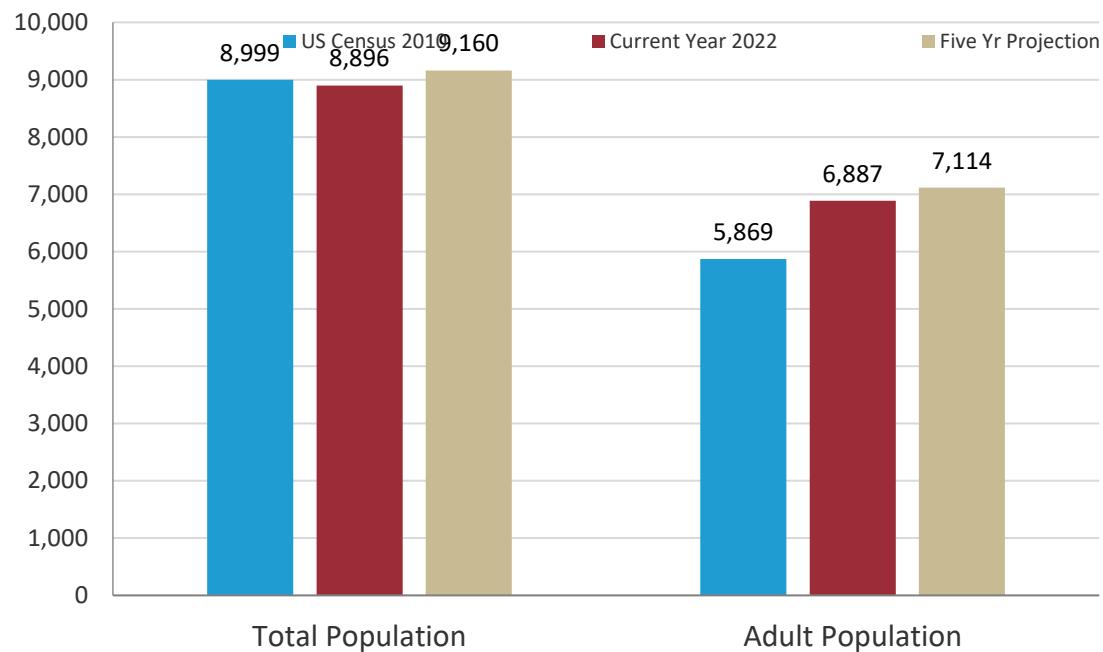


Demographics for 9905 Warwick Blvd, Newport News, Virginia 23601, United States

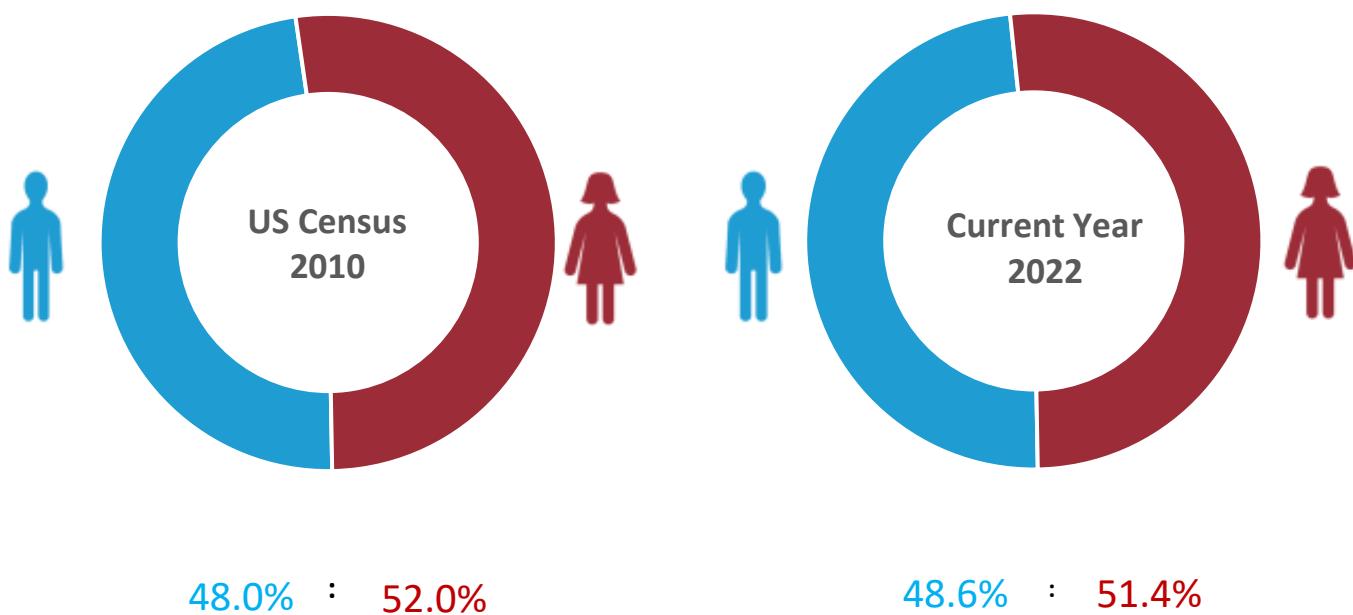


Population Charts

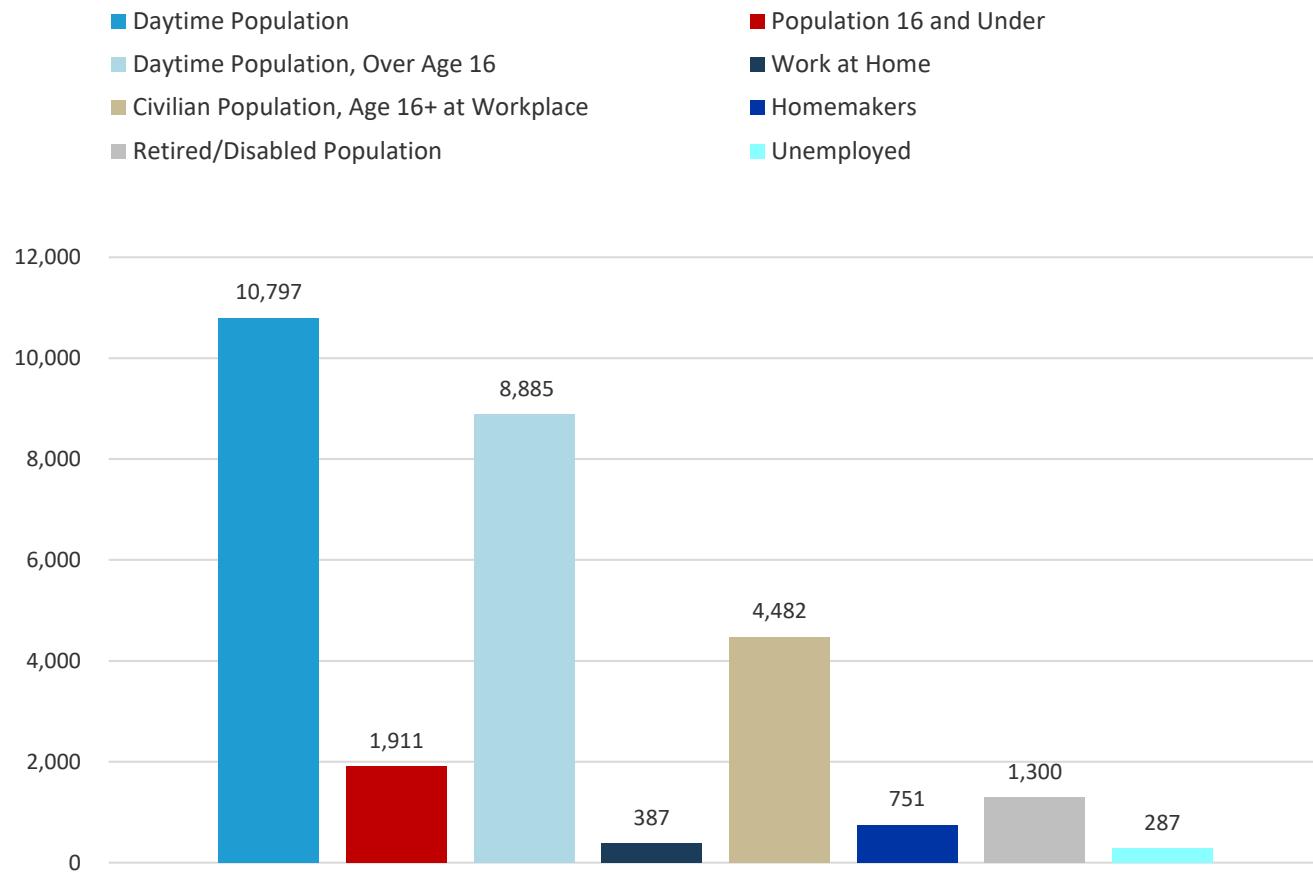
Population



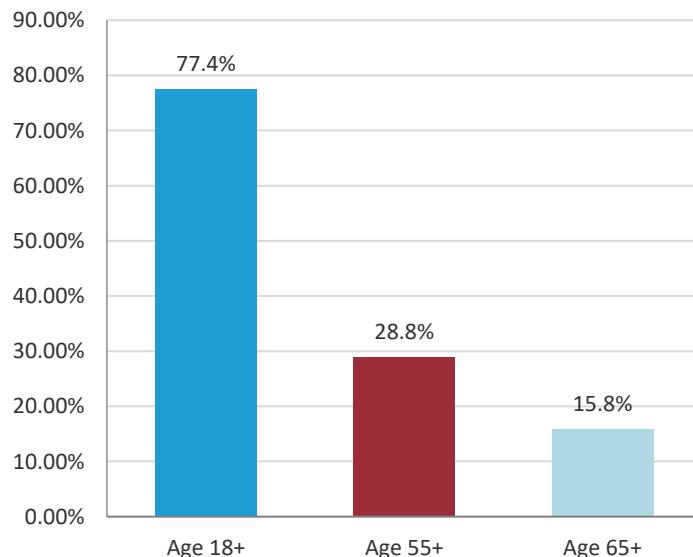
Female/Male Ratio



Daytime Population



Age



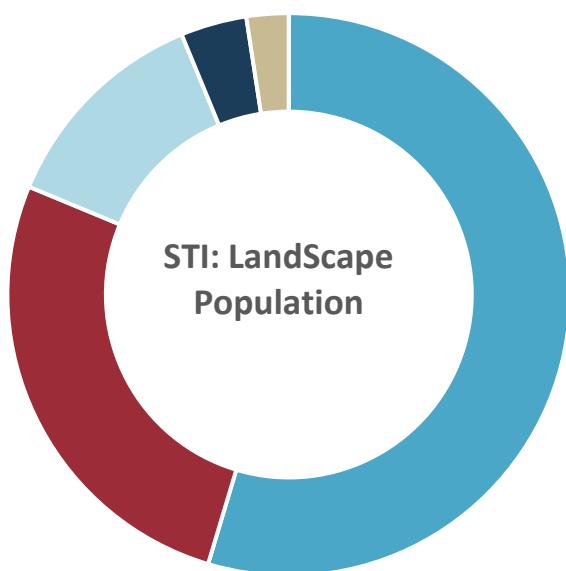
Median Age, Total

37.7

Age Demographics

77.42%	Age 18+
28.85%	Age 55+
15.81%	Age 65+

Population STI: LandScape (Current Year)



Top Six Segments:

- 51.5% Standing Tall (M2)
- 25.1% Urban Squires (A5)
- 11.8% Solo Acts (F3)
- 3.6% SM Seeks SF (F2)
- 2.3% Hard Act to Follow (F1)
- 0.0% Collegians (O7)

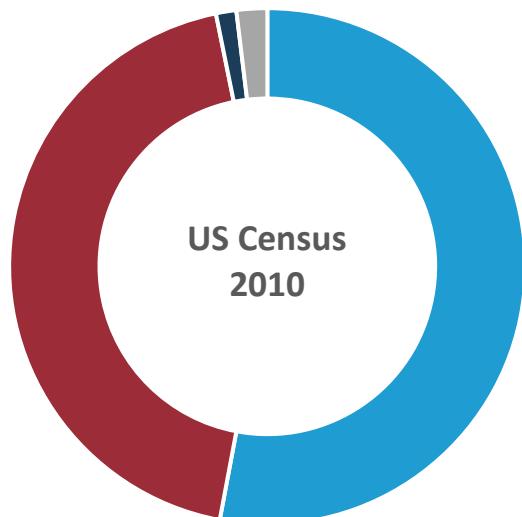
Other top segments:

- 1.9% Gainfully Employed (C4)
- 1.2% Regents (A6)
- 1.1% Managing Business (C2)
- 0.9% Wizards (E2)
- 0.7% Doublewides (O4)
- 0.0% Legacy Years (O6)

Segment Characteristics	Median HH Income	Median Age	Neighborhood Type	Marital Status	Race/Ethnicity	Children at Home	Education	Employment
Standing Tall (M2)	\$51K	38.7	Urban	Single	Black	Families	High School Grad	White/Blue Collar
Urban Squires (A5)	\$102K	42.6	Urban	0	White	Some Children	Bachelor's Plus	White Collar
Solo Acts (F3)	\$49K	40.7	Urban	Single/Couple	White	Families	High School Grad	White Collar
SM Seeks SF (F2)	\$49K	35.9	Urban	Single/Couple	White	Few/No Children	High School Grad	White Collar
Hard Act to Follow (F1)	\$55K	40.9	Urban	Single/Couple	White	Few/No Children	High School Grad	White Collar
Collegians (O7)	\$41K	22.4	Urban	Single	Diverse	None	Bachelor's Plus	Blue/White Collar
Gainfully Employed (C4)	\$50K	40.8	Urban	Married	White	Few/No Children	College/Trade s	White Collar
Regents (A6)	\$92K	48.6	Urban	Married	White	Some Children	Bachelor's Plus	White Collar
Managing Business (C2)	\$67K	41.7	Urban	Married	White	Few/No Children	High School Grad	White Collar
Wizards (E2)	\$80K	41.5	Urban	Single	White	Few/No Children	Bachelor's Plus	White Collar
Doublewides (O4)	\$39K	39.2	Urban	Married	White, Hispanic	Some Children	High School	White/Blue Collar
Legacy Years (O6)	\$43K	58.2	Urban	Married/Single	White	None	High School	Blue/White Collar

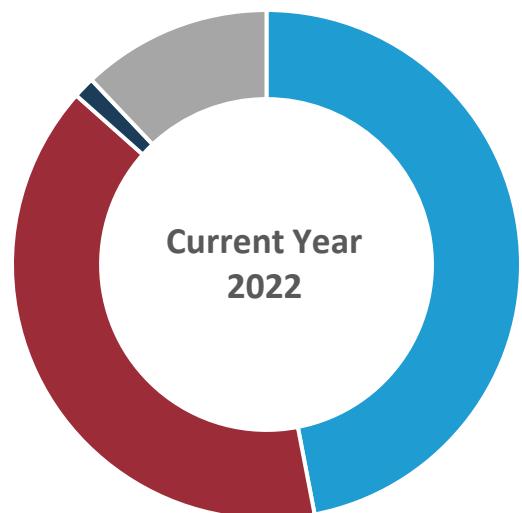
Please refer to the end of this report for full descriptions.

Ethnicity (Not Hispanic/Latino)



2010 US Census (Not Hispanic/Latino)

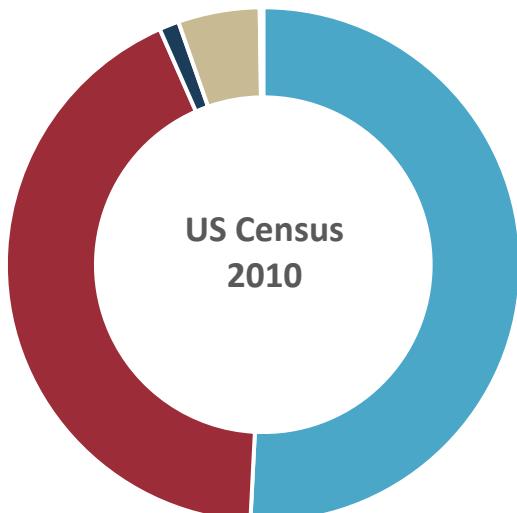
- 50.70% White
- 41.98% Black
- 1.22% Asian
- 1.84% Other



Current Year (Not Hispanic/Latino)

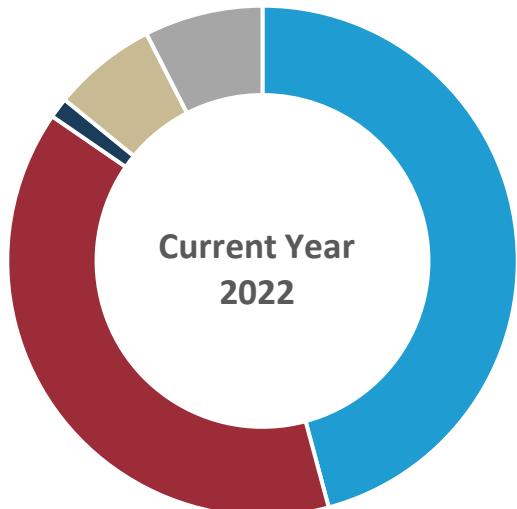
- 46.97% White
- 39.60% Black
- 1.36% Asian
- 12.07% Other

Ethnicity (Hispanic/Latino)



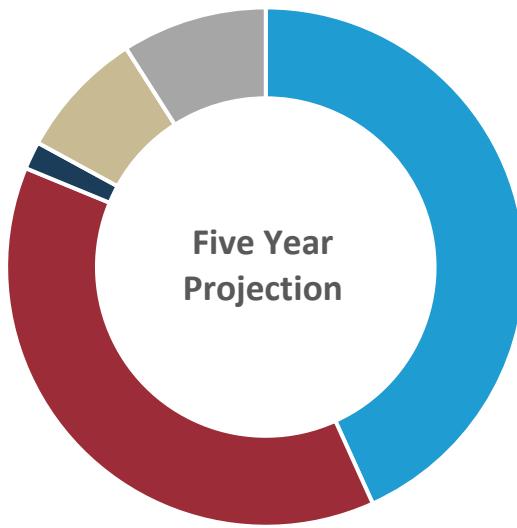
2010 US Census (Hispanic/Latino)

- 49.12% White
- 41.19% Black
- 1.20% Asian
- 4.96% Hispanic
- 0.22% Other



Current Year (Hispanic/Latino)

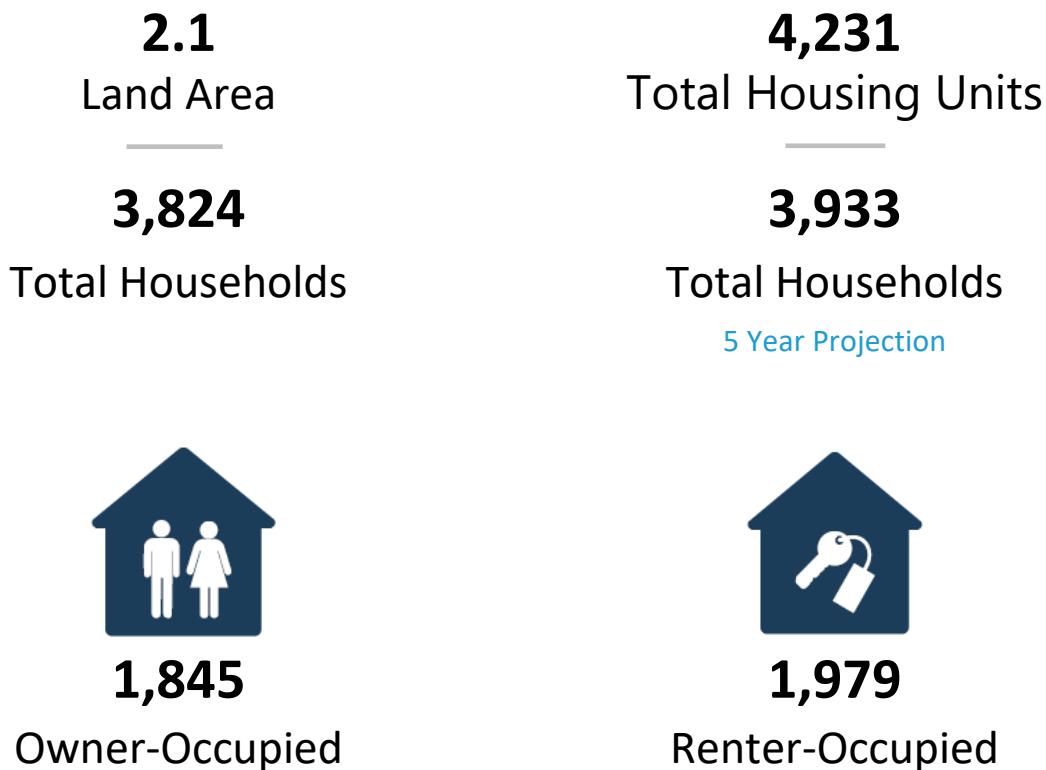
- 45.82% White
- 38.77% Black
- 1.30% Asian
- 6.60% Hispanic
- 7.51% Other



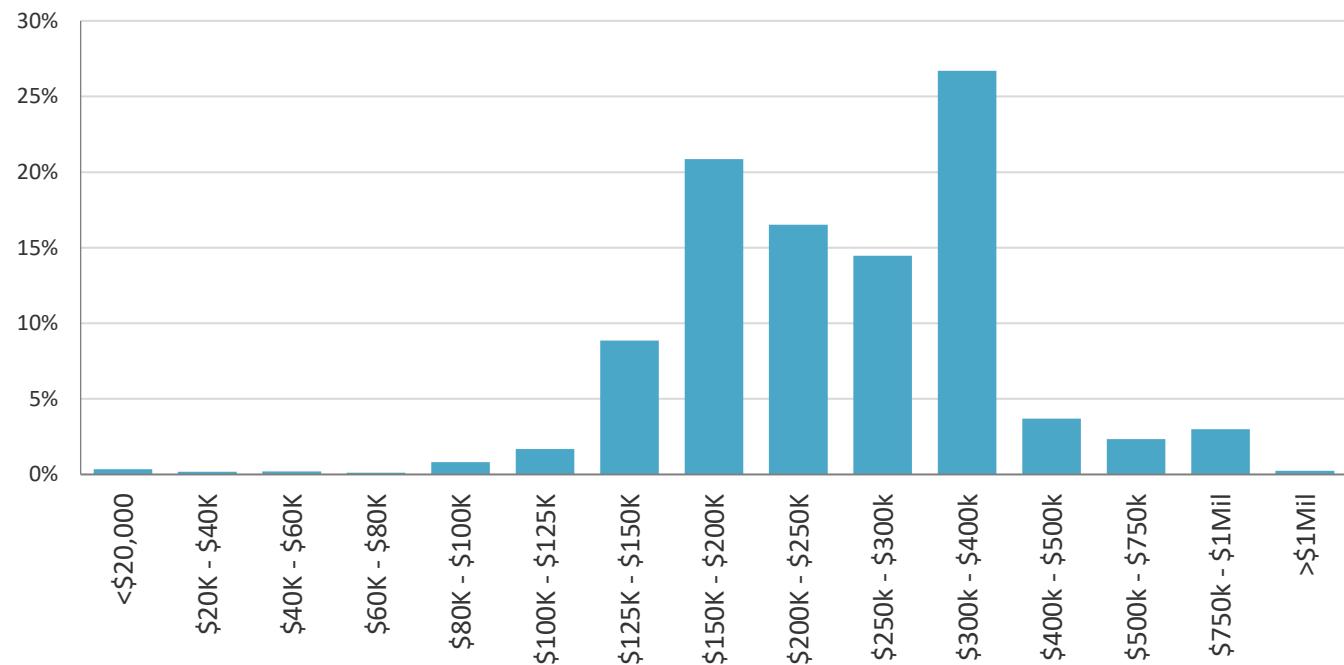
Five Year Projection (Hispanic/Latino)

- 43.24% White
- 37.98% Black
- 1.73% Asian
- 8.01% Hispanic
- 9.04% Other

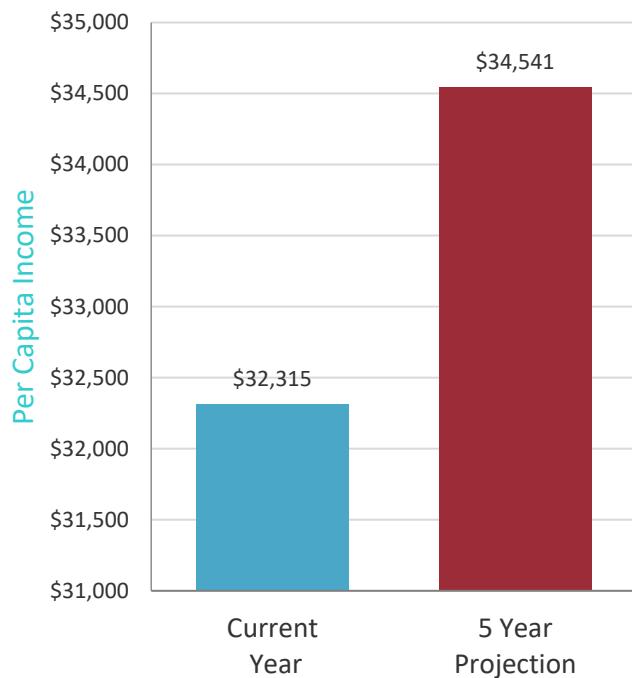
Housing & Households



Housing Value (Current Year)



Income



Average Household Income

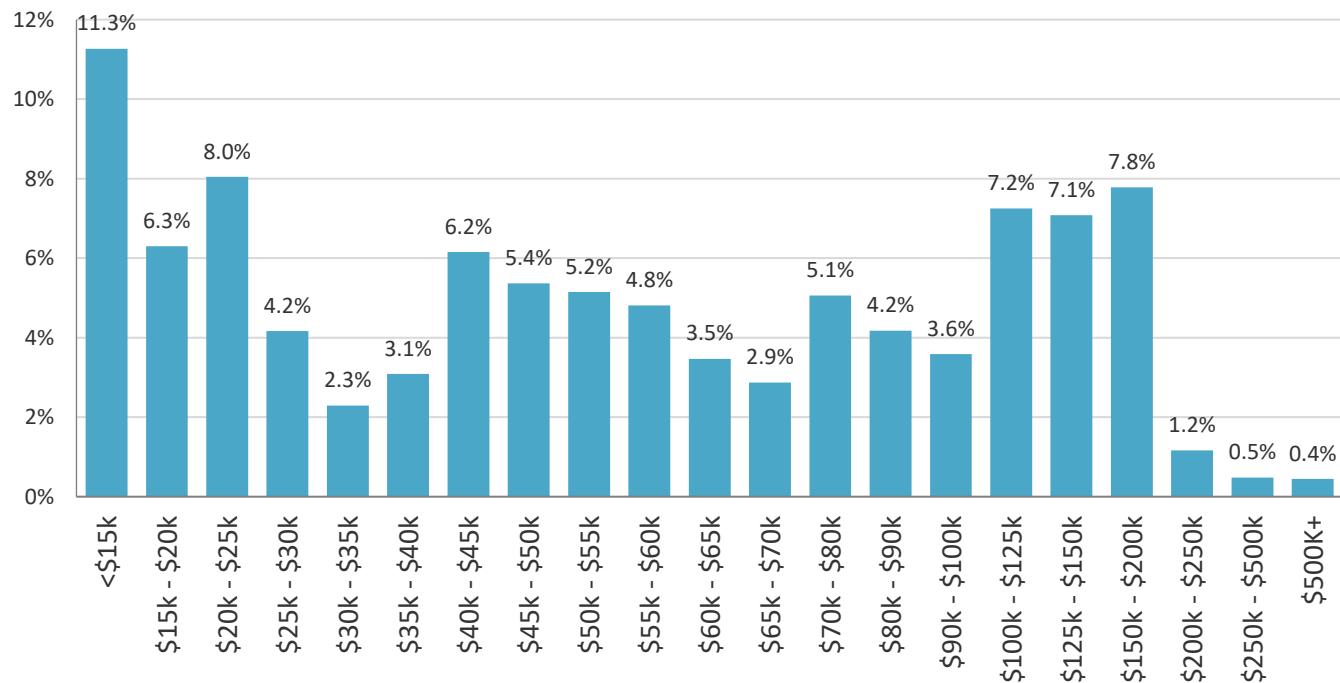
\$75,168

Median Household Income

\$56,364

Based on Total Population

Households by Income (Current Year)



Education (Current Year)

Education



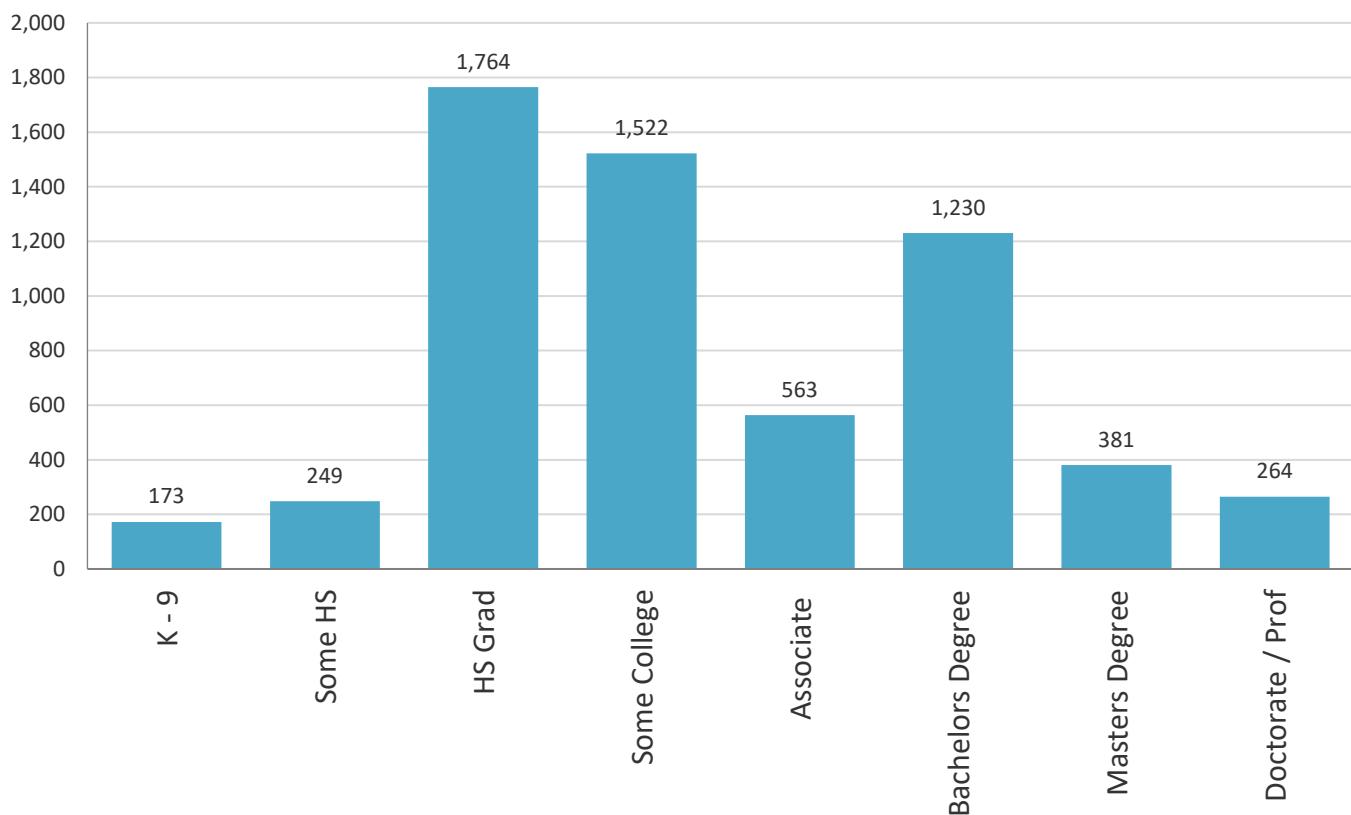
3,433

College undergraduate

715

Graduate or prof degree

Educational Attainment at Age 25+ (Current Year)



Employment and Occupation

Employment and Occupation

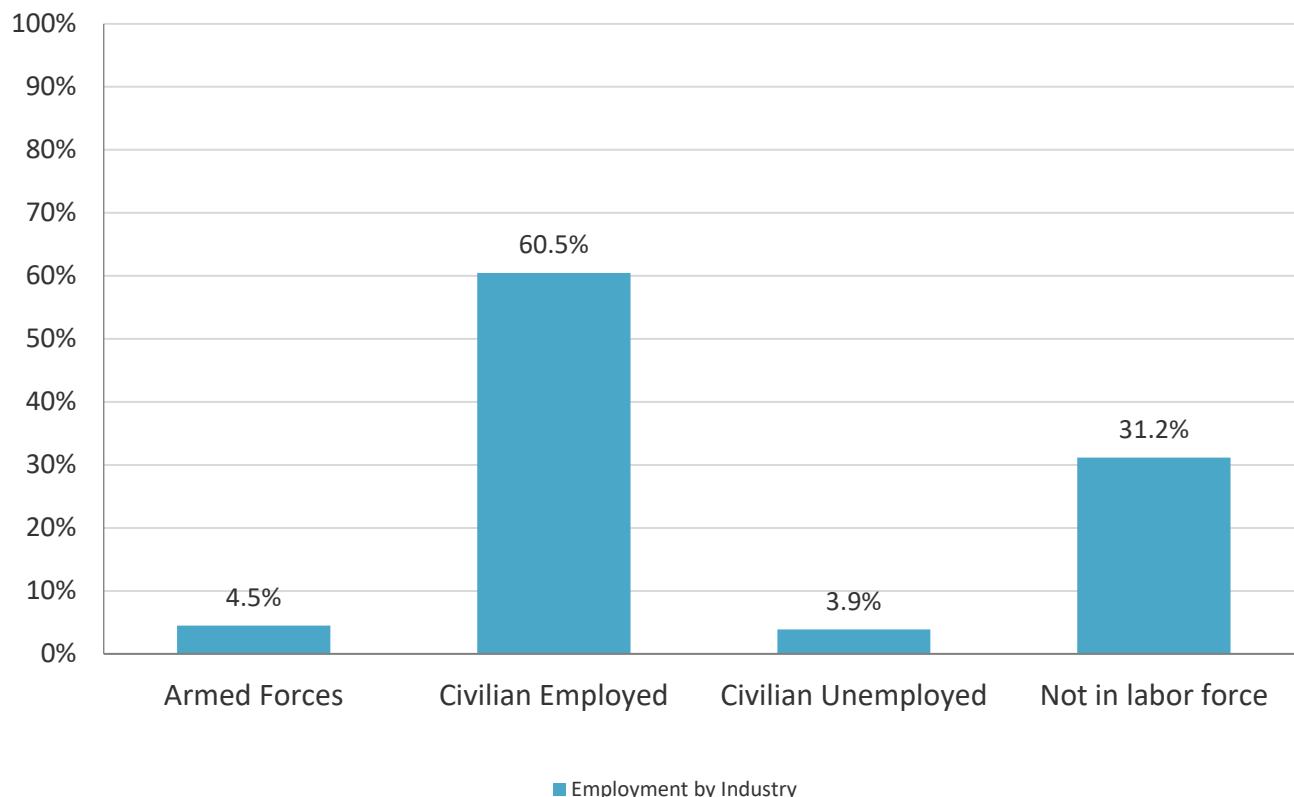
TOTAL CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION AGED 16+



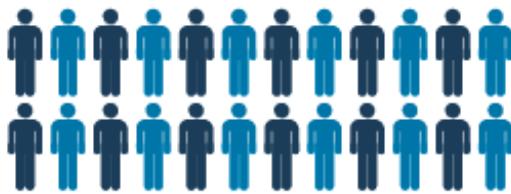
7,078

Current Year

Employment by Industry



Transportation to Work (Current Year)



4,365

Total Workers 16+



3,784

Car, Truck or Van



183

Public transport (not taxi)



211

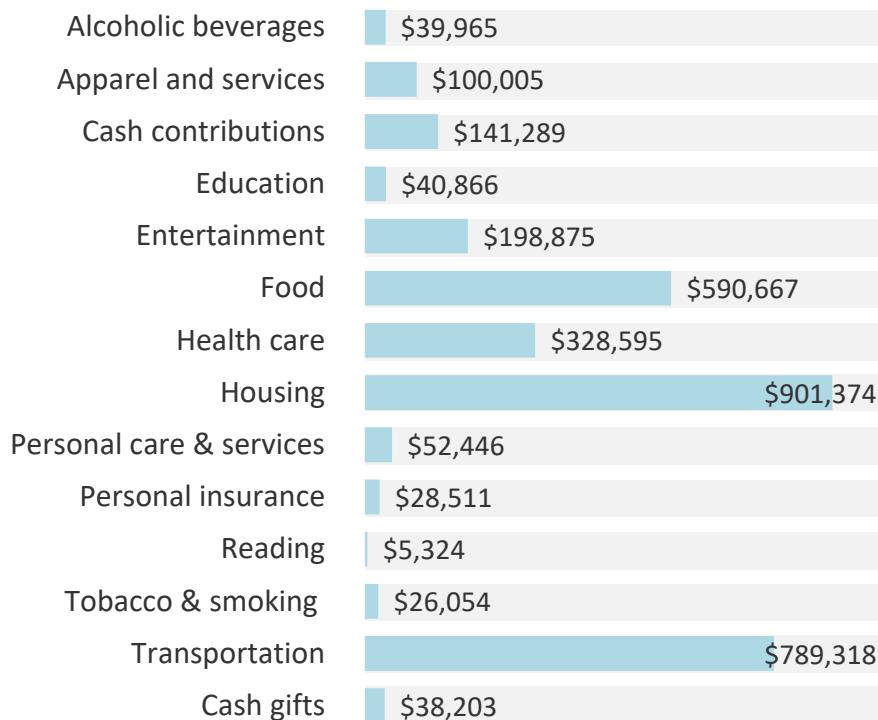
Worked at home

Travel Time to Work (Current Year)



Consumer Expenditures (Current Year)

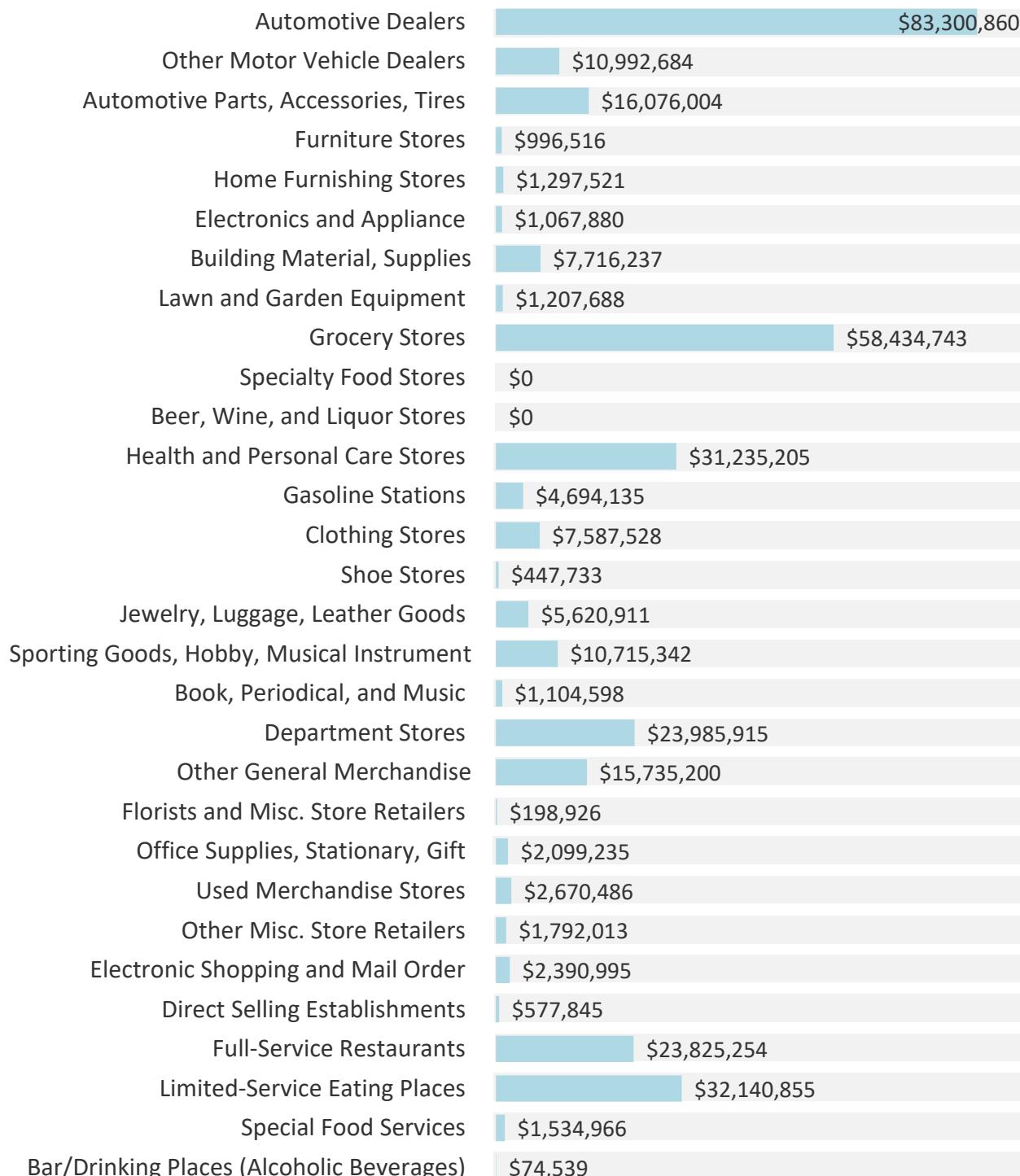
Consumer Expenditures



Business Summary by NAICS Code

0	Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	14	Real Estate, Rental and Leasing
	Mining, Quarrying, Oil and Gas Extraction	13	Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services
	Utilities	1	Management of Companies and Enterprises
8	Construction	5	Administrative and Support Services
4	Manufacturing	8	Educational Services
3	Wholesale Trade	43	Health Care and Social Assistance
49	Retail Trade	7	Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation
2	Transportation and Warehousing	22	Accommodation and Food Services
0	Information	34	Other Services
12	Finance and Insurance	3	Public Administration

Retail Sales Volume



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2021 Demographics provided by STI: PopStats, STI: WorkPlace, STI: Market Outlook, STI: LandScape, and American Community Survey

LandScape Segment Descriptions

Standing Tall (M2)

Within occupations such as healthcare, protective services, and office administration, you'll find levels of status and income. Residents of Standing Tall market segments are at the higher ends of both scales, estimated chiefly on the neighborhoods' median income range, which is high- \$30,000s to the \$40,000s. They also have the second lowest ranking on public- assistance income in their market segmentation category: about 50- percent- the- national- average. Overall, these demographic facts put the Standing Tall residents in a very comfortable consumer category. Residents inhabiting these areas are overwhelmingly in their 30s, have high- school degrees, are single- parent households, and have an average number of children under their roofs. Specifically, Standing Tall segments have about a 50- percent- higher- than- average percent of single- parent homes, but well- over- two- times- the- national- average are with female- heads- of- households. These areas also have an over- 25- percent- higher- than- average number of divorcees and widows/widowers.

Urban Squires (A5)

Urban Squires have the greatest number of national- average measurements than other segments within the Creme de la Creme category. But, however ordinary these Urban Squire residents may appear, they are definitely living very comfortably compared to the nation as a whole, with a median income range in the \$70,000s and \$80,000s. The residents of these highly urban areas tend to be in their 30s, but weigh in at an average level in all other age categories. Other national- average measurements include married- with- children, income from wages, and social security income. Urban Squires' standout characteristics included a twice- the- national- average level of college- educated residents, a slightly higher level of residents employed in white- collar management and professional jobs, and a higher level of income from interest/dividends.

Solo Acts (F3)

Solo Acts are urban neighborhoods with relatively young single populations, but with an over- 50- percent- higher- than- average number of divorced residents. These 20- and 30- year- olds also have more children than other Going it Alone segments. Some of these residents are single due to the death of a spouse and because they've never been married. Whatever the reason, the households tend to be single females or males with some kids to take care of. With only a little college education and incomes in the \$30,000s and \$40,000s, it's not difficult to imagine this group struggling to make ends meet. They may, in fact, rely on family members and friends for a Friday night supper or weekend splurge at a theme park to ease their struggle - all the while keeping their calendars clear for any dating opportunities (to turn their single status into more comfortable couplehood). Incomes for this population are generated from a variety of white- collar jobs in food preparation, maintenance, healthcare, office administration, and personal care. They register a slight up- tick on the public assistance income measurement, which helps supplement their single- income households.

SM Seeks SF (F2)

SM Seeks SF neighborhoods are characterized largely by their 50- percent- higher- than- average level of singles who have never been married. Not only that, but they rank at more than two- times- the- average in non- family households. Some of the households in these highly urban areas have children, but only a few. Owing to their never- married status and relatively young age (20s and 30s), it's logical to assume that this group is in the market to change their single status into married- coupledom. As a result, they may seek out free- time activities with groups of young adults, but they have not put their lives on hold until they find a mate. Instead, they're likely spending equal amounts of time and money socializing and creating comfortable lifestyles. The residents have an average level of college education and have incomes in the \$30,000s and \$40,000s. In these Going it Alone neighborhoods, income is generated almost exclusively from salaries in white- collar occupations such as food preparation, maintenance, personal care, and healthcare. In fact, they measure at a 50- percent- higher- than- average level of food preparation jobs. Overall, they only show a slightly above- average level of income from public assistance - no doubt to help those with children- but- no- partner help make their single- incomes stretch to cover the essentials of life.

Hard Act to Follow (F1)

Hard Act to Follow segments are highly urban areas with a predominantly single population in their 30s and without children. In fact, these Going it Alone areas weight in with a nearly 50- percent- above- average level of singles. The households are single for a variety of reasons, including slightly higher- than- average levels of divorce, widowhood, and non- marriage. This group has some college education and an average annual income level in the \$30,000s and \$40,000s. The source of income for these singles is predominately wages from white- collar jobs in occupations such as office administration, food service, sales, healthcare, and personal care. One might logically expect to find Hard Act to Follow residents willing to explore dating opportunities, but not sitting at home on weekends waiting for the phone to ring. Instead, they're likely enjoying a full life of leisurely mornings over coffee and the newspaper, and evenings at movies, the theater, and museums.

Collegians (O7)

According to the U.S. Dept. of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics, in October 2004, 66.7% of high- school graduates from the class of 2004 were enrolled in colleges or universities across the United States. This is obviously a huge annual boon to retailers who sell the staples of college life, including low- cost dorm- style furniture, pens and notebooks, and inexpensive home furnishings. Collegians areas are home to currently enrolled college students living in either dorms or off campus areas dedicated to college students. Market researchers will find a very homogenous group of young adults within these unique areas. Collegians are home to residents sharing a median- age- range in the 20s and low- 30s. They are predominately not married, and have no children. Naturally, they all have high- school degrees. For those students who are working to help pay the ever- increasing cost of higher education, they are employed a mix of white- and blue- collar occupations, such as protective services (over- two- times- average), personal care (nearly two- times- average), and management and sales(nearly 50- percent- above- average). Through these jobs they generate annual incomes at the low- \$30,000s- or- less range. Residents in these areas generate almost no public- assistance income.

Gainfully Employed

True to their Urban Cliff Dwellers category, Gainfully Employed neighborhoods are distinguished by a dominant age range in the 30s. But they are not entirely generationally homogenous, because they are also home to an above- average number of 65- plus- year- olds. This fact speaks to their slightly- less- than- average percent of children in their largely two- couple families. This fact also gives these areas a nearly- dead- on- average income from wages and salaries, as well as a somewhat higher- than- average income from retirement/social security. For those who are still working, their primary occupations are production, repair services, transportation, office administration, and healthcare support. The salary range for Gainfully Employed is \$30,000s to \$40,000s.

Regents (A6)

Regents are highly urban Creme de la Creme neighborhoods with the vast majority of their residents in their 40s, fewer- than- average children under 17 years old, and a higher- than- average number of 65- plus- year- olds. Though they have fewer children, the residents in these areas have a higher- than- national- average quota of married couples. Also higher- than- average are the number of college- educated residents, people employed in white- collar management and professional positions, and income from retirement investments/social security. The combination of income avenues, put these neighborhoods solidly in the \$70,000s to \$80,000s median annual income range - making their "middle- age" years extremely financially secure and materially comfortable.

Managing Business (C2)

Managing Business neighborhoods are largely 30- somethings, but also have an above- average number of residents over 65- years- old. This demographic measurement no doubt contributes to these areas slightly below- national- average percentage of families with children and slight up- tick in widows and widowers. As a result, it's easy to imagine that the younger residents may help the older ones with small home repairs, while the older residents may water plants when their younger neighbors go on vacations. Naturally this demographic impacts the areas' higher- than- average level of social- security income. This, combined with an on- average level of salaries from middle- class, white- collar jobs, and a slightly higher level of interest/dividend income, puts residents in Managing Business areas at a comfortable \$50,000 and \$60,000 income range. For those still in the workforce, the above- average occupation categories include: office administration, protective services, and repair services. As a group, these Urban Cliff Dwellers have some minimal level of college education.

Wizards (E2)

What could be better than being in your 30s, having a college degree and a professional career, having no children, and earning in the \$50,000s and \$60,000s? Apparently, the cherry on top of this scenario for residents of the highly urban Wizards neighborhoods is having all that plus being single. These segments, which are in the urban Thriving Alone category, are dominated by 30- something single people, who are alone mainly either because they've never been married or because they are divorced. These neighborhoods measure at higher- than- twice- the- national- average in non- family households. Indeed, you won't find many children or people in their retirement years among the Wizards. What you will find is a relatively youthful group that enjoys their relatively high incomes from salaries earned in white- collar management and professional careers. These residents also earn a slightly higher- than- average level of income from interests/dividends and self- employment income - indicating that there are many smart investors and entrepreneurs (and no doubt savvy spenders) among the inhabitants. After a hard- charging 9- to- 5 workweek, Wizards likely bust out on the weekends to spend their time reveling in child- free entertainment and to spend their money enjoying their independent lives.

Doublewides (O4)

In America there tends to be a particular stigma attached to living in mobile homes and mobile home parks, but in fact, many people chose this lifestyle as a preference for several reasons, including mobility and low- cost housing. In fact, the median income of residents of Doublewides neighborhoods is a very respectable high- \$30,000s and \$40,000s. Doublewides are areas where mobile homes dictate the lifestyles of the residents, who share a median age in the 30s. While residents in Doublewides do have a higher- than- average level of income from public- assistance, many others are hardworking Americans, with a higher- than- average representation in several manual- labor blue- collar occupations, including farming/fishing/forestry (nearly three- times- average), construction (75% above average), repair services (50% above- average), transportation (50% above- average), and production (nearly 50% above- average). These occupations are a reflection of the residents' low educational achievements: There is an over- 50% average number of people with less- than- high- school educations. However, 25% above- average have high- school degrees. Also owing to their residents' ages, these areas have slightly more younger children than older. They tend to have married- couple households, but also have a nearly 50% higher- than- average number of single- fathers.

Legacy Years (O6)

There are two images of that come to mind when you say "senior citizen" in the United States. One is of a very well off retired person living out their golden years in comfort. A second image is of an older person who is struggling to make ends meet and suffering the indignities of a combination of old- age and low- income. Legacy Years are areas representing households that are fully retired with residents on very tight budgets. The median age in these neighborhoods is the 50s and low- 60s, but they also have a nearly three- times- the- national- average number of people over 65- years- old. The median income of these households is the low- \$30,000s or less. While many residents are drawing on social security and retirement income, they also have a 75- percent- above- average ranking in public- assistance. This group of senior citizens also ranks above- average on several occupational categories, which is either a reflection of the employment of the younger members of the neighborhood or the need for some seniors to continue working. They show above- average levels of employment in both blue- and white- collar jobs in these areas: healthcare support, building maintenance, farming/fishing/forestry, protective services, and food preparation. An above- average percent have high- school degrees, but a higher percent have less- than- high- school educations. These areas have an average level of married- couples and few children, but above- average levels of single- households (over 50- percent- above- average), widows (well over two- times- average), and widowers (over two- and- a- half- times- average).